

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 39.682, 297.686)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 39.682, 297.686)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 39.627, 297.659)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A74B8
RGB	122, 116, 184
RGB Percent	48%, 45%, 72%
CMY	0.5209, 0.5445, 0.2778
CMYK	0.34, 0.37, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	245°, 32%, 59%
HSV	245°, 37%, 72%
XYZ	22.9825, 20.1443, 48.1185
YIQ	125.5460, -18.2520, 22.4200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

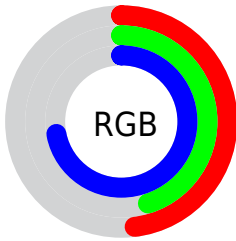
Format	Color
R _{YB}	122, 116, 184
Decimal	8025272
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, 18.40, -35.10
CIE _{LCh}	52, 39.627, 297.659
Y _{xy}	20.1443, 0.2519, 0.2208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286215352 (0xFF7A74B8)
YUV	125.5460, 28.8178, -3.1098
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 12.8584, -32.1472

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 39.627, 297.659$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $73, 36.178, 110.617$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 39.427, 297.548$, and $32, 39.841, 297.584$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 51.369, 299.154$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 28.311, 296.348$.

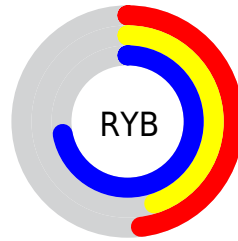
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (45%)

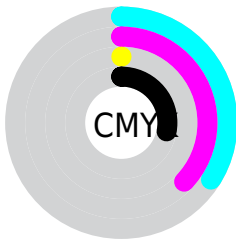
Blue (72%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (72%)

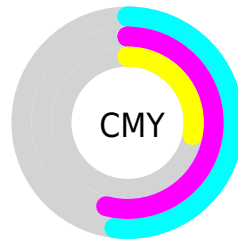


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 39.627, 297.659 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 39.627, 297.659 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 39.627,
297.659

■ 52, 39.627,
297.659

■ 100, 39.627,
297.659

■ 42, 39.627,
297.659

■ 72, 39.627,
297.659

■ 32, 39.627,
297.659

■ 82, 39.627,
297.659

■ 22, 39.627,
297.659

■ 92, 39.627,
297.659

■ 12, 39.627,
297.659

■ 2, 39.627, 297.659

■ 0, 39.627, 297.659

■ 52, 39.627,
297.659

■ 52, 39.627,
297.659

■ 46, 51.369,
299.154

■ 58, 28.311,
296.348

■ 40, 63.437,
300.809

■ 64, 17.442,
295.215

■ 34, 75.529,
302.550

■ 71, 7.003, 294.245

■ 29, 86.963,
304.218

■ 77, 3.031, 113.400

■ 25, 96.504,
305.562

■ 83, 12.688,
112.696

■ 23, 102.743,
306.341

■ 89, 21.995,
112.088

■ 22, 104.321,
306.567

■ 95, 30.977,
111.565

■ 99, 35.592,
107.466

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 39.627, 297.659



73, 36.178, 110.617

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 39.627, 297.659



52, 39.627, 347.659



52, 39.627, 117.659



52, 39.627, 167.659

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 39.626, 297.659



86, 13.882, 294.639



69, 20.691, 206.540



45, 9.346, 294.769



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 39.626, 297.659



61, 59.409, 298.810



55, 41.407, 313.579



36, 5.737, 294.464



18, 92.010, 306.618



1, 15.410, 292.855

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 42.461, 329.029



70, 62.050, 329.468



71, 39.720, 130.234



36, 6.505, 327.426



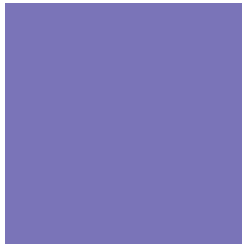
36, 74.608, 332.038



3, 17.201, 328.378

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 39.627, 297.659 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 39.627, 297.659 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

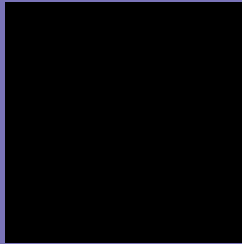
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 39.627, 297.659

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 39.627, 297.659.

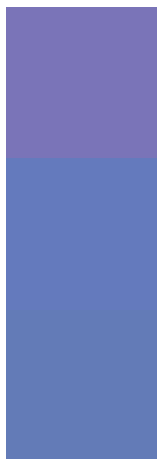


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 39.627, 297.659.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 39.627, 297.659

Protanopia

52, 39.093, 285.294

Deuteranopia

52, 35.219, 282.524



Tritanopia
52, 7.717, 248.063

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 39.627, 297.659

Protanomaly
52, 38.915, 289.476

Deuteranomaly
52, 36.073, 287.652

Tritanomaly
52, 18.673, 285.968

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 39.627, 297.659

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 14.595, 296.340

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 39.627, 297.659 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 116, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 116, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 116, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 116, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 39.627, 297.659 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

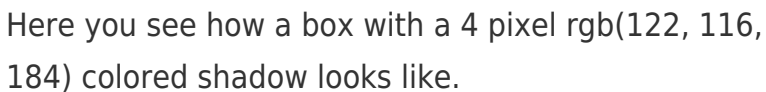
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 116, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 116, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 116, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 116, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 116, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 116, 184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 39.627, 297.659 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 116, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
116, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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