

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 9.303, 106.693)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 9.303, 106.693) contains.

CIELCh(52, 9.242, 106.404)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(52, 9.242, 106.404)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E7D6D
RGB	126, 125, 109
RGB Percent	49%, 49%, 43%
CMY	0.5066, 0.5105, 0.5732
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.14, 0.51
HSL	56°, 7%, 46%
HSV	56°, 14%, 49%
XYZ	18.6396, 20.1443, 17.3246
YIQ	123.4750, 5.7320, -4.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

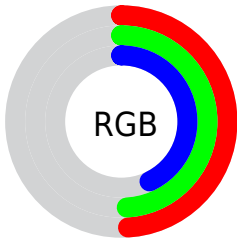
Format	Color
R _Y B	110, 126, 109
Decimal	8289645
CIE Lab	52.00, -2.61, 8.87
CIE LCh	52, 9.242, 106.404
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3322, 0.3590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286479725 (0xFF7E7D6D)
YUV	123.4750, -7.1362, 2.2144
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -4.4134, 8.5317

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 9.242, 106.404$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $47, 9.487, 289.161$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 9.749, 106.931$, and $32, 8.814, 105.568$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 16.058, 105.429$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 2.396, 107.363$.

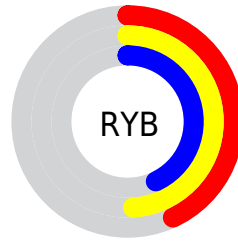
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (49%)

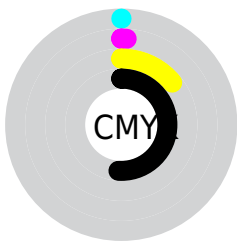
Blue (43%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (43%)

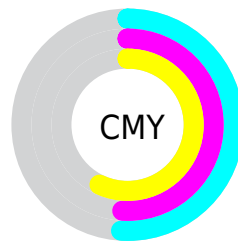


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 9.242, 106.404 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 9.242, 106.404 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 9.242, 106.404

■ 52, 9.242, 106.404

■ 100, 9.242,
106.404

■ 42, 9.242, 106.404

■ 72, 9.242, 106.404

■ 32, 9.242, 106.404

■ 82, 9.242, 106.404

■ 22, 9.242, 106.404

■ 92, 9.242, 106.404

■ 12, 9.242, 106.404

■ 2, 9.242, 106.404

■ 0, 9.242, 106.404

■ 52, 9.242, 106.404

■ 52, 9.242, 106.404

■ 52, 16.058,
105.429

■ 53, 2.396, 107.363

■ 53, 4.453, 288.352

■ 51, 22.794,
104.443

■ 54, 11.286,
289.262

■ 51, 29.376,
103.467

■ 54, 18.088,
290.144

■ 50, 35.687,
102.521

■ 55, 24.852,
290.989

■ 50, 41.549,
101.625

■ 56, 31.572,
291.795

■ 50, 46.703,
100.805

■ 56, 38.241,
292.560

■ 49, 50.817,
100.085

■ 57, 44.858,
293.283

■ 49, 53.582, 99.482

■ 58, 51.418,
293.966

■ 49, 55.098, 99.120

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 9.242, 106.404



47, 9.487, 289.161

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 9.242, 106.404



52, 9.242, 156.404



52, 9.242, 286.404



52, 9.242, 336.404

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 9.243, 106.411



67, 3.382, 107.310



48, 7.118, 14.872



35, 2.392, 107.251



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 9.243, 106.411



66, 13.541, 106.131



52, 10.302, 126.097



27, 3.899, 106.837



49, 55.624, 99.115



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 9.487, 289.161



58, 13.975, 289.504



47, 10.515, 307.337



24, 3.971, 288.666



14, 76.955, 305.195



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 9.242, 106.404 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 9.242, 106.404 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

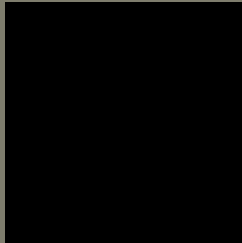
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

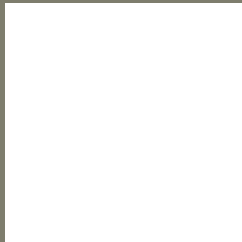
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 9.242, 106.404

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 9.242, 106.404.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 9.242, 106.404.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 9.242, 106.404

Protanopia

52, 9.576, 93.687

Deuteranopia

52, 10.737, 49.104



Tritanopia
52, 5.942, 318.404

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 9.242, 106.404

Protanomaly
52, 9.390, 98.678

Deuteranomaly
52, 8.701, 66.620

Tritanomaly
52, 2.012, 19.434

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 9.242, 106.404

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 3.470, 109.722

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 9.242, 106.404 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 125, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 125, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 125, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 125, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 9.242, 106.404 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 125, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 125, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 125, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 125, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 125, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 125,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 9.242, 106.404 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 125, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
125, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor