

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 30.979, 338.310)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 30.979, 338.310)
contains.

CIELCh(52, 30.862, 338.302)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(52, 30.862, 338.302)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A36A90
RGB	163, 106, 144
RGB Percent	64%, 42%, 56%
CMY	0.3603, 0.5839, 0.4349
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.12, 0.36
HSL	320°, 24%, 53%
HSV	320°, 35%, 64%
XYZ	25.3338, 20.1443, 28.9811
YIQ	127.3750, 21.7740, 23.9020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

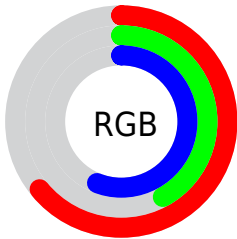
Format	Color
R _{YB}	163, 106, 144
Decimal	10709648
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, 28.68, -11.41
CIE _{LCh}	52, 30.862, 338.302
Y _{xy}	20.1443, 0.3402, 0.2705
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288899728 (0xFFA36A90)
YUV	127.3750, 8.1961, 31.2431
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 22.2097, -6.8665

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 30.862, 338.302$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $62, 30.411, 152.732$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 31.075, 338.247$, and $32, 31.108, 337.865$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 39.340, 339.206$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 22.054, 337.473$.

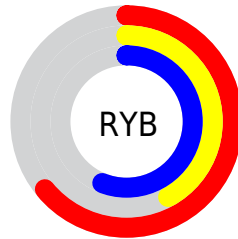
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (42%)

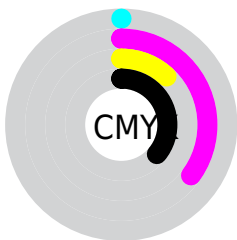
Blue (56%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (56%)

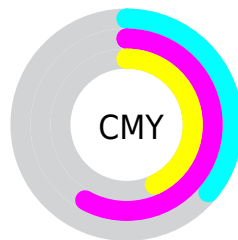


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)


Magenta (58%)


Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 30.862, 338.302 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 30.862, 338.302 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 30.862,
338.302


 52, 30.862,
338.302


 100, 30.862,
338.302


 42, 30.862,
338.302


 72, 30.862,
338.302

 32, 30.862,
338.302

 82, 30.862,
338.302

 22, 30.862,
338.302

 92, 30.862,
338.302

 12, 30.862,
338.302

 2, 30.862, 338.302

 0, 30.862, 338.302

■ 52, 30.862,
338.302

■ 52, 30.862,
338.302

■ 48, 39.340,
339.206

■ 56, 22.054,
337.473

■ 45, 47.177,
340.205

■ 60, 13.155,
336.698

■ 42, 53.977,
341.336

■ 65, 4.322, 335.937

■ 39, 59.317,
342.652

■ 69, 4.348, 155.406

■ 37, 62.841,
344.224

■ 74, 12.797,
154.733

■ 36, 64.415,
346.137

■ 79, 20.999,
154.134

■ 36, 64.863,
347.179

■ 83, 28.944,
153.577

■ 88, 36.636,
153.054

 93, 44.084,
152.563

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 30.862, 338.302



62, 30.411, 152.732

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 30.862, 338.302



52, 30.862, 28.302



52, 30.862, 158.302



52, 30.862, 208.302

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 30.860, 338.303



79, 10.841, 336.341



49, 34.309, 305.293



41, 7.463, 336.441



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 30.860, 338.303



63, 45.566, 339.002



51, 24.477, 9.773



32, 4.959, 336.272



32, 59.717, 346.934



1, 7.347, 338.212

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 30.860, 338.303



63, 45.566, 339.002



63, 20.858, 182.739



32, 4.959, 336.272



32, 59.717, 346.934



1, 7.347, 338.212

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 30.862, 338.302 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

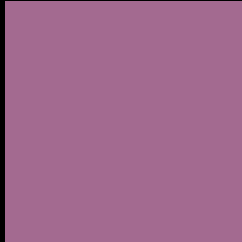
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 30.862, 338.302 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

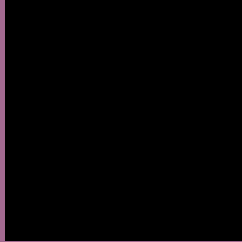
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 30.862, 338.302

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 30.862, 338.302.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 30.862, 338.302.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 30.862, 338.302

Protanopia

52, 19.253, 285.208

Deuteranopia

52, 11.977, 304.434



Tritanopia
52, 20.901, 9.381

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 30.862, 338.302

Protanomaly
52, 21.307, 308.678

Deuteranomaly
52, 17.968, 324.329

Tritanomaly
52, 23.638, 355.007

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 30.862, 338.302

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 11.651, 336.685

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 30.862, 338.302 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 106, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 106, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 106, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 106, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 30.862, 338.302 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 106, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 106, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 106, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 106, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 106, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 106,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 30.862, 338.302 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 106, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
106, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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