

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 19.394, 143.154)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 19.394, 143.154)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 19.145, 143.175)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	688368
RGB	104, 131, 104
RGB Percent	41%, 51%, 41%
CMY	0.5925, 0.4866, 0.5925
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.21, 0.49
HSL	120°, 11%, 46%
HSV	120°, 21%, 51%
XYZ	16.2976, 20.1443, 16.1032
YIQ	119.8490, -7.4250, -14.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

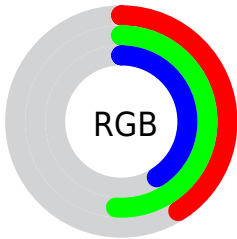
Format	Color
RYB	104, 131, 131
Decimal	6849384
CIELab	52.00, -15.32, 11.47
CIElCh	52, 19.145, 143.175
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3102, 0.3834
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285039464 (0xFF688368)
YUV	119.8490, -7.8136, -13.8996
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -13.7277, 10.1452

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 19.145, 143.175$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $47, 19.160, 325.519$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 19.079, 142.610$, and $32, 18.774, 143.578$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 28.417, 142.391$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 9.822, 143.856$.

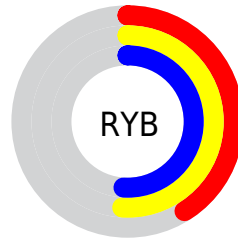
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (51%)

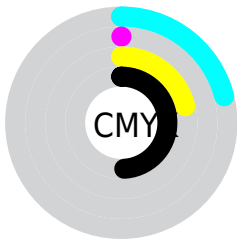
Blue (41%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (51%)

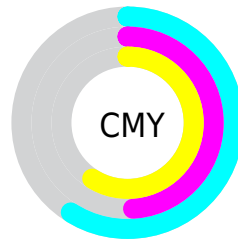


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (59%)


Magenta (49%)


Yellow (59%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 19.145, 143.175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 19.145, 143.175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 19.145,
143.175


 52, 19.145,
143.175


 100, 19.145,
143.175


 42, 19.145,
143.175


 72, 19.145,
143.175

 32, 19.145,
143.175

 82, 19.145,
143.175

 22, 19.145,
143.175

 92, 19.145,
143.175

 12, 19.145,
143.175

 2, 19.145, 143.175

 0, 19.145, 143.175

■ 52, 19.145,
143.175

■ 52, 19.145,
143.175

■ 51, 28.417,
142.391

■ 53, 9.822, 143.856

■ 50, 37.470,
141.494

■ 55, 0.567, 144.743

■ 49, 46.093,
140.490

■ 56, 8.531, 324.875

■ 48, 54.024,
139.410

■ 58, 17.413,
325.300

■ 48, 60.953,
138.319

■ 59, 26.041,
325.656

■ 48, 66.531,
137.324

■ 61, 34.398,
325.958


■ 47, 70.436,
136.558

■ 63, 42.475,
326.215

■ 47, 73.028,

■ 65, 50.275,
326.436

136.016

 67, 57.807,
326.627

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 19.145, 143.175



47, 19.160, 325.519

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 19.145, 143.175



52, 19.145, 193.175



52, 19.145, 323.175



52, 19.145, 13.175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 19.146, 143.175



69, 6.872, 144.139



54, 15.420, 108.259



36, 4.596, 144.105



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 19.146, 143.175



66, 28.862, 142.801



52, 13.264, 161.922



27, 5.263, 143.950



47, 72.679, 136.016



1, 1.256, 144.444

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 19.160, 325.519



59, 28.872, 325.779



47, 13.598, 345.380



26, 5.272, 324.902



30, 70.122, 328.234



0, 1.256, 324.440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 19.145, 143.175 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 19.145, 143.175 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

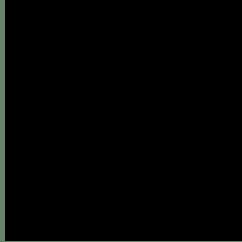
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 19.145, 143.175

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 19.145, 143.175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 19.145, 143.175.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

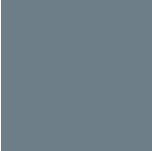
Dichromacy



Original Color
52, 19.145, 143.175

Protanopia
52, 13.728, 93.918

Deuteranopia
52, 12.494, 56.976



Tritanopia
52, 8.601, 247.202

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 19.145, 143.175

Protanomaly
52, 14.560, 116.696

Deuteranomaly
52, 10.619, 97.321

Tritanomaly
52, 7.948, 185.910

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 19.145, 143.175

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 7.119, 144.019

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 19.145, 143.175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 131, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 131, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 131, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 131, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 19.145, 143.175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 131, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 131, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 131, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 131, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 131, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 131,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 19.145, 143.175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 131, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
131, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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