

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 88.374, 315.250)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 88.374, 315.250)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 88.298, 315.248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB4FE8
RGB	171, 79, 232
RGB Percent	67%, 31%, 91%
CMY	0.3285, 0.6894, 0.0893
CMYK	0.26, 0.66, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	276°, 77%, 61%
HSV	276°, 66%, 91%
XYZ	34.2515, 20.1443, 78.5933
YIQ	123.9500, 5.7190, 67.0870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

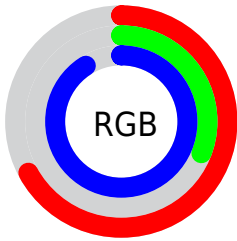
Format	Color
R_{YB}	171, 79, 232
Decimal	11227112
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, 62.71, -62.17
CIE _{LCh}	52, 88.298, 315.248
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2576, 0.1515
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289417192 (0xFFAB4FE8)
YUV	123.9500, 53.2687, 41.2629
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 57.6760, -72.4046

Details

The CIELCh color **52, 88.298, 315.248** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9933CC**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **84, 82.299, 129.651**, and the grayscale version is **52, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 71.504, 320.651**, and **32, 88.076, 315.372** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 99.051, 315.333**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 75.870, 314.973**.

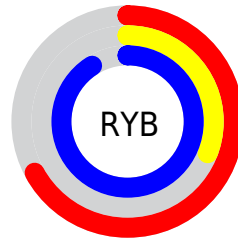
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (31%)

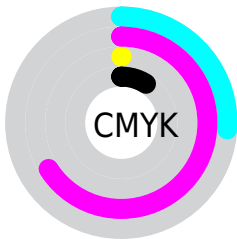
Blue (91%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (91%)

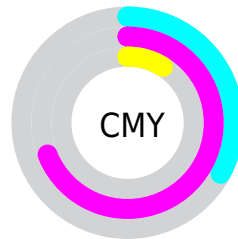


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (33%)


Magenta (69%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 88.298, 315.248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 88.298, 315.248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 88.298,
315.248

 52, 88.298,
315.248

 100, 88.298,
315.248

 42, 88.298,
315.248

 72, 88.298,
315.248

 32, 88.298,
315.248

 82, 88.298,
315.248

 22, 88.298,
315.248

 92, 88.298,
315.248

 12, 88.298,
315.248

 2, 88.298, 315.248

 0, 88.298, 315.248

■ 52, 88.298,
315.248

■ 52, 88.298,
315.248

■ 47, 99.051,
315.333

■ 57, 75.870,
314.973

■ 44, 107.306,
315.136

■ 63, 62.496,
314.582

■ 41, 112.420,
314.578

■ 69, 48.708,
314.134

■ 40, 113.908,
314.286


■ 75, 34.859,
313.666

■ 82, 21.165,
313.203

■ 88, 7.751, 312.751

■ 95, 5.318, 132.398

■ 99, 12.091,
126.039

 99, 11.531,
110.121

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 88.298, 315.248



84, 82.299, 129.651

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 88.298, 315.248



52, 88.298, 5.248



52, 88.298, 135.248



52, 88.298, 185.248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 88.297, 315.248



86, 28.879, 313.396



58, 53.098, 279.871



44, 19.762, 313.528



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 88.297, 315.248



51, 109.779, 315.300



60, 84.136, 331.053



46, 7.571, 312.913



31, 94.414, 314.461



5, 38.155, 315.035

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 63.745, 359.173



58, 77.675, 3.342



82, 86.090, 140.925



46, 5.587, 350.310



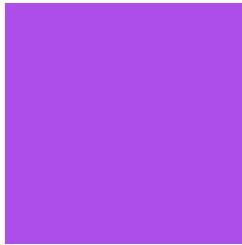
38, 65.585, 11.716



7, 27.955, 2.957

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 88.298, 315.248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

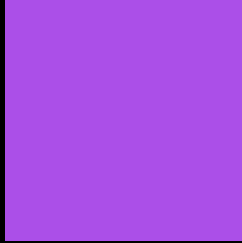
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 88.298, 315.248 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

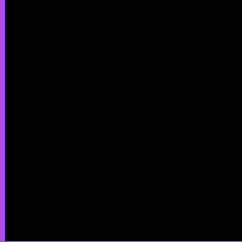
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 88.298, 315.248

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 88.298, 315.248.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 88.298, 315.248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
52, 88.298, 315.248

Protanopia
52, 77.596, 287.570

Deuteranopia
52, 57.621, 278.253



Tritanopia
52, 17.257, 4.100

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 88.298, 315.248



Protanomaly
49, 81.924, 294.079



Deuteranomaly
49, 68.229, 291.979



Tritanomaly
51, 41.042, 325.466

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 88.298, 315.248



Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
51, 34.262, 313.954

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 88.298, 315.248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 79, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 79, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 79, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 79, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 88.298, 315.248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 79, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 79, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 79, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 79, 232); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 79, 232); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 79, 232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 88.298, 315.248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 79, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 79,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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