

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 48.127, 281.557)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 48.127, 281.557)
contains.

CIELCh(52, 48.264, 281.631)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(52, 48.264, 281.631)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C7BCD
RGB	76, 123, 205
RGB Percent	30%, 48%, 80%
CMY	0.7015, 0.5173, 0.1957
CMYK	0.63, 0.40, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	218°, 56%, 55%
HSV	218°, 63%, 80%
XYZ	21.1175, 20.1443, 60.6012
YIQ	118.2950, -54.3340, 15.5380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

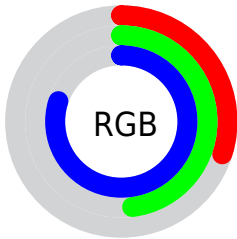
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 110, 205
Decimal	5012429
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, 9.73, -47.27
CIE _{LCh}	52, 48.264, 281.631
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2073, 0.1978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283202509 (0xFF4C7BCD)
YUV	118.2950, 42.7456, -37.0927
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 5.4411, -48.6369

Details

The CIELCh color **52, 48.264, 281.631** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **68, 49.337, 79.981**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 44.398, 279.976**, and **32, 47.834, 283.268** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 56.429, 284.990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 40.287, 278.654**.

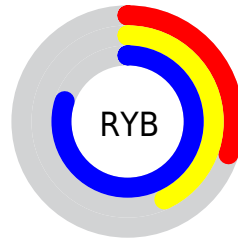
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (48%)

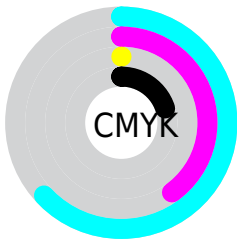
Blue (80%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (80%)

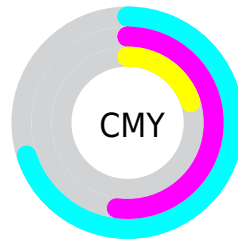


Cyan (63%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 48.264, 281.631 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 48.264, 281.631 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 48.264,
281.631

■ 52, 48.264,
281.631

■ 100, 48.264,
281.631

■ 42, 48.264,
281.631

■ 72, 48.264,
281.631

■ 32, 48.264,
281.631

■ 82, 48.264,
281.631

■ 22, 48.264,
281.631

■ 92, 48.264,
281.631

■ 12, 48.264,
281.631

■ 2, 48.264, 281.631

■ 0, 48.264, 281.631

■ 52, 48.264,
281.631

■ 52, 48.264,
281.631

■ 48, 56.429,
284.990

■ 57, 40.287,
278.654

■ 43, 64.814,
288.652

■ 61, 32.457,
276.069

■ 39, 73.383,
292.460

■ 66, 24.741,
273.852

■ 37, 79.524,
295.060

■ 71, 17.119,
271.961

■ 76, 9.586, 270.355

■ 81, 2.140, 269.066

■ 86, 5.214, 87.696

■ 91, 12.472, 86.693

■ 95, 18.872, 91.896

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 48.264, 281.631



68, 49.337, 79.981

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 48.264, 281.631



52, 48.264, 331.631



52, 48.264, 101.631



52, 48.264, 151.631

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 48.263, 281.632



89, 16.926, 271.344



75, 48.380, 164.119



46, 11.668, 271.831



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 48.263, 281.632



57, 69.494, 286.086



41, 77.052, 302.866



40, 4.194, 269.857



29, 66.787, 294.464



4, 17.661, 280.521

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 55.080, 0.861



59, 74.967, 4.745



79, 64.402, 110.934



40, 4.879, 352.483



35, 61.860, 14.636



4, 18.868, 1.540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 48.264, 281.631 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 48.264, 281.631 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

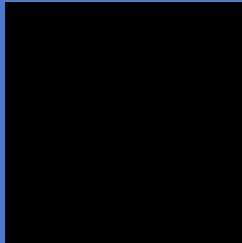
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

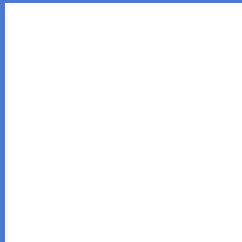
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 48.264, 281.631

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 48.264, 281.631.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 48.264, 281.631.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 48.264, 281.631

Protanopia

52, 47.813, 285.823

Deuteranopia

52, 47.946, 279.690



Tritanopia
52, 26.273, 211.278

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 48.264, 281.631

Protanomaly
52, 47.954, 284.152

Deuteranomaly
52, 47.867, 280.121

Tritanomaly
52, 28.641, 247.291

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 48.264, 281.631

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 18.299, 273.600

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 48.264, 281.631 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 123, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 123, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 123, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 123, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 48.264, 281.631 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

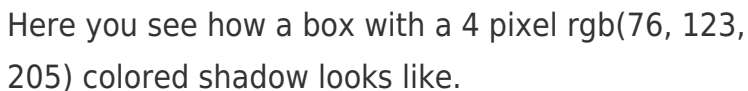
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 123, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 123, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 123, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 123, 205); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 123, 205); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 123, 205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 48.264, 281.631 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 123, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 123,  
205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor