

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 31.441, 100.775)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 31.441, 100.775)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 31.764, 101.148)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	847E46
RGB	132, 126, 70
RGB Percent	52%, 49%, 27%
CMY	0.4838, 0.5073, 0.7268
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.47, 0.48
HSL	54°, 31%, 39%
HSV	54°, 47%, 52%
XYZ	17.9681, 20.1443, 8.6802
YIQ	121.4100, 21.5520, -16.1440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

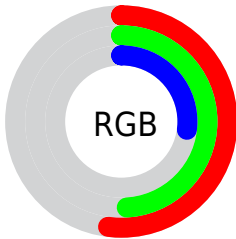
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 132, 70
Decimal	8683078
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, -6.14, 31.16
CIE _{LCh}	52, 31.764, 101.148
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3840, 0.4305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286873158 (0xFF847E46)
YUV	121.4100, -25.3451, 9.2874
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -7.0841, 19.9512

Details

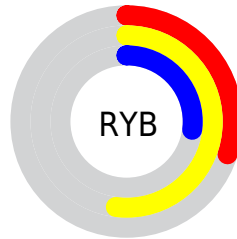
The CIELCh color **52, 31.764, 101.148** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **34, 35.025, 292.761**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 31.719, 101.740**, and **32, 31.475, 100.729** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 38.020, 100.145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 25.205, 102.180**.

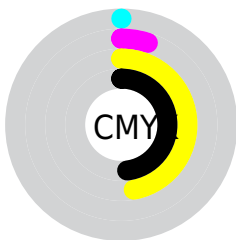
Distribution



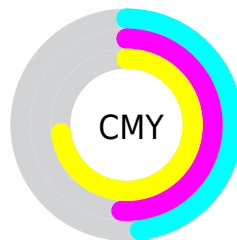
- Red (52%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (48%)





- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (73%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 31.764, 101.148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 31.764, 101.148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 31.764,
101.148


 52, 31.764,
101.148


 100, 31.764,
101.148


 42, 31.764,
101.148


 72, 31.764,
101.148

 32, 31.764,
101.148

 82, 31.764,
101.148

 22, 31.764,
101.148

 92, 31.764,
101.148

 12, 31.764,
101.148

 2, 31.764, 101.148

 0, 31.764, 101.148

■ 52, 31.764,
101.148

■ 52, 31.764,
101.148

■ 51, 38.020,
100.145

■ 53, 25.205,
102.180

■ 51, 43.761, 99.180

■ 53, 18.478,
103.216

■ 51, 48.684, 98.274

■ 54, 11.669,
104.246

■ 50, 52.411, 97.439

■ 50, 54.822, 96.671

■ 55, 4.830, 105.252

■ 50, 55.506, 96.452

■ 55, 2.005, 286.298

■ 56, 8.817, 287.228

■ 57, 15.594,
288.149

■ 58, 22.327,
289.032

■ 58, 29.011,
289.875

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 31.764, 101.148



34, 35.025, 292.761

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 31.764, 101.148



52, 31.764, 151.148



52, 31.764, 281.148



52, 31.764, 331.148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 31.765, 101.151



69, 11.840, 104.526



37, 28.339, 16.820



36, 8.238, 104.336



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 31.765, 101.151



66, 46.151, 100.126



52, 36.416, 123.231



28, 3.876, 105.048



49, 55.028, 96.461



1, 0.930, 105.970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 35.025, 292.761



39, 52.576, 294.930



35, 39.567, 308.242



26, 3.941, 286.949



15, 76.211, 304.515



0, 0.931, 285.972

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 31.764, 101.148 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 31.764, 101.148 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

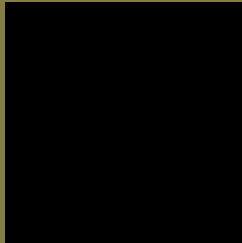
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 31.764, 101.148

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 31.764, 101.148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 31.764, 101.148.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 31.764, 101.148

Protanopia

52, 31.702, 96.084

Deuteranopia

52, 31.417, 77.313



Tritanopia
52, 9.257, 346.223

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 31.764, 101.148

Protanomaly
52, 31.964, 98.648

Deuteranomaly
52, 30.654, 86.095

Tritanomaly
52, 10.346, 71.021

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 31.764, 101.148

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 12.169, 104.592

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 31.764, 101.148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 126, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 126, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 126, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 126, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 31.764, 101.148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 126, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 126, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 126, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 126, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 126, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 126,  
70) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 31.764, 101.148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 126, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
126, 70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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