

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 1.988, 278.769)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 1.988, 278.769) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 2.347, 280.874)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D7E82
RGB	125, 126, 130
RGB Percent	49%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.5081, 0.5042, 0.4885
CMYK	0.04, 0.03, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	228°, 2%, 50%
HSV	228°, 4%, 51%
XYZ	20.0932, 21.0462, 24.2736
YIQ	126.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

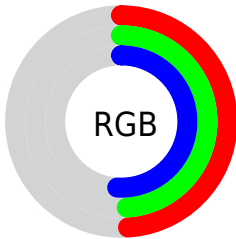
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 126, 130
Decimal	8224386
CIE Lab	53.00, 0.44, -2.30
CIE LCh	53, 2.347, 280.874
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3072, 0.3217
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286414466 (0xFF7D7E82)
YUV	126.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -2.1022, 0.7422

Details

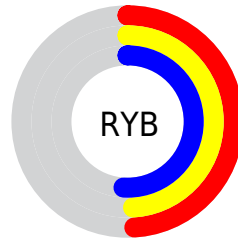
The CIELCh color $53, 2.347, 280.874$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $54, 2.324, 99.916$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 2.203, 280.776$, and $33, 2.555, 281.085$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 8.561, 282.032$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 3.701, 99.715$.

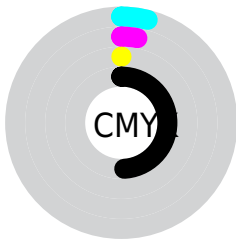
Distribution



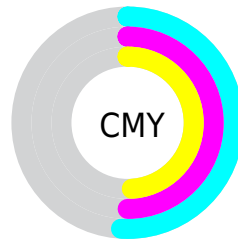
- Red (49%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 2.347, 280.874 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 2.347, 280.874 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 2.347, 280.874

■ 53, 2.347, 280.874

100, 2.347,
280.874

■ 43, 2.347, 280.874

■ 73, 2.347, 280.874

■ 33, 2.347, 280.874

■ 83, 2.347, 280.874

■ 23, 2.347, 280.874

■ 93, 2.347, 280.874

■ 13, 2.347, 280.874

■ 3, 2.347, 280.874

■ 0, 2.347, 280.874

■ 53, 2.347, 280.874

■ 53, 2.347, 280.874

■ 49, 8.561, 282.032

■ 57, 3.701, 99.715

■ 45, 14.956,

■ 61, 9.590, 98.819

283.443

65, 15.327, 98.024

41, 21.545,
285.087

69, 20.920, 97.325

37, 28.348,
286.996

73, 26.375, 96.707

33, 35.382,
289.195

77, 31.697, 96.157

29, 42.657,
291.686

84, 41.964, 95.226

25, 50.145,
294.428

88, 46.919, 94.828

22, 57.719,
297.315

19, 65.073,
300.149

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 2.347, 280.874



54, 2.324, 99.916

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 2.347, 280.874



53, 2.347, 330.874



53, 2.347, 100.874



53, 2.347, 150.874

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 2.346, 280.849



68, 0.756, 280.671



54, 2.070, 181.837



36, 0.428, 280.677



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 2.346, 280.849



67, 3.770, 280.982



53, 2.963, 301.380



27, 2.100, 281.023



17, 69.157, 301.630



0, 0.833, 280.380

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 2.090, 3.374



67, 3.365, 3.533



54, 2.929, 120.971



27, 1.876, 3.576



26, 55.546, 27.639



0, 0.739, 3.216

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 2.347, 280.874 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 2.347, 280.874 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

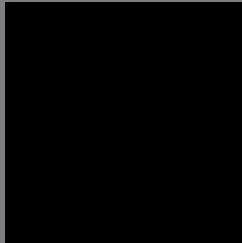
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

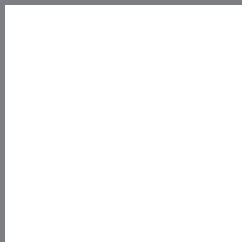
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 2.347, 280.874

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 2.347, 280.874.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 2.347, 280.874.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 2.347, 280.874

Protanopia

53, 2.459, 309.162

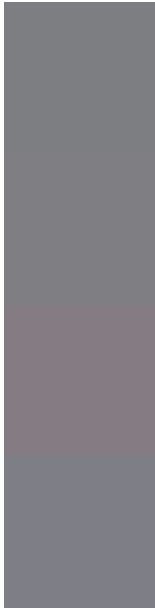
Deuteranopia

53, 7.266, 340.725



Tritanopia
53, 5.790, 290.903

Trichromacy



Original Color

53, 2.347, 280.874

Protanomaly

53, 2.358, 300.084

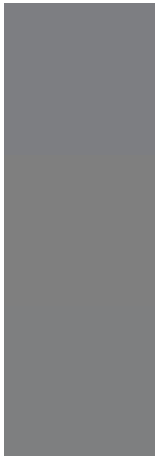
Deuteranomaly

53, 5.424, 331.685

Tritanomaly

53, 4.633, 290.763

Monochromacy



Original Color

53, 2.347, 280.874

Achromatopsia

53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

53, 0.700, 255.978

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 2.347, 280.874 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 126, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 126, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 126, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 126, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 2.347, 280.874 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 126, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 126, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 126, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 126, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 126, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 126,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 2.347, 280.874 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 126, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
126, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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