

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 0.626, 102.926)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 0.626, 102.926) contains.

CIELCh(53, 1.147, 109.994)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	19
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	22
<i>CSS Examples</i>	25

Color

CIELCh(53, 1.147, 109.994)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7F7D
RGB	127, 127, 125
RGB Percent	50%, 50%, 49%
CMY	0.5033, 0.5033, 0.5112
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	60°, 1%, 49%
HSV	60°, 2%, 50%
XYZ	19.9247, 21.0462, 22.2985
YIQ	126.7720, 0.6420, -0.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	125, 127, 125
Decimal	8355709
CIELab	53.00, -0.39, 1.08
CIElCh	53, 1.147, 109.994
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3149, 0.3326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286545789 (0xFF7F7F7D)
YUV	126.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -2.7578, 3.2949

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 1.147, 109.994$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 1.166, 290.409$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 1.074, 110.018$, and $33, 1.252, 109.931$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 8.448, 109.154$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 6.169, 290.991$.

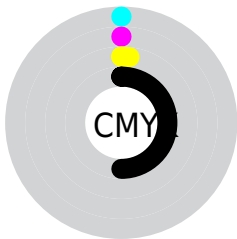
Distribution



- Red (50%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 1.147, 109.994 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 1.147, 109.994 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 1.147, 109.994

■ 53, 1.147, 109.994

100, 1.147,
109.994

■ 43, 1.147, 109.994

■ 73, 1.147, 109.994

■ 33, 1.147, 109.994

■ 83, 1.147, 109.994

■ 23, 1.147, 109.994

■ 93, 1.147, 109.994

■ 13, 1.147, 109.994

■ 3, 1.147, 109.994

■ 0, 1.147, 109.994

■ 53, 1.147, 109.994

■ 53, 1.147, 109.994

■ 53, 8.448, 109.154

■ 53, 6.169, 290.991

■ 52, 15.698,

■ 54, 13.480,

108.226

291.864

■ 52, 22.846,
107.303

■ 54, 20.768,
292.707

■ 52, 29.815,
106.401

■ 55, 28.023,
293.515

■ 52, 36.487,
105.542

■ 55, 35.235,
294.284

■ 52, 42.685,
104.754

■ 56, 42.395,
295.013

■ 51, 48.161,
104.071

■ 56, 49.499,
295.702

■ 51, 52.603,
103.528

■ 57, 56.541,
296.350

■ 51, 55.708,
103.156

■ 58, 63.516,
296.958

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 1.147, 109.994



52, 1.166, 290.409

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 1.147, 109.994



53, 1.147, 159.994



53, 1.147, 289.994



53, 1.147, 339.994

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 1.148, 110.041



68, 0.008, 296.813



52, 0.800, 19.005



36, 0.005, 296.813



85, 0.010, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 1.148, 110.041



68, 1.814, 110.007



53, 1.221, 129.073



27, 0.825, 110.024



52, 57.970, 102.923



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 1.166, 290.409



67, 1.838, 290.444



52, 1.236, 309.066



26, 0.836, 290.426



13, 80.039, 306.293



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 1.147, 109.994 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 1.147, 109.994 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

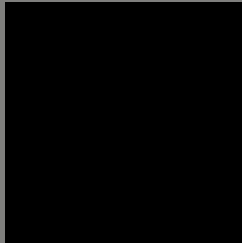
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

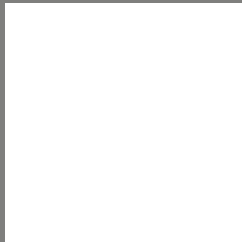
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 1.147, 109.994

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 1.147, 109.994.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 1.147, 109.994.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


53, 1.147, 109.994

Protanopia

53, 1.657, 63.325

Deuteranopia

53, 7.261, 1.692



Tritanopia
53, 5.928, 302.214

Trichromacy



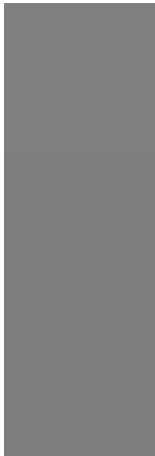
Original Color
53, 1.147, 109.994

Protanomaly
53, 1.394, 74.868

Deuteranomaly
53, 4.586, 5.283

Tritanomaly
53, 3.012, 305.661

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 1.147, 109.994

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 0.007, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 1.147, 109.994 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 127, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 127, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 127, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 127, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 1.147, 109.994 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 127, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 127, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 127, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 127, 125); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 127, 125); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 127, 125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 1.147, 109.994 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 127, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
127, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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