

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 30.348, 330.697)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 30.348, 330.697)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 30.480, 330.460)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D6C96
RGB	157, 108, 150
RGB Percent	62%, 42%, 59%
CMY	0.3837, 0.5759, 0.4112
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.04, 0.38
HSL	309°, 20%, 52%
HSV	309°, 31%, 62%
XYZ	24.8277, 20.1443, 31.4952
YIQ	127.4390, 15.7220, 23.4500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

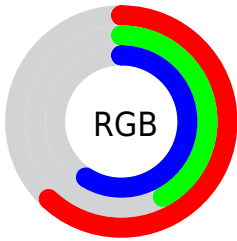
Format	Color
R_{YB}	157, 108, 150
Decimal	10316950
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, 26.52, -15.03
CIE _{LCh}	52, 30.480, 330.460
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3247, 0.2634
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288507030 (0xFF9D6C96)
YUV	127.4390, 11.1226, 25.9250
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 20.1968, -10.1876

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 30.480, 330.460$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $60, 30.416, 146.353$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 30.401, 330.455$, and $32, 30.746, 330.697$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 39.933, 331.075$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 20.726, 329.849$.

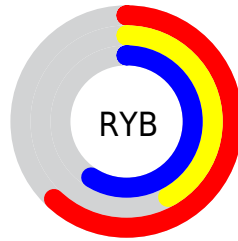
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (42%)

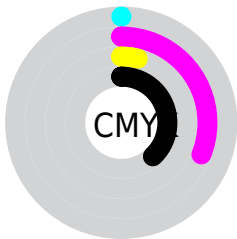
Blue (59%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (59%)

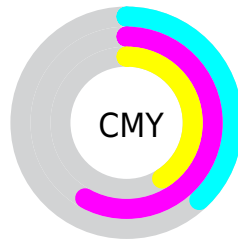


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)


Magenta (58%)


Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 30.480, 330.460 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 30.480, 330.460 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 30.480,
330.460


 52, 30.480,
330.460


 100, 30.480,
330.460


 42, 30.480,
330.460


 72, 30.480,
330.460

 32, 30.480,
330.460

 82, 30.480,
330.460

 22, 30.480,
330.460

 92, 30.480,
330.460

 12, 30.480,
330.460

 2, 30.480, 330.460

 0, 30.480, 330.460

52, 30.480,
330.460

52, 30.480,
330.460

48, 39.933,
331.075

56, 20.726,
329.849

45, 48.793,
331.690

60, 10.900,
329.242

42, 56.686,
332.303

64, 1.152, 328.470

40, 63.206,
332.917

69, 8.422, 148.150

38, 67.983,
333.539

73, 17.762,
147.595

37, 70.799,
334.187

77, 26.839,
147.075

36, 72.074,
334.783

82, 35.642,
146.583

86, 44.173,
146.119

■ 91, 52.439,
145.680

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 30.480, 330.460



60, 30.416, 146.353

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 30.480, 330.460



52, 30.480, 20.460



52, 30.480, 150.460



52, 30.480, 200.460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 30.478, 330.460



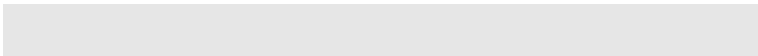
77, 10.835, 329.118



48, 29.085, 298.320



40, 7.518, 329.202



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 30.478, 330.460



64, 44.535, 330.861



51, 22.367, 354.766



31, 5.531, 329.123



32, 67.258, 334.721



1, 7.059, 329.490

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 30.478, 330.460



64, 44.535, 330.861



61, 20.865, 168.498



31, 5.531, 329.123



32, 67.258, 334.721



1, 7.059, 329.490

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 30.480, 330.460 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

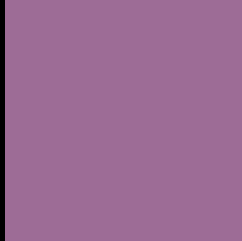
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 30.480, 330.460 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

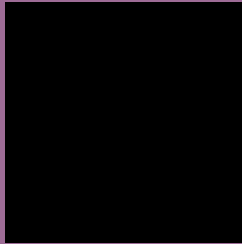
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 30.480, 330.460

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 30.480, 330.460.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 30.480, 330.460.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 30.480, 330.460

Protanopia

52, 22.182, 284.888

Deuteranopia

52, 15.807, 297.475



Tritanopia
52, 17.658, 4.573

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 30.480, 330.460

Protanomaly
52, 23.191, 303.661

Deuteranomaly
52, 20.840, 314.603

Tritanomaly
52, 21.312, 347.504

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 30.480, 330.460

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 11.237, 330.132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 30.480, 330.460 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 108, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 108, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 108, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 108, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 30.480, 330.460 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 108, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 108, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 108, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 108, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 108, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 108,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 30.480, 330.460 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 108, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
108, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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