

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 56.506, 138.736)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 56.506, 138.736)
contains.

CIELCh(52, 56.583, 138.780)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(52, 56.583, 138.780)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B8D38
RGB	59, 141, 56
RGB Percent	23%, 55%, 22%
CMY	0.7702, 0.4485, 0.7817
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.60, 0.45
HSL	118°, 43%, 38%
HSV	118°, 60%, 55%
XYZ	11.9584, 20.1443, 6.9570
YIQ	106.7920, -21.5870, -43.8190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

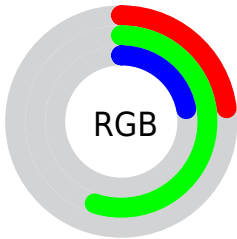
Format	Color
RYB	56, 141, 138
Decimal	3902776
CIELab	52.00, -42.56, 37.29
CIELCh	52, 56.583, 138.780
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3062, 0.5157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282092856 (0xFF3B8D38)
YUV	106.7920, -25.0405, -41.9136
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -30.9850, 22.2275

Details

The CIELCh color **52, 56.583, 138.780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **38, 56.241, 326.320**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 56.334, 138.906**, and **33, 55.174, 136.634** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 63.936, 137.789**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 48.200, 139.781**.

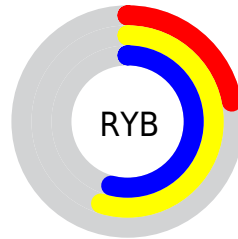
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (55%)

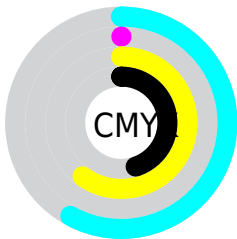
Blue (22%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (54%)

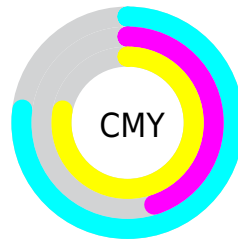


Cyan (58%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (77%)


Magenta (45%)


Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 56.583, 138.780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 56.583, 138.780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 56.583,
138.780


 52, 56.583,
138.780


 100, 56.583,
138.780


 42, 56.583,
138.780


 72, 56.583,
138.780

 32, 56.583,
138.780

 82, 56.583,
138.780

 22, 56.583,
138.780

 92, 56.583,
138.780

 12, 56.583,
138.780

 2, 56.583, 138.780

 0, 56.583, 138.780

■ 52, 56.583,
138.780

■ 52, 56.583,
138.780

■ 51, 63.936,
137.789

■ 53, 48.200,
139.781

■ 51, 69.882,
136.915

■ 54, 39.116,
140.722

■ 51, 74.069,
136.289

■ 55, 29.602,
141.570

■ 51, 76.714,
135.817

■ 56, 19.874,
142.316

■ 57, 10.097,
142.967

■ 58, 0.395, 143.985

■ 60, 9.145, 323.943

■ 62, 18.463,
324.351

■ 63, 27.522,
324.692

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 56.583, 138.780



38, 56.241, 326.320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 56.583, 138.780



52, 56.583, 188.780



52, 56.583, 318.780



52, 56.583, 8.780

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 56.583, 138.781



72, 21.767, 142.455



56, 43.852, 102.286



37, 15.082, 142.276



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 56.583, 138.781



66, 81.033, 137.404



52, 40.869, 154.645



30, 5.537, 143.041



49, 74.516, 135.807



2, 3.725, 143.519

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 56.241, 326.320



46, 79.795, 326.702



37, 42.370, 347.282



28, 5.548, 323.963



31, 72.220, 326.905



1, 3.726, 323.515

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 56.583, 138.780 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 56.583, 138.780 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 56.583, 138.780

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 56.583, 138.780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 56.583, 138.780.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
52, 56.583, 138.780

Protanopia
52, 40.543, 95.564

Deuteranopia
52, 35.909, 78.555



Tritanopia
52, 18.431, 216.308

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 56.583, 138.780

Protanomaly
51, 42.870, 117.701

Deuteranomaly
51, 37.040, 111.089

Tritanomaly
52, 27.169, 165.810

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 56.583, 138.780

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 22.140, 141.998

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 56.583, 138.780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 141, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 141, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 141, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 141, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 56.583, 138.780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 141, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 141, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 141, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 141, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 141, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 141,  
56) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 56.583, 138.780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 141, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 141,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor