

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 58.825, 145.403)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 58.825, 145.403)
contains.

CIELCh(52, 59.005, 145.281)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(52, 59.005, 145.281)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B8F3F
RGB	27, 143, 63
RGB Percent	11%, 56%, 25%
CMY	0.8923, 0.4405, 0.7541
CMYK	0.81, 0.00, 0.56, 0.44
HSL	138°, 68%, 33%
HSV	138°, 81%, 56%
XYZ	11.1280, 20.1443, 7.9622
YIQ	99.1960, -43.4560, -49.4720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

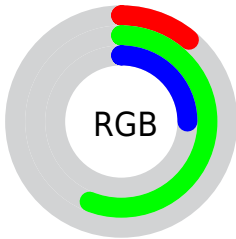
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 116, 143
Decimal	1806143
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, -48.50, 33.61
CIE _{LCh}	52, 59.005, 145.281
Y _{xy}	20.1443, 0.2836, 0.5134
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279996223 (0xFF1B8F3F)
YUV	99.1960, -17.8446, -63.3159
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -34.2874, 20.8996

Details

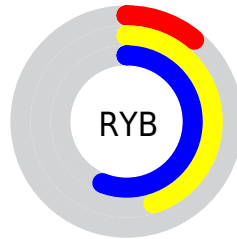
The CIELCh color **52, 59.005, 145.281** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **33, 56.497, 341.751**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 59.021, 145.384**, and **33, 52.777, 138.807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 63.920, 143.436**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 53.287, 146.986**.

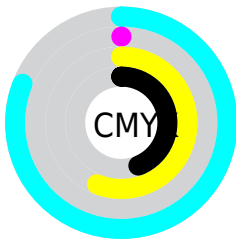
Distribution



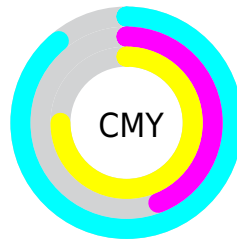
- Red (11%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 59.005, 145.281 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 59.005, 145.281 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 59.005,
145.281


 52, 59.005,
145.281


 100, 59.005,
145.281


 42, 59.005,
145.281


 72, 59.005,
145.281

 32, 59.005,
145.281

 82, 59.005,
145.281

 22, 59.005,
145.281

 92, 59.005,
145.281

 12, 59.005,
145.281

 2, 59.005, 145.281

 0, 59.005, 145.281

■ 52, 59.005,
145.281

■ 52, 59.005,
145.281

■ 52, 63.920,
143.436

■ 52, 53.287,
146.986

■ 52, 67.835,
141.776

■ 53, 46.854,
148.520

■ 54, 39.827,
149.877

■ 54, 32.348,
151.066

■ 55, 24.560,
152.104

■ 57, 16.598,
153.012

■ 58, 8.577, 153.816

■ 59, 0.593, 154.926

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 59.005, 145.281



33, 56.497, 341.751

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 59.005, 145.281



52, 59.005, 195.281



52, 59.005, 325.281



52, 59.005, 15.281

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 59.005, 145.281



72, 23.843, 152.685



55, 59.713, 118.492



37, 16.501, 152.392



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 59.005, 145.281



66, 81.953, 141.855



53, 36.445, 174.409



30, 4.502, 153.937



49, 65.050, 141.885



2, 3.034, 154.532

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 56.497, 341.751



42, 72.393, 344.766



31, 50.892, 19.228



28, 4.525, 335.102



29, 57.658, 344.755



1, 3.034, 334.525

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 59.005, 145.281 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 59.005, 145.281 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 59.005, 145.281

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 59.005, 145.281.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 59.005, 145.281.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
52, 59.098, 145.370

Protanopia
52, 37.602, 95.280

Deuteranopia
51, 31.467, 77.268



Tritanopia
52, 23.151, 213.531

Trichromacy



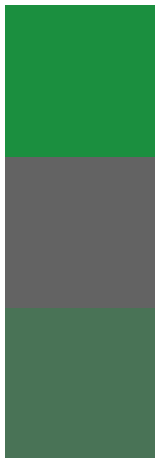
Original Color
52, 59.098, 145.370

Protanomaly
50, 42.091, 125.390

Deuteranomaly
50, 34.621, 121.515

Tritanomaly
52, 31.976, 172.604

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 59.098, 145.370

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 24.312, 151.742

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 59.005, 145.281 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 143, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 143, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 143, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 143, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 59.005, 145.281 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 143, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 143, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 143, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 143, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 143, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 143,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 59.005, 145.281 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 143, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 143,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor