

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 73.948, 345.140)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 73.948, 345.140)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 73.833, 345.343)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DC359E
RGB	220, 53, 158
RGB Percent	86%, 21%, 62%
CMY	0.1384, 0.7935, 0.3814
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 0.28, 0.14
HSL	322°, 70%, 53%
HSV	322°, 76%, 86%
XYZ	36.8334, 20.1443, 34.1785
YIQ	114.9030, 65.8270, 68.0590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

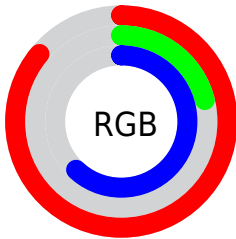
Format	Color
R_{YB}	220, 53, 158
Decimal	14431646
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, 71.43, -18.68
CIE _{LCh}	52, 73.833, 345.343
Yxy	20.1443, 0.4041, 0.2210
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292621726 (0xFFDC359E)
YUV	114.9030, 21.2468, 92.1701
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 67.9442, -13.7324

Details

The CIELCh color **52, 73.833, 345.343** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **78, 75.427, 148.157**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 68.438, 338.786**, and **35, 63.817, 347.456** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 77.587, 347.300**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 67.676, 343.747**.

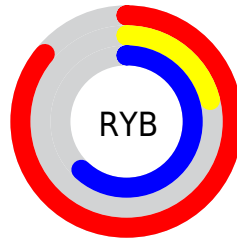
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (21%)

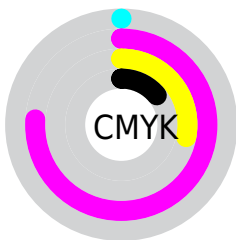
Blue (62%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (62%)

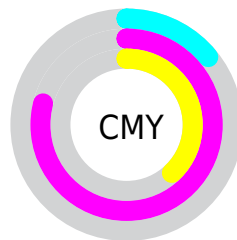


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)


Magenta (79%)


Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 73.833, 345.343 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 73.833, 345.343 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 73.833,
345.343


 52, 73.833,
345.343


 100, 73.833,
345.343

 42, 73.833,
345.343


 72, 73.833,
345.343

 32, 73.833,
345.343

 82, 73.833,
345.343

 22, 73.833,
345.343

 92, 73.833,
345.343

 12, 73.833,
345.343

 2, 73.833, 345.343

 0, 73.833, 345.343

■ 52, 73.833,
345.343

■ 52, 73.833,
345.343

■ 50, 77.587,
347.300

■ 55, 67.676,
343.747

■ 49, 78.876,
349.730

■ 59, 59.541,
342.412

■ 48, 79.013,
350.791

■ 63, 49.976,
341.262


■ 68, 39.514,
340.247

■ 73, 28.591,
339.331

■ 79, 17.527,
338.489

■ 84, 6.539, 337.683

■ 90, 4.240, 157.120

 96, 14.733,
156.391

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 73.833, 345.343



78, 75.427, 148.157

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 73.833, 345.343



52, 73.833, 35.343



52, 73.833, 165.343



52, 73.833, 215.343

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 73.830, 345.344



85, 28.485, 339.085



40, 96.790, 309.290



43, 19.733, 339.401



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 73.830, 345.344



57, 87.971, 348.628



50, 70.152, 23.472



43, 6.165, 337.959



38, 66.418, 350.300



6, 26.790, 345.540

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 73.830, 345.344



57, 87.971, 348.628



80, 46.332, 181.238



43, 6.165, 337.959



38, 66.418, 350.300



6, 26.790, 345.540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 73.833, 345.343 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

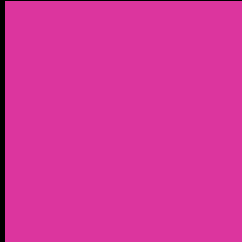
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 73.833, 345.343 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

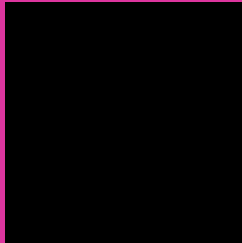
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 73.833, 345.343

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 73.833, 345.343.

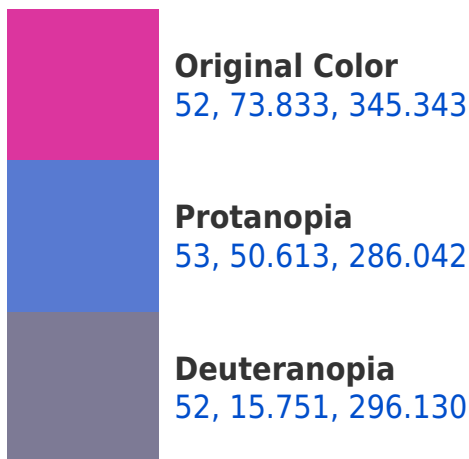


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 73.833, 345.343.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

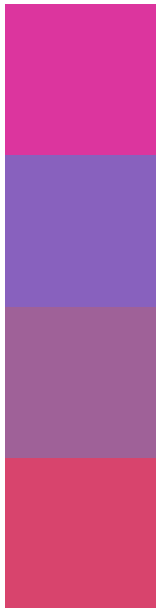
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
52, 60.421, 26.649

Trichromacy



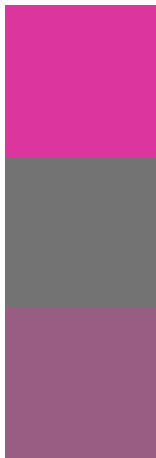
Original Color
52, 73.833, 345.343

Protanomaly
49, 55.749, 309.056

Deuteranomaly
50, 39.053, 329.922

Tritanomaly
52, 61.142, 9.325

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 73.833, 345.343

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 32.722, 340.018

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 73.833, 345.343 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 53, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 53, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 53, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 53, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 73.833, 345.343 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 53, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 53, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 53, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 53, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 53, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 53,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 73.833, 345.343 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 53, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220, 53,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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