

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 23.013, 237.519)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 23.013, 237.519)
contains.

CIELCh(52, 23.018, 237.446)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(52, 23.018, 237.446)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	47849D
RGB	71, 132, 157
RGB Percent	28%, 52%, 62%
CMY	0.7232, 0.4838, 0.3859
CMYK	0.55, 0.16, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	197°, 38%, 45%
HSV	197°, 55%, 61%
XYZ	16.8204, 20.1443, 34.7241
YIQ	116.6110, -44.3810, -5.1570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

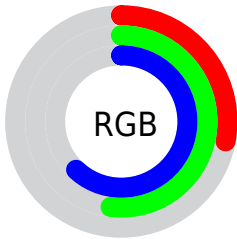
Format	Color
R _Y B	71, 107, 157
Decimal	4687005
CIE Lab	52.00, -12.39, -19.40
CIE LCh	52, 23.018, 237.446
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2346, 0.2810
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282877085 (0xFF47849D)
YUV	116.6110, 19.9118, -40.0008
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -11.6484, -14.4531

Details

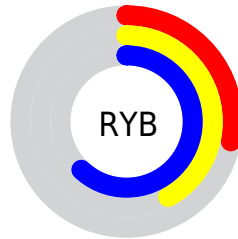
The CIELCh color **52, 23.018, 237.446** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **47, 33.173, 48.089**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 23.067, 238.200**, and **32, 23.048, 237.048** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 25.990, 239.986**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 19.601, 235.411**.

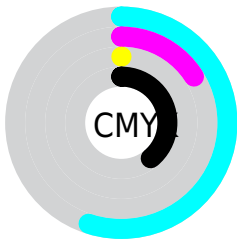
Distribution



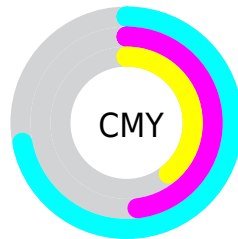
- Red (28%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 23.018, 237.446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 23.018, 237.446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 23.018,
237.446

■ 52, 23.018,
237.446

■ 100, 23.018,
237.446

■ 42, 23.018,
237.446

■ 72, 23.018,
237.446

■ 32, 23.018,
237.446

■ 82, 23.018,
237.446

■ 22, 23.018,
237.446

■ 92, 23.018,
237.446

■ 12, 23.018,
237.446

■ 2, 23.018, 237.446

■ 0, 23.018, 237.446

■ 52, 23.018,
237.446

■ 52, 23.018,
237.446

■ 50, 25.990,
239.986

■ 54, 19.601,
235.411

■ 48, 28.515,
243.119

■ 56, 15.778,
233.798

■ 46, 30.629,
246.904

■ 59, 11.598,
232.531

■ 45, 32.431,
251.337

■ 61, 7.120, 231.549

■ 63, 2.400, 230.878

■ 44, 33.343,
253.624

■ 66, 2.511, 49.913

■ 68, 7.568, 49.544

■ 71, 12.733, 49.190

■ 74, 17.974, 48.907

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 23.018, 237.446



47, 33.173, 48.089

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 23.018, 237.446



52, 23.018, 287.446



52, 23.018, 57.446



52, 23.018, 107.446

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 23.017, 237.445



77, 9.438, 231.669



58, 46.998, 148.433



40, 6.329, 231.841



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 23.017, 237.445



64, 32.395, 240.670



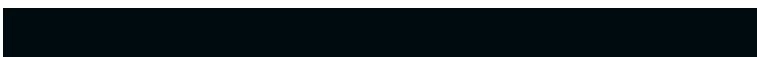
39, 41.171, 288.783



32, 2.753, 231.114



40, 31.064, 253.187



2, 3.663, 234.793

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 46.907, 338.100



52, 66.993, 339.339



58, 38.279, 92.839



31, 4.980, 334.482



31, 60.545, 343.764



1, 6.306, 335.351

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 23.018, 237.446 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 23.018, 237.446 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 23.018, 237.446

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 23.018, 237.446.

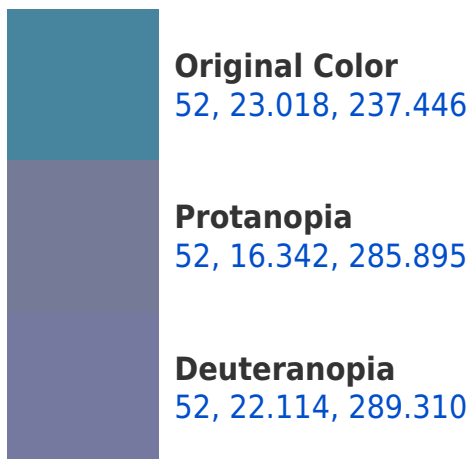


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 23.018, 237.446.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
52, 22.095, 214.415

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 23.018, 237.446

Protanomaly
51, 17.581, 262.929

Deuteranomaly
52, 20.599, 268.542

Tritanomaly
52, 21.925, 222.958

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 23.018, 237.446

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 9.849, 231.187

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 23.018, 237.446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 132, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 132, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 132, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 132, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 23.018, 237.446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 132, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 132, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 132, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 132, 157); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 132, 157); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 132, 157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 23.018, 237.446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 132, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 132,  
157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor