

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 103.315, 39.112)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 103.315, 39.112)
contains.

CIELCh(53, 103.190, 39.244)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(53, 103.190, 39.244)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE0007
RGB	254, 0, 7
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 3%
CMY	0.0045, 1.0000, 0.9731
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.97, 0.00
HSL	358°, 100%, 50%
HSV	358°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	40.8501, 21.0462, 2.1059
YIQ	76.7440, 149.1370, 56.0250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

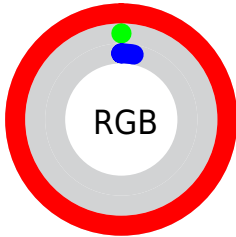
Format	Color
RYB	254, 0, 7
Decimal	16646151
CIELab	53.00, 79.92, 65.28
CIELCh	53, 103.190, 39.244
Yxy	21.0462, 0.6383, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294836231 (0xFFFE0007)
YUV	76.7440, -34.3838, 155.4535
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 78.6610, 29.3917

Details

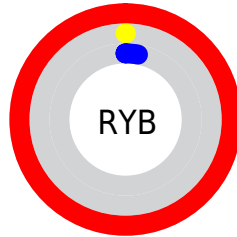
The CIELCh color **53, 103.190, 39.244** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0000**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **91, 51.024, 192.252**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 77.438, 40.624**, and **39, 82.501, 39.999** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 103.165, 39.259**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 96.948, 36.510**.

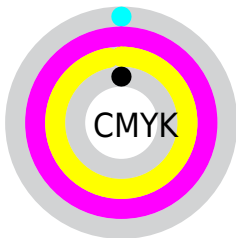
Distribution



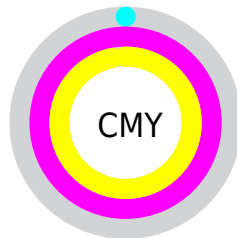
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (3%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (3%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (97%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 103.190, 39.244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 103.190, 39.244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 103.190,
39.244


 53, 103.190,
39.244


 100, 103.190,
39.244


 43, 103.190,
39.244


 73, 103.190,
39.244

 33, 103.190,
39.244

 83, 103.190,
39.244

 23, 103.190,
39.244

 93, 103.190,
39.244

 13, 103.190,
39.244

 3, 103.190, 39.244

 0, 103.190, 39.244

■ 53, 103.190,
39.244

■ 53, 103.190,
39.244

■ 53, 103.165,
39.259

■ 54, 96.948, 36.510

■ 56, 87.495, 32.674

■ 59, 76.487, 28.950

■ 63, 64.767, 25.809

■ 68, 52.836, 23.315

■ 74, 41.086, 21.384

■ 80, 29.803, 19.895

■ 86, 19.158, 18.736

■ 93, 9.223, 17.803

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 103.190, 39.244



91, 51.024, 192.252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 103.190, 39.244



53, 103.190, 89.244



53, 103.190, 219.244



53, 103.190, 269.244

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 103.165, 39.259



80, 29.913, 19.896



59, 115.359, 326.895



40, 20.708, 20.477



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 103.165, 39.259



53, 103.525, 39.263



65, 86.640, 57.130



49, 5.253, 17.761



40, 83.036, 38.952



10, 33.145, 26.100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 103.165, 39.259



53, 103.525, 39.263



57, 68.542, 281.589



49, 5.253, 17.761



40, 83.036, 38.952



10, 33.145, 26.100

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 103.190, 39.244 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

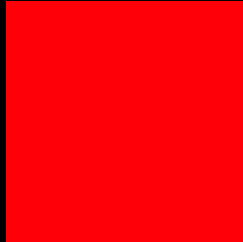
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 103.190, 39.244 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 103.190, 39.244

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 103.190, 39.244.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 103.190, 39.244.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 103.190, 39.244

Protanopia

53, 50.170, 95.162

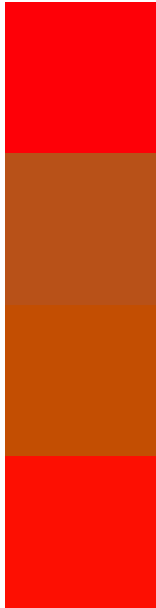
Deuteranopia

53, 59.639, 84.347



Tritanopia
53, 102.233, 40.852

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 103.190, 39.244

Protanomaly
47, 63.307, 52.233

Deuteranomaly
48, 72.844, 52.739

Tritanomaly
53, 102.897, 40.223

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 103.190, 39.244

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 43.927, 26.931

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 103.190, 39.244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 0, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 0, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 0, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 0, 7) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 103.190, 39.244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 0, 7) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 0, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 0, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 0, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 0, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 0, 7) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 103.190, 39.244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 0, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 0,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor