

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 5.272, 90.832)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 5.272, 90.832) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 5.448, 91.898)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 807C73 |
| RGB | 128, 124, 115 |
| RGB Percent | 50%, 49%, 45% |
| CMY | 0.4991, 0.5148, 0.5501 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.03, 0.10, 0.50 |
| HSL | 42°, 5%, 48% |
| HSV | 42°, 10%, 50% |
| XYZ | 19.1112, 20.1443, 19.0175 |
| YIQ | 124.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

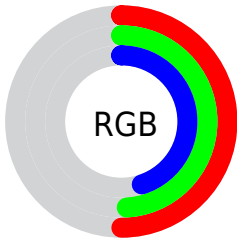
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 121, 128, 115 |
| Decimal | 8420467 |
| CIE Lab | 52.00, -0.18, 5.45 |
| CIE LCh | 52, 5.448, 91.898 |
| Yxy | 20.1443, 0.3280, 0.3457 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286610547 (0xFF807C73) |
| YUV | 124.1700, -4.5208, 3.3589 |
| Hunter-Lab | 44.8824, -2.5378, 6.2955 |

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 5.448, 91.898$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 5.462, 274.427$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 5.230, 88.175$, and $32, 5.359, 89.385$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 10.905, 90.712$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.086, 91.255$.

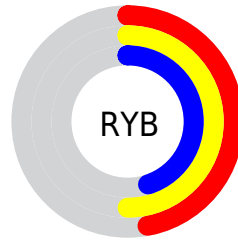
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (49%)

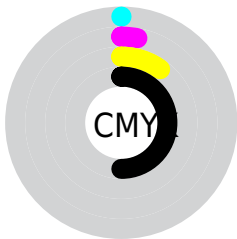
Blue (45%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (45%)

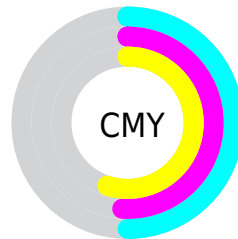


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 5.448, 91.898 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 5.448, 91.898 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 52, 5.448, 91.898  52, 5.448, 91.898

 100, 5.448, 91.898  42, 5.448, 91.898

 72, 5.448, 91.898  32, 5.448, 91.898


 82, 5.448, 91.898  22, 5.448, 91.898

 92, 5.448, 91.898  12, 5.448, 91.898

 2, 5.448, 91.898

 0, 5.448, 91.898

 52, 5.448, 91.898  52, 5.448, 91.898

 51, 10.905, 90.712  53, 0.086, 91.255

 49, 16.444, 89.462  55, 5.181, 274.279

48, 22.042, 88.175

56, 10.356,
275.347

47, 27.646, 86.851

58, 15.444,
276.377

45, 33.156, 85.484

44, 38.397, 84.054

59, 20.450,
277.361

43, 43.067, 82.512

61, 25.379,
278.296

42, 46.728, 80.767

41, 49.630, 78.962

63, 30.238,
279.184

64, 35.030,
280.025

66, 39.762,
280.820

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 5.448, 91.898



50, 5.462, 274.427

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 5.448, 91.898



52, 5.448, 141.898



52, 5.448, 271.898



52, 5.448, 321.898

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 5.449, 91.913



67, 1.970, 92.683



50, 5.824, 355.685



35, 1.507, 92.616



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 5.449, 91.913



66, 7.970, 91.666



53, 7.551, 116.671



26, 3.011, 92.038



41, 49.568, 78.967



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 5.462, 274.427



63, 7.986, 274.707



49, 7.716, 298.070



25, 3.019, 274.288



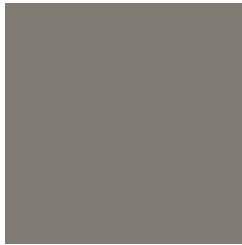
20, 58.938, 296.855



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 5.448, 91.898 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 5.448, 91.898 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

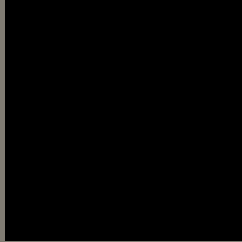
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 5.448, 91.898

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 5.448, 91.898.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 5.448, 91.898.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

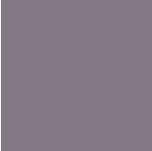
52, 5.448, 91.898

Protanopia

52, 5.448, 91.898

Deuteranopia

52, 8.252, 36.396



Tritanopia
52, 6.845, 322.045

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 5.448, 91.898

Protanomaly
52, 5.448, 91.898

Deuteranomaly
52, 6.487, 46.319

Tritanomaly
52, 3.318, 348.049

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 5.448, 91.898

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 1.774, 96.801

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 5.448, 91.898 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 124, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 124, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 124, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 124, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 5.448, 91.898 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 124, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 124, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 124, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 124, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 124, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 124,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 5.448, 91.898 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 124, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
124, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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