

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 7.201, 354.735)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 7.201, 354.735) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 7.097, 356.142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88787D
RGB	136, 120, 125
RGB Percent	53%, 47%, 49%
CMY	0.4667, 0.5294, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.08, 0.47
HSL	341°, 6%, 50%
HSV	341°, 12%, 53%
XYZ	20.5680, 20.1443, 22.2028
YIQ	125.3540, 7.9310, 4.9470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

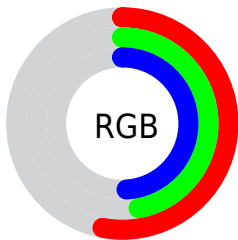
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 120, 125
Decimal	8943741
CIE Lab	52.00, 7.08, -0.48
CIE LCh	52, 7.097, 356.142
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3269, 0.3202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287133821 (0xFF88787D)
YUV	125.3540, -0.1745, 9.3365
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 3.2560, 2.0876

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 7.097, 356.142$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $55, 6.877, 174.105$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 7.219, 353.168$, and $32, 6.696, 358.397$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 13.362, 357.245$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 1.046, 354.922$.

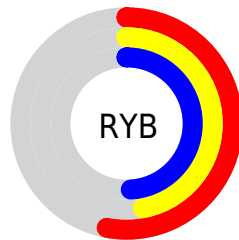
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (47%)

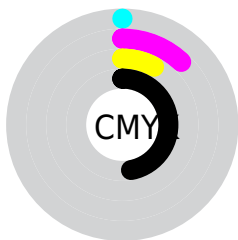
Blue (49%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (49%)

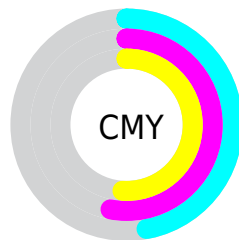


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 7.097, 356.142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 7.097, 356.142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 7.097, 356.142

■ 52, 7.097, 356.142

■ 100, 7.097,
356.142

■ 42, 7.097, 356.142

■ 72, 7.097, 356.142

■ 32, 7.097, 356.142

■ 82, 7.097, 356.142

■ 22, 7.097, 356.142

■ 92, 7.097, 356.142

■ 12, 7.097, 356.142

■ 2, 7.097, 356.142

■ 0, 7.097, 356.142

■ 52, 7.097, 356.142

■ 52, 7.097, 356.142

■ 48, 13.362,
357.245

■ 56, 1.046, 354.922

■ 60, 4.758, 174.509

44, 19.782,
358.502

64, 10.308,
173.726

41, 26.243,
359.987

68, 15.612,
173.045

37, 32.573, 1.780

72, 20.682,
172.429

34, 38.536, 3.991

76, 25.536,
171.868

32, 43.854, 6.759

30, 48.281, 10.242

81, 30.192,
171.352

29, 51.709, 14.571

85, 34.668,
170.876

28, 54.251, 18.415

89, 38.981,
170.435

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 7.097, 356.142



55, 6.877, 174.105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 7.097, 356.142



52, 7.097, 46.142



52, 7.097, 176.142



52, 7.097, 226.142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 7.095, 356.149



70, 2.935, 355.323



52, 10.278, 315.666



37, 2.105, 355.406



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 7.095, 356.149



65, 10.471, 356.416



53, 5.618, 37.376



27, 3.422, 355.879



27, 53.234, 18.266



0, 1.561, 355.103

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 7.095, 356.149



65, 10.471, 356.416



55, 5.226, 217.888



27, 3.422, 355.879



27, 53.234, 18.266



0, 1.561, 355.103

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 7.097, 356.142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 7.097, 356.142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

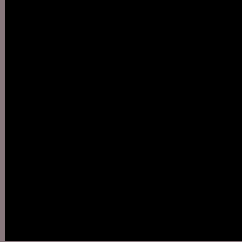
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 7.097, 356.142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 7.097, 356.142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 7.097, 356.142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 7.097, 356.142

Protanopia

52, 2.470, 309.165

Deuteranopia

52, 7.097, 356.142



Tritanopia
52, 9.266, 341.763

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 7.097, 356.142

Protanomaly
52, 3.656, 340.318

Deuteranomaly
52, 7.097, 356.142

Tritanomaly
52, 8.927, 344.695

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 7.097, 356.142

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 2.682, 353.975

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 7.097, 356.142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 120, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 120, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 120, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 120, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 7.097, 356.142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 120, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 120, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 120, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 120, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 120, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 120,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 7.097, 356.142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 120, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
120, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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