

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 30.140, 121.038)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 30.140, 121.038)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 29.837, 120.969)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71824F
RGB	113, 130, 79
RGB Percent	44%, 51%, 31%
CMY	0.5557, 0.4890, 0.6891
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.39, 0.49
HSL	80°, 24%, 41%
HSV	80°, 39%, 51%
XYZ	16.2926, 20.1443, 10.4804
YIQ	119.1030, 6.2390, -19.4650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

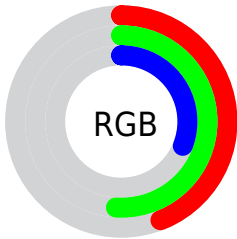
Format	Color
R_{YB}	79, 130, 96
Decimal	7438927
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, -15.35, 25.58
CIE _{LCh}	52, 29.837, 120.969
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3473, 0.4294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285629007 (0xFF71824F)
YUV	119.1030, -19.7708, -5.3523
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -13.7476, 17.5730

Details

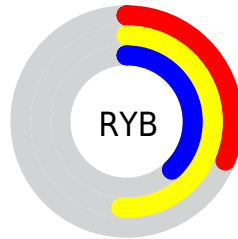
The CIELCh color $52, 29.837, 120.969$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $37, 32.155, 305.558$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 29.745, 120.699$, and $32, 30.027, 121.066$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 37.066, 120.490$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 22.360, 121.498$.

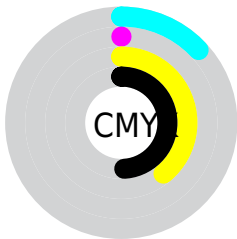
Distribution



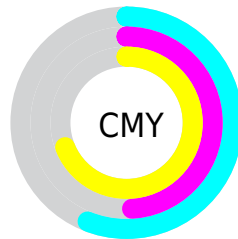
- Red (44%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 29.837, 120.969 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 29.837, 120.969 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 52, 29.837,
120.969


 52, 29.837,
120.969


 100, 29.837,
120.969


 42, 29.837,
120.969


 72, 29.837,
120.969

 32, 29.837,
120.969

 82, 29.837,
120.969

 22, 29.837,
120.969

 92, 29.837,
120.969

 12, 29.837,
120.969

 2, 29.837, 120.969

 0, 29.837, 120.969

■ 52, 29.837,
120.969

■ 52, 29.837,
120.969

■ 51, 37.066,
120.490

■ 53, 22.360,
121.498

■ 51, 43.886,
120.102

■ 53, 14.739,
122.040

■ 51, 50.073,
119.876

■ 54, 7.049, 122.579

■ 50, 55.335,
119.903

■ 55, 0.658, 303.022

■ 55, 8.345, 303.575

■ 50, 59.353,
120.288

■ 56, 15.988,
304.038

■ 50, 62.314,
120.956

■ 57, 23.565,
304.468

■ 50, 62.567,
121.006

■ 58, 31.064,
304.865

■ 59, 38.473,
305.231

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 29.837, 120.969



37, 32.155, 305.558

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 29.837, 120.969



52, 29.837, 170.969



52, 29.837, 300.969



52, 29.837, 350.969

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 29.838, 120.971



68, 11.390, 122.412



44, 18.976, 51.205



35, 7.519, 122.357



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 29.838, 120.971



65, 43.747, 120.539



50, 34.031, 137.180



28, 4.405, 122.579



49, 62.478, 121.004



1, 1.058, 123.046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 32.155, 305.558



44, 48.131, 306.261



40, 34.531, 320.977



26, 4.480, 303.532



16, 78.052, 309.074



0, 1.058, 303.044

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 29.837, 120.969 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

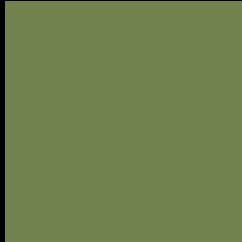
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 29.837, 120.969 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

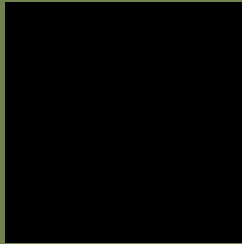
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

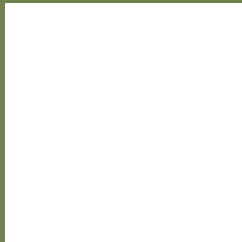
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 29.837, 120.969

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 29.837, 120.969.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 29.837, 120.969.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 29.837, 120.969

Protanopia

52, 27.310, 96.157

Deuteranopia

52, 25.438, 73.654



Tritanopia
52, 5.900, 279.657

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 29.837, 120.969

Protanomaly
52, 27.302, 105.719

Deuteranomaly
52, 24.431, 92.083

Tritanomaly
52, 7.697, 134.298

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 29.837, 120.969

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 10.747, 122.291

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 29.837, 120.969 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 130, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 130, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 130, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 130, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 29.837, 120.969 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 130, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 130, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 130, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 130, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 130, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 130,  
79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 29.837, 120.969 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 130, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
130, 79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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