

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 3.893, 331.220)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 3.893, 331.220) contains.

CIELCh(52, 4.049, 334.003)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(52, 4.049, 334.003)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	817A7F
RGB	129, 122, 127
RGB Percent	51%, 48%, 50%
CMY	0.4938, 0.5213, 0.5017
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.02, 0.49
HSL	317°, 3%, 49%
HSV	317°, 5%, 51%
XYZ	19.8687, 20.1443, 22.9450
YIQ	124.6630, 2.5670, 3.0390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

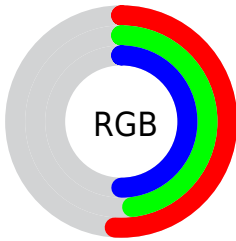
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 122, 127
Decimal	8485503
CIE Lab	52.00, 3.64, -1.77
CIE LCh	52, 4.049, 334.003
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3156, 0.3200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286675583 (0xFF817A7F)
YUV	124.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 0.4746, 1.1072

Details

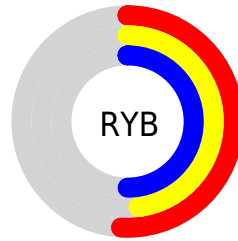
The CIELCh color $52, 4.049, 334.003$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 4.029, 153.427$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 4.456, 332.552$, and $32, 4.413, 334.208$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 11.592, 334.710$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 3.372, 153.509$.

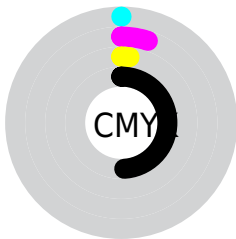
Distribution



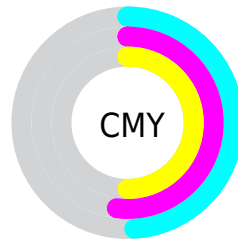
- Red (51%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 4.049, 334.003 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 4.049, 334.003 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 4.049, 334.003

■ 52, 4.049, 334.003

■ 100, 4.049,
334.003

■ 42, 4.049, 334.003

■ 72, 4.049, 334.003

■ 32, 4.049, 334.003

■ 82, 4.049, 334.003

■ 22, 4.049, 334.003

■ 92, 4.049, 334.003

■ 12, 4.049, 334.003

■ 2, 4.049, 334.003

■ 0, 4.049, 334.003

■ 52, 4.049, 334.003

■ 52, 4.049, 334.003

■ 48, 11.592,
334.710

■ 56, 3.372, 153.509

■ 59, 10.616,

45, 19.178,
335.422

152.866

41, 26.675,
336.172

63, 17.660,
152.294

38, 33.894,
336.973

67, 24.494,
151.760

35, 40.579,
337.838

71, 31.118,
151.256

33, 46.419,
338.790

75, 37.539,
150.783

31, 51.075,
339.863

79, 43.767,
150.336

29, 54.258,
341.106

82, 49.813,
149.915

28, 55.911,
342.564

86, 55.691,
149.519

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 4.049, 334.003



53, 4.029, 153.427

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 4.049, 334.003



52, 4.049, 24.003



52, 4.049, 154.003



52, 4.049, 204.003

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 4.047, 334.006



68, 1.853, 333.692



52, 4.160, 301.476



35, 1.049, 333.670



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 4.047, 334.006



66, 6.500, 334.134



52, 2.959, 2.343



25, 3.337, 334.142



28, 56.052, 343.224



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 4.047, 334.006



66, 6.500, 334.134



53, 2.898, 181.649



25, 3.337, 334.142



28, 56.052, 343.224



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 4.049, 334.003 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

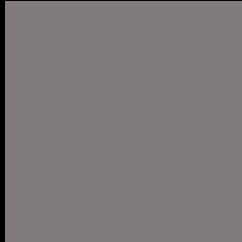
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 4.049, 334.003 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

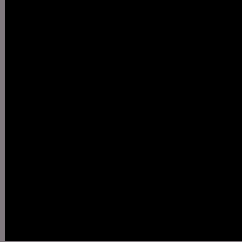
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

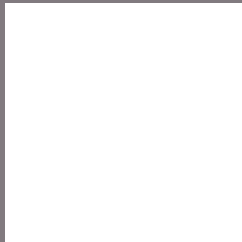
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 4.049, 334.003

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 4.049, 334.003.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 4.049, 334.003.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

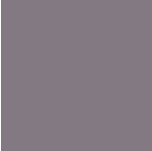
52, 4.049, 334.003

Protanopia

52, 3.025, 305.665

Deuteranopia

52, 6.950, 344.453



Tritanopia
52, 6.845, 322.045

Trichromacy



Original Color

52, 4.049, 334.003

Protanomaly

52, 3.156, 312.604

Deuteranomaly

52, 5.634, 341.868

Tritanomaly

52, 6.360, 324.777

Monochromacy



Original Color

52, 4.049, 334.003

Achromatopsia

52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

52, 1.420, 324.396

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 4.049, 334.003 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 122, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 122, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 122, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 122, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 4.049, 334.003 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 122, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 122, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 122, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 122, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 122, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 122,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 4.049, 334.003 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 122, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
122, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor