

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 10.129, 200.762)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 10.129, 200.762)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 10.459, 198.374)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	688484
RGB	104, 132, 132
RGB Percent	41%, 52%, 52%
CMY	0.5928, 0.4831, 0.4831
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	180°, 12%, 46%
HSV	180°, 21%, 52%
XYZ	18.0671, 21.0462, 24.8742
YIQ	123.6280, -16.6880, -5.9360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

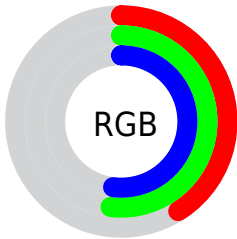
Format	Color
R_{YB}	104, 118, 132
Decimal	6849668
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, -9.93, -3.30
CIE _{LCh}	53, 10.459, 198.374
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2824, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285039748 (0xFF688484)
YUV	123.6280, 4.1274, -17.2138
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -9.9858, -0.0339

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 10.459, 198.374$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $47, 11.967, 20.871$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 10.337, 198.627$, and $33, 10.591, 197.941$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 14.863, 197.916$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 5.693, 198.885$.

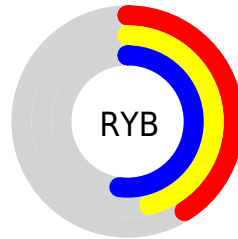
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (52%)

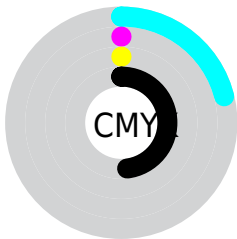
Blue (52%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (52%)

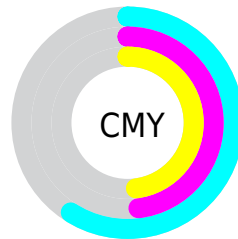


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (59%)


Magenta (48%)


Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 10.459, 198.374 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 10.459, 198.374 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 10.459,
198.374


 53, 10.459,
198.374


 100, 10.459,
198.374


 43, 10.459,
198.374


 73, 10.459,
198.374

 33, 10.459,
198.374

 83, 10.459,
198.374

 23, 10.459,
198.374

 93, 10.459,
198.374

 13, 10.459,
198.374

 3, 10.459, 198.374

 0, 10.459, 198.374

■ 53, 10.459,
198.374

■ 53, 10.459,
198.374

■ 52, 14.863,
197.916

■ 54, 5.693, 198.885

■ 52, 18.827,
197.520

■ 55, 0.641, 199.968

■ 56, 4.627, 19.797

■ 51, 22.277,
197.182

■ 57, 10.047, 20.417

■ 50, 25.154,
196.905

■ 59, 15.567, 21.021

■ 60, 21.144, 21.627

■ 50, 27.417,
196.689

■ 62, 26.742, 22.236

■ 50, 29.055,
196.534

■ 63, 32.334, 22.843

■ 65, 37.901, 23.445

■ 50, 30.094,
196.436

■ 50, 30.709,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 10.459, 198.374



47, 11.967, 20.871

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 10.459, 198.374



53, 10.459, 248.374



53, 10.459, 18.374



53, 10.459, 68.374

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 10.460, 198.368



69, 3.803, 199.204



52, 19.723, 142.717



36, 2.539, 199.166



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 10.460, 198.368



67, 15.006, 198.166



49, 9.461, 256.514



28, 2.886, 199.008



49, 30.411, 196.378



1, 0.707, 199.417

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 11.967, 20.871



58, 17.695, 21.292



50, 10.044, 71.100



26, 3.050, 19.875



26, 62.117, 38.506



0, 0.707, 19.400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 10.459, 198.374 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 10.459, 198.374 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

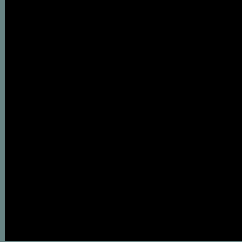
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 10.459, 198.374

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 10.459, 198.374.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 10.459, 198.374.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
53, 10.459, 198.374

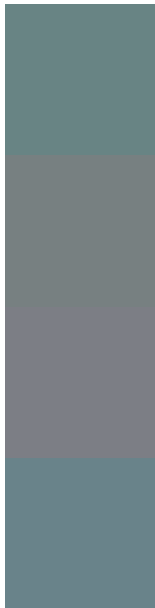
Protanopia
53, 1.416, 324.393

Deuteranopia
53, 7.964, 327.236



Tritanopia
53, 10.628, 235.708

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 10.459, 198.374

Protanomaly
53, 3.539, 208.584

Deuteranomaly
53, 4.116, 279.841

Tritanomaly
53, 10.238, 221.983

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 10.459, 198.374

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 3.906, 199.089

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 10.459, 198.374 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 132, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 132, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 132, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 132, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 10.459, 198.374 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 132, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 132, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 132, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 132, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 132, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 132,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 10.459, 198.374 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 132, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
132, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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