

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 5.672, 96.071)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(52, 5.672, 96.071) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(52, 5.905, 97.332)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7C72
RGB	127, 124, 114
RGB Percent	50%, 49%, 45%
CMY	0.5019, 0.5137, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.10, 0.50
HSL	46°, 5%, 47%
HSV	46°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	18.9993, 20.1443, 18.8082
YIQ	123.7570, 4.9980, -2.4740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

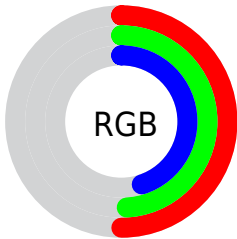
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	118, 127, 114
Decimal	8354930
CIE Lab	52.00, -0.75, 5.86
CIE LCh	52, 5.905, 97.332
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3278, 0.3476
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286545010 (0xFF7F7C72)
YUV	123.7570, -4.8102, 2.8441
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -2.9830, 6.5720

# Details

The CIELCh color  $52, 5.905, 97.332$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $49, 5.962, 279.730$ , and the grayscale version is  $52, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $72, 5.625, 93.788$ , and  $32, 5.835, 95.568$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $51, 11.738, 96.205$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53, 0.129, 97.508$ .

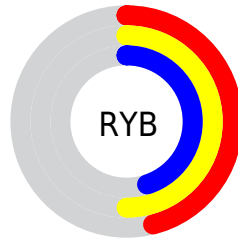
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (49%)

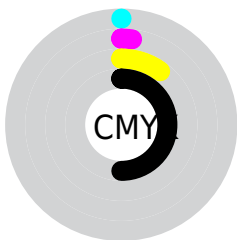
Blue (45%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (45%)

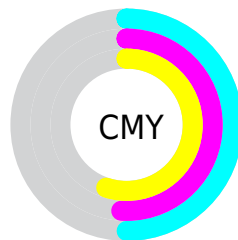


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 5.905, 97.332 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 5.905, 97.332 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52, 5.905, 97.332      ■ 52, 5.905, 97.332

■ 100, 5.905, 97.332      ■ 42, 5.905, 97.332

■ 72, 5.905, 97.332      ■ 32, 5.905, 97.332

■ 82, 5.905, 97.332      ■ 22, 5.905, 97.332

■ 92, 5.905, 97.332      ■ 12, 5.905, 97.332

■ 2, 5.905, 97.332

■ 0, 5.905, 97.332

■ 52, 5.905, 97.332      ■ 52, 5.905, 97.332

■ 51, 11.738, 96.205      ■ 53, 0.129, 97.508

■ 50, 17.605, 95.026      ■ 54, 5.584, 279.575

49, 23.469, 93.818

56, 11.230,  
280.593

48, 29.262, 92.586

57, 16.807,  
281.573

47, 34.863, 91.331

46, 40.074, 90.046

58, 22.318,  
282.508

45, 44.580, 88.707

59, 27.765,  
283.397

44, 47.958, 87.267

43, 50.477, 85.814

61, 33.151,  
284.240

62, 38.478,  
285.038

63, 43.748,  
285.792

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 5.905, 97.332



49, 5.962, 279.730

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 5.905, 97.332



52, 5.905, 147.332



52, 5.905, 277.332



52, 5.905, 327.332

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 5.906, 97.345



68, 2.138, 98.097



49, 5.613, 1.616



35, 1.635, 98.029



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 5.906, 97.345



66, 8.619, 97.115



53, 7.639, 119.956



26, 3.260, 97.470



43, 50.617, 85.806



0, 0.000, 0.000





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 5.962, 279.730



62, 8.711, 279.991



49, 7.794, 301.161



25, 3.289, 279.591



18, 65.622, 300.434



0, 0.000, 0.000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 5.905, 97.332 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 5.905, 97.332 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

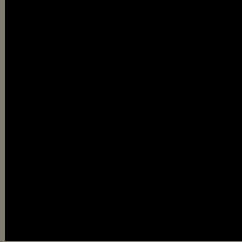
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

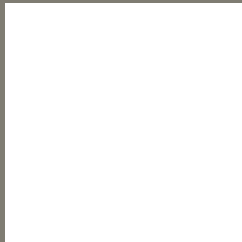
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 52, 5.905, 97.332

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 5.905, 97.332.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 5.905, 97.332.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


52, 5.905, 97.332

### Protanopia

52, 6.129, 89.707

### Deuteranopia

52, 8.458, 40.075



**Tritanopia**  
52, 6.648, 319.112



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
52, 5.905, 97.332

**Protanomaly**  
52, 6.003, 93.452

**Deuteranomaly**  
52, 6.781, 50.591

**Tritanomaly**  
52, 2.984, 343.921

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
52, 5.905, 97.332

**Achromatopsia**  
52, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
52, 2.342, 99.926

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 52, 5.905, 97.332 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 124, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 124, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 124, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 124, 114) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 5.905, 97.332 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 124, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 124, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 124, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 124, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 124, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 124,  
114) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 5.905, 97.332 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 124, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
124, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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