

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 83.945, 48.704)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(52, 83.945, 48.704) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(52, 83.836, 48.552)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DD4900
RGB	221, 73, 0
RGB Percent	87%, 29%, 0%
CMY	0.1332, 0.7136, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 1.00, 0.13
HSL	20°, 100%, 43%
HSV	20°, 100%, 87%
XYZ	32.2109, 20.1443, 2.1913
YIQ	108.9300, 111.6410, 8.6730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

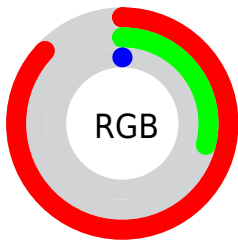
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	221, 109, 0
Decimal	14502144
CIE Lab	52.00, 55.49, 62.84
CIE LCh	52, 83.836, 48.552
Yxy	20.1443, 0.5905, 0.3693
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292692224 (0xFFDD4900)
YUV	108.9300, -53.7025, 98.2854
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 49.5602, 28.5230

# Details

The CIELCh color **52, 83.836, 48.552** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **58, 46.578, 262.212**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 71.789, 52.174**, and **32, 72.402, 39.637** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 83.842, 48.553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 76.904, 50.024**.

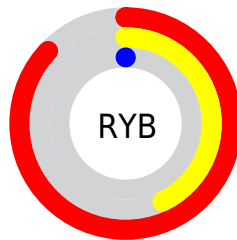
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (29%)

Blue (0%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (0%)

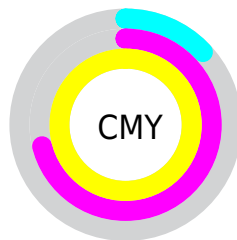


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 83.836, 48.552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 83.836, 48.552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



52, 83.836, 48.552

52, 83.836, 48.552

100, 83.836,  
48.552

42, 83.836, 48.552

72, 83.836, 48.552

32, 83.836, 48.552

82, 83.836, 48.552

22, 83.836, 48.552

92, 83.836, 48.552

12, 83.836, 48.552

2, 83.836, 48.552

0, 83.836, 48.552

52, 83.836, 48.552

52, 83.836, 48.552

52, 83.842, 48.553

54, 76.904, 50.024

57, 68.023, 50.841

60, 58.217, 51.268

64, 48.379, 51.620

68, 38.917, 52.027

71, 29.996, 52.526

75, 21.664, 53.116

80, 13.912, 53.778

84, 6.702, 54.473

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 83.836, 48.552



58, 46.578, 262.212

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 83.836, 48.552



52, 83.836, 98.552



52, 83.836, 228.552



52, 83.836, 278.552

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 83.833, 48.554



86, 24.363, 53.100



49, 81.817, 346.412



44, 16.889, 52.840



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 83.833, 48.554



60, 93.682, 48.272



75, 77.221, 89.125



44, 3.778, 54.510



41, 69.533, 49.133



8, 19.339, 41.511



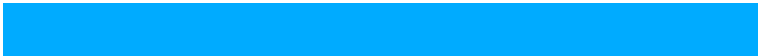


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 46.578, 262.212



67, 52.147, 262.673



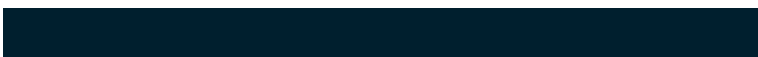
31, 107.908, 303.241



44, 3.604, 236.239



46, 38.492, 261.296



10, 14.142, 250.760



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 83.836, 48.552 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 83.836, 48.552 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 52, 83.836, 48.552**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 83.836, 48.552.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 83.836, 48.552.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52, 83.836, 48.552

### Protanopia

52, 52.645, 95.605

### Deuteranopia

52, 58.437, 83.838



**Tritanopia**  
52, 68.188, 29.058



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 83.836, 48.552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 73, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 73, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 73, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 73, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 83.836, 48.552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 73, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 73, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 73, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 73, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 73, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 73, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 83.836, 48.552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 73, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221, 73,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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