

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 1.007, 69.335)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 1.007, 69.335) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 0.978, 55.161)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	807E7D
RGB	128, 126, 125
RGB Percent	50%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.4974, 0.5053, 0.5092
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	20°, 1%, 50%
HSV	20°, 2%, 50%
XYZ	20.1167, 21.0462, 22.4550
YIQ	126.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 127, 125
Decimal	8420989
CIE Lab	53.00, 0.56, 0.80
CIE LCh	53, 0.978, 55.161
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3162, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286611069 (0xFF807E7D)
YUV	126.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -2.0108, 3.0926

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 0.978, 55.161$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 0.974, 236.335$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 0.915, 55.074$, and $33, 1.070, 55.192$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 5.345, 54.797$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 3.112, 236.506$.

Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (49%)

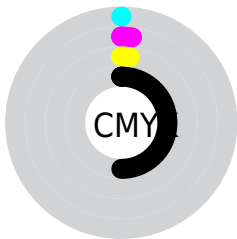
Blue (49%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (49%)

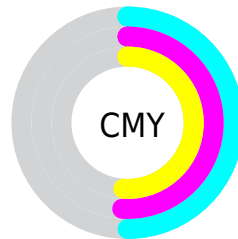


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 0.978, 55.161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 0.978, 55.161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 0.978, 55.161 ■ 53, 0.978, 55.161

100, 0.978, 55.161 ■ 43, 0.978, 55.161

■ 73, 0.978, 55.161 ■ 33, 0.978, 55.161

■ 83, 0.978, 55.161 ■ 23, 0.978, 55.161

■ 93, 0.978, 55.161 ■ 13, 0.978, 55.161

■ 3, 0.978, 55.161

■ 0, 0.978, 55.161

■ 53, 0.978, 55.161 ■ 53, 0.978, 55.161

■ 50, 5.345, 54.797 ■ 56, 3.112, 236.506

■ 48, 10.020, 54.114 ■ 59, 6.956, 237.234

45, 15.029, 53.469

61, 10.582,
238.010

42, 20.395, 52.890

64, 14.015,
238.789

40, 26.119, 52.392

38, 32.172, 51.976

67, 17.280,
239.559

35, 38.459, 51.607

70, 20.396,
240.315

33, 44.747, 51.180

31, 50.544, 50.434

73, 23.382,
241.052

75, 26.254,
241.767

78, 29.024,
242.459

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 0.978, 55.161



53, 0.974, 236.335

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 0.978, 55.161



53, 0.978, 105.161



53, 0.978, 235.161



53, 0.978, 285.161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 0.978, 55.257



68, 0.511, 54.888



53, 1.677, 335.672



36, 0.293, 54.830



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 0.978, 55.257



67, 1.551, 55.287



53, 1.446, 102.021



26, 0.943, 55.286



30, 54.569, 50.033



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 0.974, 236.335



67, 1.537, 236.310



53, 1.464, 282.650



26, 0.931, 236.314



34, 30.478, 260.431



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 0.978, 55.161 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 0.978, 55.161 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

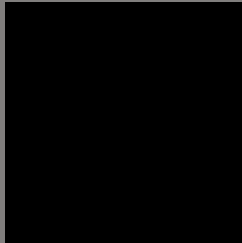
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

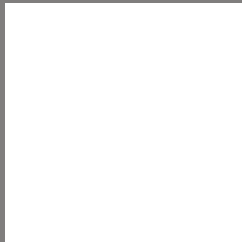
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 0.978, 55.161

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 0.978, 55.161.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 0.978, 55.161.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 0.978, 55.161

Protanopia

53, 1.325, 44.999

Deuteranopia

53, 7.261, 1.692



Tritanopia
53, 6.136, 309.370

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 0.978, 55.161

Protanomaly
53, 1.325, 44.999

Deuteranomaly
53, 4.586, 5.283

Tritanomaly
53, 3.837, 314.818

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 0.978, 55.161

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 0.570, 110.026

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 53, 0.978, 55.161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 126, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 126, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 126, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 126, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 0.978, 55.161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 126, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 126, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 126, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 126, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 126, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 126,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 0.978, 55.161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 126, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
126, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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