

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 51.788, 63.306)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 51.788, 63.306) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 51.554, 63.366)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B26B2B
RGB	178, 107, 43
RGB Percent	70%, 42%, 17%
CMY	0.3021, 0.5805, 0.8315
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.76, 0.30
HSL	28°, 61%, 43%
HSV	28°, 76%, 70%
XYZ	24.0422, 20.1443, 4.9039
YIQ	120.9330, 62.8600, -4.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

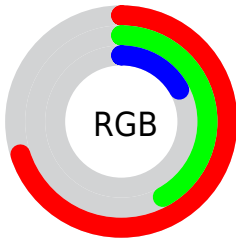
Format	Color
R _Y B	178, 165, 43
Decimal	11692843
CIE Lab	52.00, 23.11, 46.08
CIE LCh	52, 51.554, 63.366
Yxy	20.1443, 0.4898, 0.4104
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289882923 (0xFFB26B2B)
YUV	120.9330, -38.4210, 50.0478
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 17.0729, 24.9397

Details

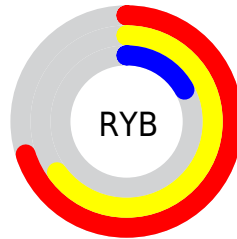
The CIELCh color **52, 51.554, 63.366** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **47, 40.242, 270.587**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 51.754, 63.666**, and **32, 48.587, 61.429** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 58.329, 61.737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 44.173, 64.711**.

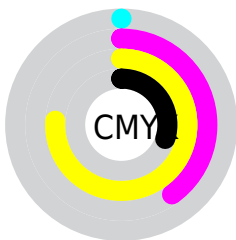
Distribution



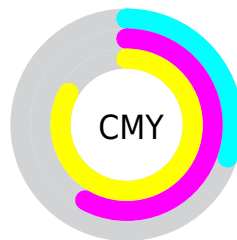
- Red (70%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 51.554, 63.366 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 51.554, 63.366 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 51.554, 63.366

■ 52, 51.554, 63.366

■ 100, 51.554,
63.366

■ 42, 51.554, 63.366

■ 72, 51.554, 63.366

■ 32, 51.554, 63.366

■ 82, 51.554, 63.366

■ 22, 51.554, 63.366

■ 92, 51.554, 63.366

■ 12, 51.554, 63.366

■ 2, 51.554, 63.366

■ 0, 51.554, 63.366

■ 52, 51.554, 63.366

■ 52, 51.554, 63.366

■ 50, 58.329, 61.737

■ 54, 44.173, 64.711

■ 48, 63.681, 59.510

■ 57, 36.710, 65.938

47, 65.773, 58.622

60, 29.424, 67.130

62, 22.428, 68.315

65, 15.759, 69.498

68, 9.419, 70.670

71, 3.389, 71.780

74, 2.357, 253.195

77, 7.848, 254.222

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 51.554, 63.366



47, 40.242, 270.587

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 51.554, 63.366



52, 51.554, 113.366



52, 51.554, 243.366



52, 51.554, 293.366

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 51.553, 63.369



84, 17.287, 69.788



42, 59.583, 351.503



44, 12.173, 69.365



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 51.553, 63.369



62, 75.769, 60.318



69, 64.029, 101.872



36, 3.318, 71.413



40, 58.674, 59.111



4, 7.535, 60.213

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 40.242, 270.587



55, 59.066, 277.926



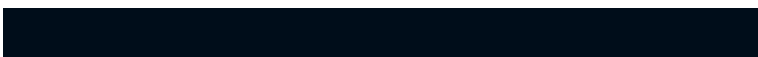
29, 81.296, 301.955



36, 3.235, 253.796



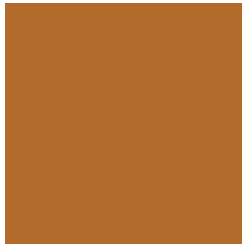
34, 46.164, 280.665



3, 8.605, 263.905

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 51.554, 63.366 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 51.554, 63.366 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 51.554, 63.366

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 51.554, 63.366.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 51.554, 63.366.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 51.554, 63.366

Protanopia

52, 42.853, 95.826

Deuteranopia

52, 47.491, 81.662



Tritanopia
52, 34.869, 16.700

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 51.554, 63.366

Protanomaly
52, 43.865, 82.285

Deuteranomaly
52, 48.498, 74.638

Tritanomaly
52, 37.642, 39.834

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 51.554, 63.366

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 17.832, 68.047

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 51.554, 63.366 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 107, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 107, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 107, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 107, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 51.554, 63.366 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 107, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 107, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 107, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 107, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 107, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 107,  
43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 51.554, 63.366 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 107, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
107, 43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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