

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 8.188, 331.907)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 8.188, 331.907) contains.

CIELCh(52, 8.494, 331.640)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(52, 8.494, 331.640)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	867883
RGB	134, 120, 131
RGB Percent	53%, 47%, 51%
CMY	0.4745, 0.5294, 0.4862
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.02, 0.47
HSL	313°, 6%, 50%
HSV	313°, 10%, 53%
XYZ	20.6490, 20.1443, 24.2770
YIQ	125.4400, 4.8130, 6.3890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

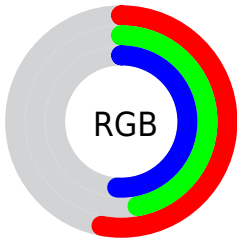
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 120, 131
Decimal	8812675
CIE Lab	52.00, 7.47, -4.03
CIE LCh	52, 8.494, 331.640
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3173, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287002755 (0xFF867883)
YUV	125.4400, 2.7411, 7.5071
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 3.5782, -0.6524

Details

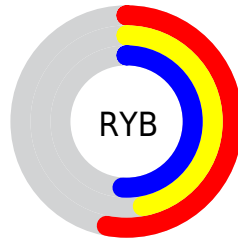
The CIELCh color $52, 8.494, 331.640$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $55, 8.463, 150.396$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 8.636, 330.987$, and $32, 8.192, 330.164$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 16.702, 332.287$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 0.364, 330.423$.

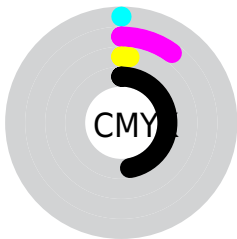
Distribution



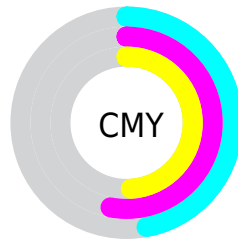
- Red (53%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 8.494, 331.640 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 8.494, 331.640 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 8.494, 331.640

■ 52, 8.494, 331.640

■ 100, 8.494,
331.640

■ 42, 8.494, 331.640

■ 72, 8.494, 331.640

■ 32, 8.494, 331.640

■ 82, 8.494, 331.640

■ 22, 8.494, 331.640

■ 92, 8.494, 331.640

■ 12, 8.494, 331.640

■ 2, 8.494, 331.640

■ 0, 8.494, 331.640

■ 52, 8.494, 331.640

■ 52, 8.494, 331.640

■ 48, 16.702,
332.287

■ 56, 0.364, 330.423

■ 60, 7.607, 150.513

45, 24.877,
332.948

63, 15.380,
149.944

42, 32.844,
333.632

67, 22.933,
149.414

38, 40.361,
334.342

71, 30.259,
148.913

36, 47.126,
335.086

75, 37.362,
148.440

34, 52.791,
335.876

79, 44.250,
147.994

32, 57.024,
336.736

83, 50.933,
147.574

30, 59.595,
337.698

87, 57.424,
147.177

30, 60.971,
338.694

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 8.494, 331.640



55, 8.463, 150.396

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 8.494, 331.640



52, 8.494, 21.640



52, 8.494, 151.640



52, 8.494, 201.640

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 8.492, 331.641



69, 2.998, 331.125



51, 8.256, 298.714



36, 2.263, 331.187



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 8.492, 331.641



65, 13.068, 331.824



52, 6.171, 356.866



26, 4.542, 331.555



29, 59.688, 338.657



0, 1.081, 331.031

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 8.492, 331.641



65, 13.068, 331.824



55, 5.994, 175.089



26, 4.542, 331.555



29, 59.688, 338.657



0, 1.081, 331.031

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 8.494, 331.640 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

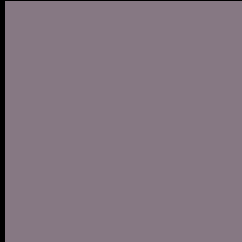
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 8.494, 331.640 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

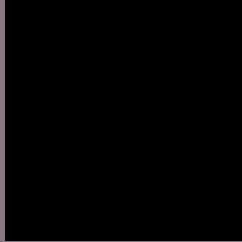
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 8.494, 331.640

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 8.494, 331.640.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 8.494, 331.640.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 8.494, 331.640

Protanopia

52, 5.833, 294.723

Deuteranopia

52, 8.240, 329.505



Tritanopia
52, 8.073, 334.364

Trichromacy



Original Color

52, 8.494, 331.640

Protanomaly

52, 6.300, 312.769

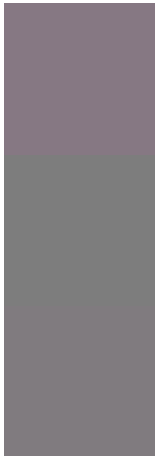
Deuteranomaly

52, 8.240, 329.505

Tritanomaly

52, 8.073, 334.364

Monochromacy



Original Color

52, 8.494, 331.640

Achromatopsia

52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

52, 3.078, 330.687

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 8.494, 331.640 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 120, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 120, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 120, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 120, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 8.494, 331.640 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 120, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 120, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 120, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 120, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 120, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 120,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 8.494, 331.640 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 120, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
120, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor