

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 46.411, 66.727)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 46.411, 66.727) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 46.304, 66.888)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB6F32
RGB	171, 111, 50
RGB Percent	67%, 44%, 20%
CMY	0.3309, 0.5659, 0.8051
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.71, 0.33
HSL	30°, 55%, 43%
HSV	30°, 71%, 67%
XYZ	22.9339, 20.1443, 5.6627
YIQ	121.9860, 55.3410, -6.2510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

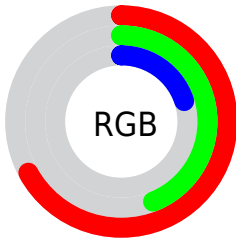
Format	Color
R _Y B	169, 171, 50
Decimal	11235122
CIE Lab	52.00, 18.18, 42.59
CIE LCh	52, 46.304, 66.888
Yxy	20.1443, 0.4705, 0.4133
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289425202 (0xFFAB6F32)
YUV	121.9860, -35.4891, 42.9853
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 12.6653, 23.9372

Details

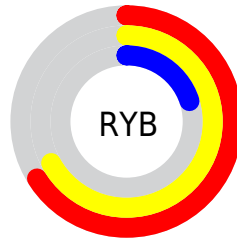
The CIELCh color **52, 46.304, 66.888** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **45, 38.290, 271.960**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 46.422, 67.100**, and **32, 45.961, 66.772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 53.020, 65.321**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 39.228, 68.269**.

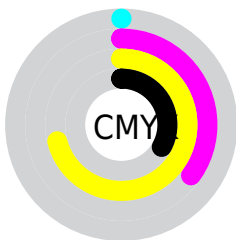
Distribution



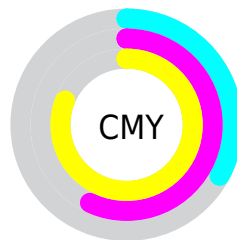
- Red (67%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 46.304, 66.888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 46.304, 66.888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 46.304, 66.888

■ 52, 46.304, 66.888

■ 100, 46.304,
66.888

■ 42, 46.304, 66.888

■ 72, 46.304, 66.888

■ 32, 46.304, 66.888

■ 82, 46.304, 66.888

■ 22, 46.304, 66.888

■ 92, 46.304, 66.888

■ 12, 46.304, 66.888

■ 2, 46.304, 66.888

■ 0, 46.304, 66.888

■ 52, 46.304, 66.888

■ 52, 46.304, 66.888

■ 50, 53.020, 65.321

■ 54, 39.228, 68.269

■ 48, 58.719, 63.329

■ 57, 32.161, 69.567

46, 62.901, 61.189

59, 25.282, 70.834

62, 18.664, 72.087

64, 12.332, 73.323

67, 6.279, 74.526

70, 0.488, 75.121

72, 5.062, 257.024

75, 10.398,
258.132

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 46.304, 66.888



45, 38.290, 271.960

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 46.304, 66.888



52, 46.304, 116.888



52, 46.304, 246.888



52, 46.304, 296.888

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 46.303, 66.891



81, 15.376, 73.262



41, 54.473, 352.675



43, 10.556, 72.933



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 46.303, 66.891



63, 68.619, 64.270



68, 60.586, 103.939



34, 3.219, 74.712



40, 56.500, 61.664



3, 5.534, 67.952

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 38.290, 271.960



53, 56.411, 278.325



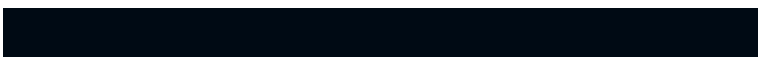
29, 75.702, 301.798



34, 3.154, 257.136



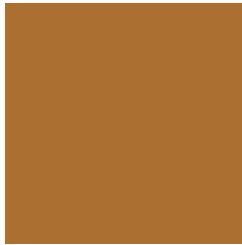
32, 47.693, 283.635



2, 6.123, 262.932

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 46.304, 66.888 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 46.304, 66.888 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

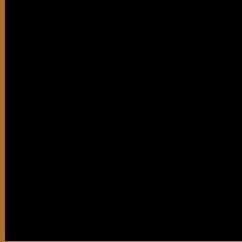
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 46.304, 66.888

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 46.304, 66.888.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 46.304, 66.888.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 46.304, 66.888

Protanopia

52, 39.924, 96.282

Deuteranopia

52, 43.402, 80.826



Tritanopia
52, 30.004, 14.670

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 46.304, 66.888

Protanomaly
52, 40.963, 84.726

Deuteranomaly
52, 43.981, 74.973

Tritanomaly
52, 32.465, 39.958

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 46.304, 66.888

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 16.132, 71.633

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 46.304, 66.888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 111, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 111, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 111, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 111, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 46.304, 66.888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 111, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 111, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 111, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 111, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 111, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 111,  
50) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 46.304, 66.888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 111, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
111, 50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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