

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 2.109, 6.599)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 2.109, 6.599) contains.

CIELCh(52, 2.096, 3.414)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(52, 2.096, 3.414)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	807B7C
RGB	128, 123, 124
RGB Percent	50%, 48%, 49%
CMY	0.4988, 0.5184, 0.5145
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.50
HSL	348°, 2%, 49%
HSV	348°, 4%, 50%
XYZ	19.5595, 20.1443, 21.8638
YIQ	124.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 123, 124
Decimal	8420220
CIE Lab	52.00, 2.09, 0.12
CIE LCh	52, 2.096, 3.414
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3177, 0.3272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286610300 (0xFF807B7C)
YUV	124.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -0.7549, 2.5355

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 2.096, 3.414$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 2.060, 183.125$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 2.329, 5.906$, and $32, 2.292, 3.659$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 7.641, 4.521$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 3.170, 182.909$.

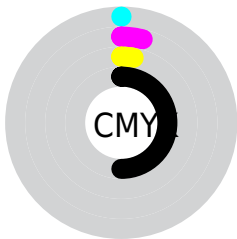
Distribution



- Red (50%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 2.096, 3.414 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 2.096, 3.414 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 2.096, 3.414

■ 52, 2.096, 3.414

100, 2.096, 3.414

■ 42, 2.096, 3.414

■ 72, 2.096, 3.414

■ 32, 2.096, 3.414

■ 82, 2.096, 3.414

■ 22, 2.096, 3.414

■ 92, 2.096, 3.414

■ 12, 2.096, 3.414

■ 2, 2.096, 3.414

■ 0, 2.096, 3.414

■ 52, 2.096, 3.414

■ 52, 2.096, 3.414

■ 48, 7.641, 4.521

■ 56, 3.170, 182.909

■ 44, 13.451, 5.660

■ 60, 8.157, 182.117

41, 19.481, 7.005

64, 12.880,
181.461

37, 25.638, 8.635

68, 17.359,
180.882

34, 31.779, 10.646

32, 37.706, 13.162

72, 21.615,
180.362

29, 43.195, 16.319

76, 25.670,
179.890

27, 48.060, 20.233

26, 52.255, 24.882

79, 29.545,
179.459

83, 33.259,
179.064

87, 36.828,
178.700

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 2.096, 3.414



53, 2.060, 183.125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 2.096, 3.414



52, 2.096, 53.414



52, 2.096, 183.414



52, 2.096, 233.414

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 2.095, 3.441



68, 0.660, 2.695



52, 3.327, 318.931



36, 0.378, 2.638



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 2.095, 3.441



66, 3.323, 3.590



52, 1.643, 51.090



26, 1.815, 3.630



26, 54.732, 27.578



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 2.095, 3.441



66, 3.323, 3.590



53, 1.616, 232.043



26, 1.815, 3.630



26, 54.732, 27.578



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 2.096, 3.414 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

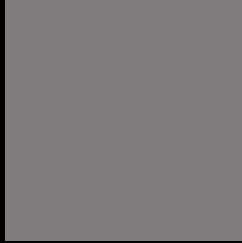
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 2.096, 3.414 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

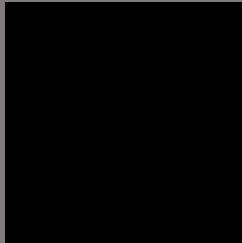
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

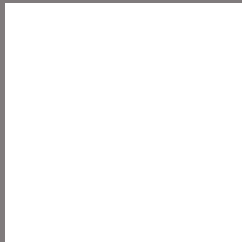
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 2.096, 3.414

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 2.096, 3.414.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 2.096, 3.414.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 2.096, 3.414

Protanopia

52, 1.342, 353.652

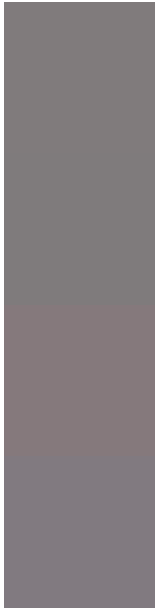
Deuteranopia

52, 6.895, 0.563



Tritanopia
52, 5.942, 318.404

Trichromacy



Original Color

52, 2.096, 3.414

Protanomaly

52, 1.713, 359.588

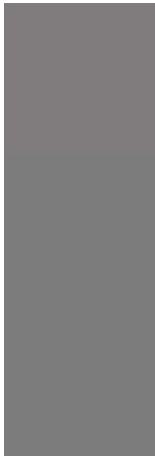
Deuteranomaly

52, 5.160, 0.272

Tritanomaly

52, 4.484, 328.872

Monochromacy



Original Color

52, 2.096, 3.414

Achromatopsia

52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

52, 0.400, 18.478

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 2.096, 3.414 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 123, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 123, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 123, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 123, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 2.096, 3.414 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 123, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 123, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 123, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 123, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 123, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 123,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 2.096, 3.414 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 123, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
123, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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