

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 26.723, 248.338)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 26.723, 248.338)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 26.678, 248.367)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4383A6
RGB	67, 131, 166
RGB Percent	26%, 51%, 65%
CMY	0.7377, 0.4867, 0.3494
CMYK	0.60, 0.21, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	201°, 43%, 46%
HSV	201°, 60%, 65%
XYZ	17.2831, 20.1443, 39.0036
YIQ	115.8540, -49.3790, -2.6830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

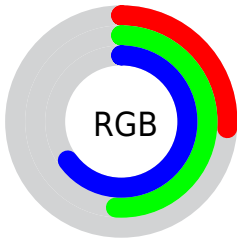
Format	Color
R _Y B	67, 106, 166
Decimal	4424614
CIE Lab	52.00, -9.84, -24.80
CIE LCh	52, 26.678, 248.367
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2261, 0.2636
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282614694 (0xFF4383A6)
YUV	115.8540, 24.7220, -42.8450
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -9.8082, -20.1063

Details

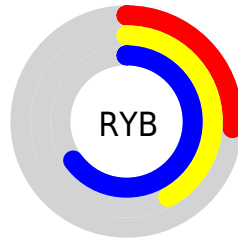
The CIELCh color **52, 26.678, 248.367** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **49, 37.674, 53.841**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 26.637, 248.036**, and **32, 25.843, 250.101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 30.050, 251.617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 22.950, 245.688**.

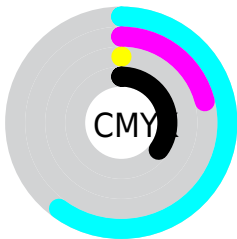
Distribution



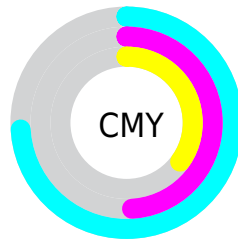
- Red (26%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 26.678, 248.367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 26.678, 248.367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 26.678,
248.367


 52, 26.678,
248.367


 100, 26.678,
248.367


 42, 26.678,
248.367


 72, 26.678,
248.367

 32, 26.678,
248.367

 82, 26.678,
248.367

 22, 26.678,
248.367

 92, 26.678,
248.367

 12, 26.678,
248.367

 2, 26.678, 248.367

 0, 26.678, 248.367

■ 52, 26.678,
248.367

■ 52, 26.678,
248.367

■ 50, 30.050,
251.617

■ 54, 22.950,
245.688

■ 47, 33.103,
255.489

■ 57, 18.873,
243.505

■ 45, 35.919,
259.973

■ 60, 14.478,
241.738

■ 43, 38.679,
264.801

■ 62, 9.810, 240.316

■ 43, 38.771,
264.949

■ 65, 4.914, 239.193

■ 68, 0.161, 55.591

■ 71, 5.374, 57.312

■ 74, 10.689, 56.716

■ 77, 16.076, 56.205

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 26.678, 248.367



49, 37.674, 53.841

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 26.678, 248.367



52, 26.678, 298.367



52, 26.678, 68.367



52, 26.678, 118.367

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 26.677, 248.367



80, 11.183, 240.148



61, 50.268, 150.276



42, 7.789, 240.506



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 26.677, 248.367



63, 38.078, 252.961



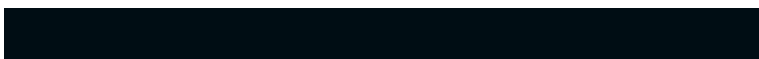
38, 51.565, 293.424



34, 2.909, 239.157



39, 35.417, 264.413



3, 5.527, 247.623

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 50.610, 341.783



53, 71.577, 343.606



62, 45.688, 96.607



33, 5.015, 337.150



32, 59.781, 348.523



2, 8.586, 340.114

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 26.678, 248.367 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 26.678, 248.367 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 26.678, 248.367

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 26.678, 248.367.

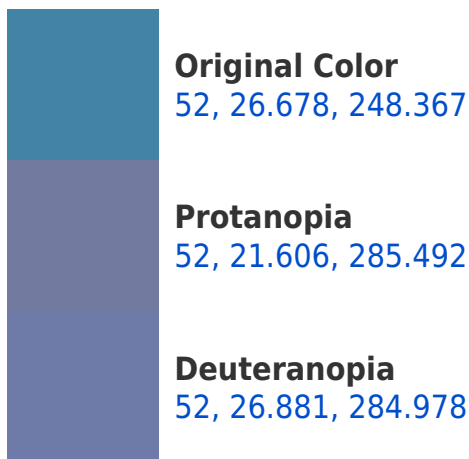


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 26.678, 248.367.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
52, 23.946, 211.423

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 26.678, 248.367

Protanomaly
52, 22.985, 269.347

Deuteranomaly
52, 25.869, 270.802

Tritanomaly
52, 23.931, 225.274

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 26.678, 248.367

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 11.123, 242.253

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 26.678, 248.367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 131, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 131, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 131, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 131, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 26.678, 248.367 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 131, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 131, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 131, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 131, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 131, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 131,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 26.678, 248.367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 131, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 131,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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