

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 18.657, 261.465)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 18.657, 261.465)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 18.457, 261.246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	637F9B
RGB	99, 127, 155
RGB Percent	39%, 50%, 61%
CMY	0.6124, 0.5026, 0.3928
CMYK	0.36, 0.18, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	210°, 22%, 50%
HSV	210°, 36%, 61%
XYZ	18.6014, 20.1443, 33.8476
YIQ	121.8200, -25.6760, 2.7720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

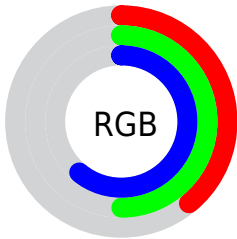
Format	Color
R _Y B	99, 118, 155
Decimal	6520731
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, -2.81, -18.24
CIE _{LCh}	52, 18.457, 261.246
Y _{xy}	20.1443, 0.2562, 0.2775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284710811 (0xFF637F9B)
YUV	121.8200, 16.3577, -20.0131
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -4.5656, -13.2952

Details

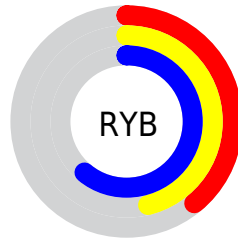
The CIELCh color `52, 18.457, 261.246` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `55, 20.390, 71.009`, and the grayscale version is `51, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `72, 18.634, 260.685`, and `32, 18.620, 261.689` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `49, 23.373, 263.587`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `55, 13.446, 259.272`.

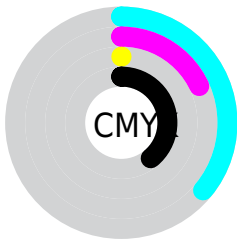
Distribution



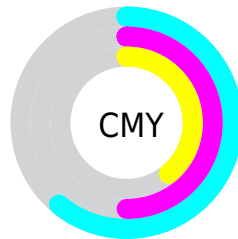
- Red (39%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 18.457, 261.246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 18.457, 261.246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 18.457,
261.246

■ 52, 18.457,
261.246

■ 100, 18.457,
261.246

■ 42, 18.457,
261.246

■ 72, 18.457,
261.246

■ 32, 18.457,
261.246

■ 82, 18.457,
261.246

■ 22, 18.457,
261.246

■ 92, 18.457,
261.246

■ 12, 18.457,
261.246

■ 2, 18.457, 261.246

■ 0, 18.457, 261.246

■ 52, 18.457,
261.246

■ 52, 18.457,
261.246

■ 49, 23.373,
263.587

■ 55, 13.446,
259.272

■ 46, 28.193,
266.354

■ 59, 8.355, 257.617

■ 62, 3.202, 256.265

■ 43, 32.931,
269.586

■ 65, 1.992, 74.818

■ 40, 37.627,
273.292

■ 69, 7.209, 73.902

■ 37, 42.346,
277.421

■ 72, 12.432, 73.037

■ 75, 17.647, 72.277

■ 34, 47.169,
281.808

■ 79, 22.843, 71.611

■ 33, 49.083,
283.394

■ 82, 28.010, 71.024

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 18.457, 261.246



55, 20.390, 71.009

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 18.457, 261.246



52, 18.457, 311.246



52, 18.457, 81.246



52, 18.457, 131.246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 18.456, 261.244



77, 7.065, 256.906



59, 26.744, 159.404



40, 4.782, 257.079



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 18.456, 261.244



64, 27.031, 263.008



44, 32.956, 294.118



31, 2.904, 256.640



30, 45.273, 282.965



2, 3.173, 256.321

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 27.542, 347.054



59, 40.462, 348.004



62, 30.242, 106.048



30, 4.185, 344.349



30, 54.422, 0.956



1, 4.448, 344.097

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 18.457, 261.246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 18.457, 261.246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

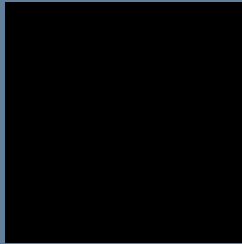
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

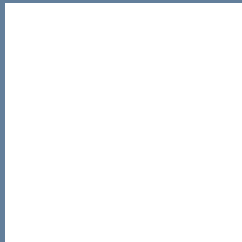
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 18.457, 261.246

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 18.457, 261.246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 18.457, 261.246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 18.457, 261.246

Protanopia

52, 17.493, 286.495

Deuteranopia

52, 20.359, 290.716



Tritanopia
52, 13.420, 226.986

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 18.457, 261.246

Protanomaly
52, 17.389, 275.877

Deuteranomaly
52, 19.437, 281.198

Tritanomaly
52, 14.597, 241.462

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 18.457, 261.246

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 6.861, 257.413

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 18.457, 261.246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 127, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 127, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 127, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 127, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 18.457, 261.246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 127, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 127, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 127, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 127, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 127, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 127,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 18.457, 261.246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 127, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 127,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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