

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 35.002, 222.526)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 35.002, 222.526)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 31.298, 226.204)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	028BA5
RGB	2, 139, 165
RGB Percent	1%, 55%, 65%
CMY	0.9915, 0.4567, 0.3547
CMYK	0.99, 0.16, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	190°, 97%, 33%
HSV	190°, 99%, 65%
XYZ	15.9436, 21.0462, 38.6066
YIQ	101.0010, -89.9980, -20.9580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

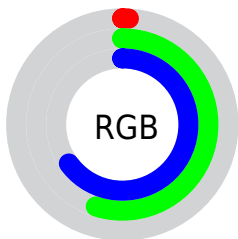
Format	Color
RYB	2, 76, 165
Decimal	166821
CIELab	53.00, -21.66, -22.59
CIELCh	53, 31.298, 226.204
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2109, 0.2784
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278356901 (0xFF028BA5)
YUV	101.0010, 31.5515, -86.8239
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -18.2479, -17.7816

Details

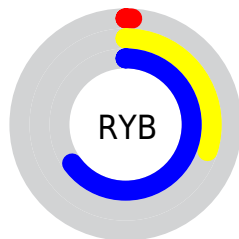
The CIELCh color **53, 31.298, 226.204** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **36, 71.517, 42.310**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 31.344, 225.721**, and **35, 24.145, 236.281** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 31.373, 226.568**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 30.685, 223.459**.

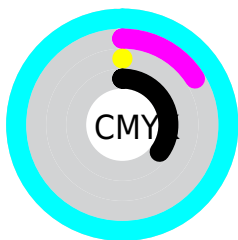
Distribution



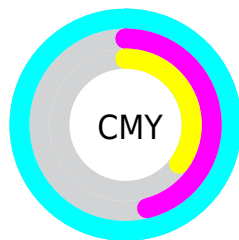
- Red (1%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 31.298, 226.204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 31.298, 226.204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 31.298,
226.204


 53, 31.298,
226.204


 100, 31.298,
226.204


 43, 31.298,
226.204


 73, 31.298,
226.204

 33, 31.298,
226.204

 83, 31.298,
226.204

 23, 31.298,
226.204

 93, 31.298,
226.204

 13, 31.298,
226.204

 3, 31.298, 226.204

 0, 31.298, 226.204

■ 53, 31.298,
226.204

■ 53, 31.298,
226.204

■ 53, 31.373,
226.568

■ 54, 30.685,
223.459

■ 55, 29.570,
221.167

■ 56, 27.800,
219.354

■ 58, 25.352,
217.957

■ 59, 22.248,
216.909

■ 61, 18.545,
216.148

■ 62, 14.315,
215.623

■ 64, 9.643, 215.292

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 31.298, 226.204



36, 71.517, 42.310

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 31.298, 226.204



53, 31.298, 276.204



53, 31.298, 46.204



53, 31.298, 96.204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 31.297, 226.204



79, 18.425, 215.706



59, 82.305, 137.877



41, 12.353, 215.905



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 31.297, 226.204



68, 38.171, 227.209



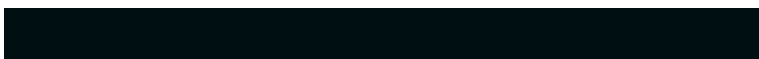
29, 67.004, 294.880



34, 2.977, 215.148



47, 28.647, 226.214



3, 4.626, 219.716

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 73.386, 335.650



49, 89.299, 335.917



50, 59.010, 74.636



32, 5.610, 329.695



33, 67.238, 335.660



1, 8.427, 330.593

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 31.298, 226.204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 31.298, 226.204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

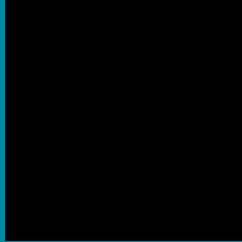
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 31.298, 226.204

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 31.298, 226.204.

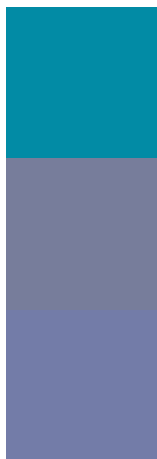


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 31.298, 226.204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

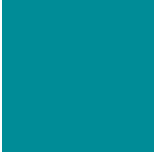
53, 31.367, 226.095

Protanopia

53, 17.450, 285.285

Deuteranopia

53, 25.569, 286.490



Tritanopia
53, 30.963, 208.673

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 31.367, 226.095

Protanomaly
52, 22.544, 244.897

Deuteranomaly
52, 26.663, 255.035

Tritanomaly
53, 30.710, 215.757

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 31.367, 226.095

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 17.531, 215.658

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 31.298, 226.204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 139, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 139, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 139, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 139, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 31.298, 226.204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 139, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 139, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 139, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 139, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 139, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 139,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 31.298, 226.204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 139, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 139,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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