

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 12.204, 107.737)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 12.204, 107.737)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 12.060, 108.656)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80806B
RGB	128, 128, 107
RGB Percent	50%, 50%, 42%
CMY	0.4985, 0.4985, 0.5808
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.16, 0.50
HSL	60°, 9%, 46%
HSV	60°, 16%, 50%
XYZ	19.2354, 21.0462, 16.9266
YIQ	125.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

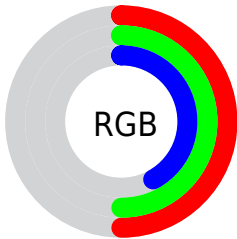
Format	Color
RYB	107, 128, 107
Decimal	8421483
CIELab	53.00, -3.86, 11.43
CIELCh	53, 12.060, 108.656
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3362, 0.3679
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286611563 (0xFF80806B)
YUV	125.6060, -9.1728, 2.0995
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -5.4399, 10.2374

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 12.060, 108.656$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 12.504, 291.901$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 12.408, 108.964$, and $33, 11.848, 108.073$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 19.327, 107.732$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 4.723, 109.585$.

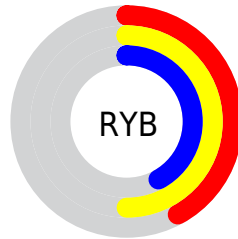
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (50%)

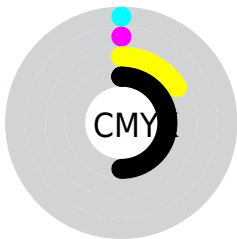
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (42%)

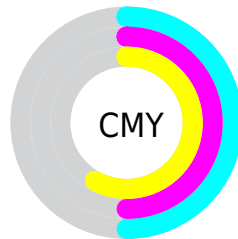


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)


Magenta (50%)


Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 12.060, 108.656 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 12.060, 108.656 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 12.060,
108.656


 53, 12.060,
108.656


 100, 12.060,
108.656


 43, 12.060,
108.656


 73, 12.060,
108.656

 33, 12.060,
108.656

 83, 12.060,
108.656

 23, 12.060,
108.656

 93, 12.060,
108.656

 13, 12.060,
108.656

 3, 12.060, 108.656

 0, 12.060, 108.656

■ 53, 12.060,
108.656

■ 53, 12.060,
108.656

■ 53, 19.327,
107.732

■ 53, 4.723, 109.585

■ 52, 26.456,
106.814

■ 54, 2.647, 290.528

■ 52, 33.352,
105.927

■ 54, 10.022,
291.408

■ 52, 39.870,
105.097

■ 55, 17.381,
292.269

■ 52, 45.797,
104.354

■ 55, 24.711,
293.097

■ 52, 50.846,
103.731

■ 56, 32.002,
293.887

■ 52, 54.693,
103.266

■ 56, 39.245,
294.638

■ 52, 57.239,

■ 57, 46.434,
295.348

102.963

■ 57, 53.562,
296.017

■ 52, 58.096,
102.862

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 12.060, 108.656



46, 12.504, 291.901

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 12.060, 108.656



53, 12.060, 158.656



53, 12.060, 288.656



53, 12.060, 338.656

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 12.061, 108.662



68, 4.546, 109.703



47, 8.861, 20.449



36, 3.126, 109.650



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 12.061, 108.662



67, 18.136, 108.285



52, 12.887, 128.364



27, 4.136, 109.340



52, 57.970, 102.862



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 12.504, 291.901



56, 18.978, 292.396



47, 13.167, 309.789



24, 4.222, 291.085



13, 80.045, 306.288



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 12.060, 108.656 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 12.060, 108.656 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

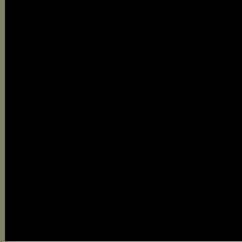
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

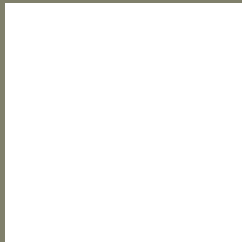
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 12.060, 108.656

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 12.060, 108.656.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 12.060, 108.656.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


53, 12.060, 108.656

Protanopia

53, 11.888, 94.234

Deuteranopia

53, 12.810, 58.924



Tritanopia
53, 6.620, 319.105

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 12.060, 108.656

Protanomaly
53, 12.186, 100.659

Deuteranomaly
53, 11.247, 74.425

Tritanomaly
53, 2.480, 32.942

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 12.060, 108.656

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 4.614, 109.586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 12.060, 108.656 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 128, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 128, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 128, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 128, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 12.060, 108.656 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 128, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 128, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 128, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 128, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 128, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 128,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 12.060, 108.656 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 128, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
128, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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