

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 70.439, 350.019)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 70.439, 350.019)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 70.365, 349.944)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DC3893
RGB	220, 56, 147
RGB Percent	86%, 22%, 58%
CMY	0.1373, 0.7804, 0.4236
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.33, 0.14
HSL	327°, 70%, 54%
HSV	327°, 75%, 86%
XYZ	36.1866, 20.1443, 29.5774
YIQ	115.4100, 68.5330, 63.0690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

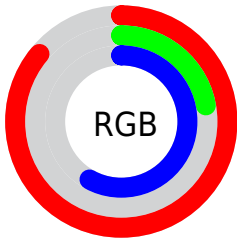
Format	Color
R _Y B	220, 56, 147
Decimal	14432403
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, 69.28, -12.29
CIE _{LCh}	52, 70.365, 349.944
Y _{xy}	20.1443, 0.4212, 0.2345
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292622483 (0xFFDC3893)
YUV	115.4100, 15.5739, 91.7254
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 65.3720, -7.6542

Details

The CIELCh color **52, 70.365, 349.944** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **78, 69.681, 151.642**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 64.361, 343.335**, and **35, 61.797, 352.525** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 74.519, 352.382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 63.978, 347.995**.

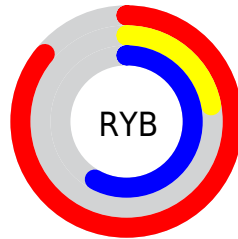
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (22%)

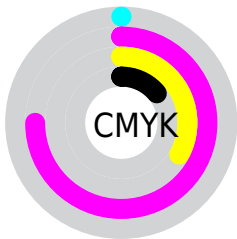
Blue (58%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (58%)

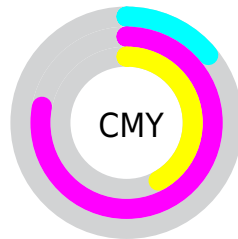


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)


Magenta (78%)


Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 70.365, 349.944 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 70.365, 349.944 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 70.365,
349.944


 52, 70.365,
349.944


 100, 70.365,
349.944


 42, 70.365,
349.944


 72, 70.365,
349.944

 32, 70.365,
349.944

 82, 70.365,
349.944

 22, 70.365,
349.944

 92, 70.365,
349.944

 12, 70.365,
349.944

 2, 70.365, 349.944

 0, 70.365, 349.944

■ 52, 70.365,
349.944

■ 52, 70.365,
349.944

■ 50, 74.519,
352.382

■ 55, 63.978,
347.995

■ 48, 76.338,
355.451

■ 59, 55.800,
346.400

■ 48, 76.695,
357.355

■ 64, 46.370,
345.060


■ 69, 36.197,
343.905

■ 74, 25.682,
342.884

■ 79, 15.113,
341.962

■ 85, 4.677, 341.074

■ 91, 5.513, 160.481

 97, 15.399,
159.735

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 70.365, 349.944



78, 69.681, 151.642

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 70.365, 349.944



52, 70.365, 39.944



52, 70.365, 169.944



52, 70.365, 219.944

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 70.361, 349.945



86, 25.914, 342.658



42, 94.715, 310.823



44, 17.436, 342.920



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 70.361, 349.945



57, 84.683, 353.887



50, 71.132, 27.699



43, 5.853, 341.514



37, 64.364, 356.706



6, 25.704, 350.574

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 70.361, 349.945



57, 84.683, 353.887



80, 43.447, 188.641



43, 5.853, 341.514



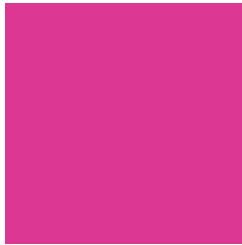
37, 64.364, 356.706



6, 25.704, 350.574

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 70.365, 349.944 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

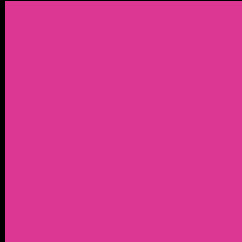
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 70.365, 349.944 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

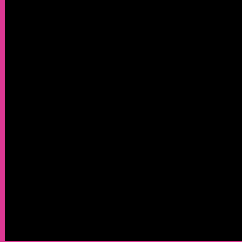
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 70.365, 349.944

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 70.365, 349.944.

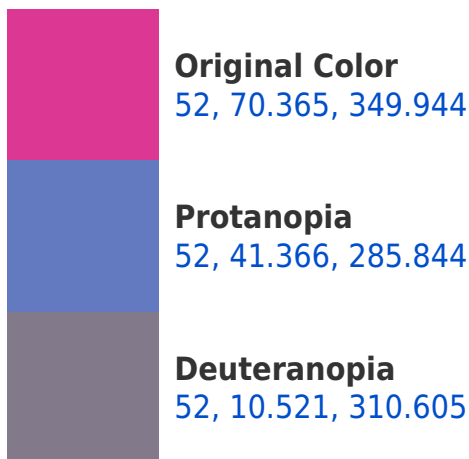


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 70.365, 349.944.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
52, 61.597, 26.538

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 70.365, 349.944



Protanomaly
49, 48.014, 313.708



Deuteranomaly
50, 35.600, 338.790



Tritanomaly
52, 61.612, 12.198

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 70.365, 349.944



Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
47, 30.112, 343.997

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 70.365, 349.944 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 56, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 56, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 56, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 56, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 70.365, 349.944 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 56, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 56, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 56, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 56, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 56, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 56,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 70.365, 349.944 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 56, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220, 56,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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