

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 22.583, 157.283)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 22.583, 157.283)
contains.

CIELCh(52, 22.583, 157.283)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(52, 22.583, 157.283)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59856C
RGB	89, 133, 108
RGB Percent	35%, 52%, 42%
CMY	0.6492, 0.4766, 0.5747
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.19, 0.48
HSL	146°, 20%, 44%
HSV	146°, 33%, 52%
XYZ	15.3475, 20.1443, 17.3941
YIQ	116.9940, -18.1990, -17.1030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

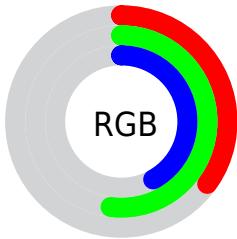
Format	Color
R _Y B	89, 120, 133
Decimal	5866860
CIE Lab	52.00, -20.83, 8.72
CIE LCh	52, 22.583, 157.283
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2902, 0.3809
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284056940 (0xFF59856C)
YUV	116.9940, -4.4340, -24.5507
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -17.5062, 8.4399

Details

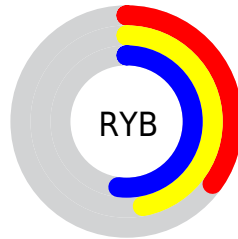
The CIELCh color $52, 22.583, 157.283$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $43, 23.197, 342.891$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 22.614, 157.178$, and $32, 22.221, 157.700$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 29.158, 156.161$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 15.809, 158.276$.

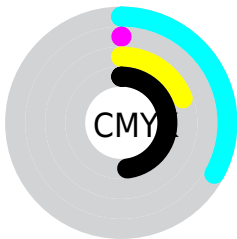
Distribution



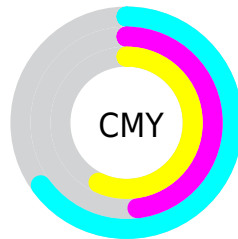
- Red (35%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (48%)




- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 22.583, 157.283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 22.583, 157.283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 22.583,
157.283


 52, 22.583,
157.283


 100, 22.583,
157.283


 42, 22.583,
157.283

 72, 22.583,
157.283

 32, 22.583,
157.283

 82, 22.583,
157.283

 22, 22.583,
157.283

 92, 22.583,
157.283

 12, 22.583,
157.283

 2, 22.583, 157.283

 0, 22.583, 157.283

■ 52, 22.583,
157.283

■ 52, 22.583,
157.283

■ 51, 29.158,
156.161

■ 53, 15.809,
158.276

■ 50, 35.421,
154.890

■ 54, 8.933, 159.168

■ 55, 2.041, 160.061

■ 50, 41.261,
153.447

■ 57, 4.799, 340.571

■ 49, 46.579,
151.816

■ 58, 11.536,
341.248

■ 49, 51.302,
149.990

■ 60, 18.131,
341.844

■ 49, 55.400,
147.984

■ 61, 24.560,
342.389

■ 49, 58.054,
146.618

■ 63, 30.809,
342.892

■ 65, 36.870,
343.359

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 22.583, 157.283



43, 23.197, 342.891

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 22.583, 157.283



52, 22.583, 207.283



52, 22.583, 337.283



52, 22.583, 27.283

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 22.584, 157.282



69, 8.517, 159.402



53, 26.197, 124.522



36, 5.788, 159.301



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 22.584, 157.282



66, 33.684, 156.406



53, 16.161, 190.171



27, 3.857, 159.495



47, 56.897, 146.680



1, 0.923, 160.147

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 23.197, 342.891



53, 34.751, 343.707



43, 19.417, 15.779



26, 3.892, 340.782



27, 52.604, 354.567



0, 0.923, 340.138

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 22.583, 157.283 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 22.583, 157.283 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

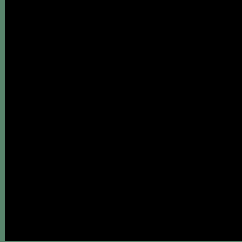
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 22.583, 157.283

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 22.583, 157.283.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 22.583, 157.283.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
52, 22.583, 157.283

Protanopia
52, 11.940, 94.183

Deuteranopia
52, 10.049, 47.516



Tritanopia
52, 13.140, 227.677

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 22.583, 157.283

Protanomaly
52, 13.671, 129.914

Deuteranomaly
51, 8.148, 114.970

Tritanomaly
52, 13.701, 193.126

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 22.583, 157.283

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 8.336, 159.459

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 22.583, 157.283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 133, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 133, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 133, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 133, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 22.583, 157.283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 133, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 133, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 133, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 133, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 133, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 133,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 22.583, 157.283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 133, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 133,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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