

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 12.250, 32.443)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 12.250, 32.443) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 12.434, 31.290)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	957874
RGB	149, 120, 116
RGB Percent	58%, 47%, 45%
CMY	0.4161, 0.5298, 0.5455
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.22, 0.42
HSL	7°, 13%, 52%
HSV	7°, 22%, 58%
XYZ	22.2252, 21.0462, 19.3828
YIQ	128.2150, 18.5680, 4.9040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

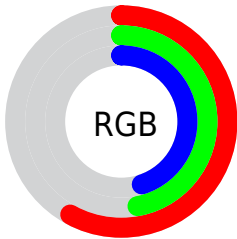
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 121, 116
Decimal	9795700
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, 10.63, 6.46
CIE _{LCh}	53, 12.434, 31.290
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3547, 0.3359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287985780 (0xFF957874)
YUV	128.2150, -6.0220, 18.2284
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 6.1933, 7.0631

Details

The CIELCh color **53, 12.434, 31.290** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **58, 10.723, 210.790**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 12.690, 30.165**, and **33, 12.758, 29.746** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 18.789, 31.807**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 6.551, 30.942**.

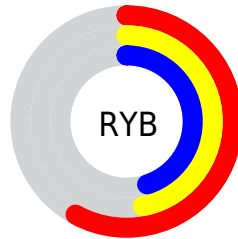
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (47%)

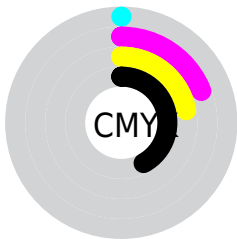
Blue (45%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (45%)

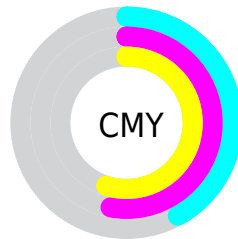


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 12.434, 31.290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 12.434, 31.290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 12.434, 31.290

■ 53, 12.434, 31.290

■ 100, 12.434,
31.290

■ 43, 12.434, 31.290

■ 73, 12.434, 31.290

■ 33, 12.434, 31.290

■ 83, 12.434, 31.290

■ 23, 12.434, 31.290

■ 93, 12.434, 31.290

■ 13, 12.434, 31.290

■ 3, 12.434, 31.290

■ 0, 12.434, 31.290

■ 53, 12.434, 31.290

■ 53, 12.434, 31.290

■ 49, 18.789, 31.807

■ 57, 6.551, 30.942

■ 46, 25.625, 32.533

■ 61, 1.117, 30.420

42, 32.909, 33.533

65, 3.904, 210.844

39, 40.559, 34.857

69, 8.554, 210.767

36, 48.412, 36.518

73, 12.874,
210.790

34, 56.147, 38.417

77, 16.903,
210.865

32, 63.091, 40.180

31, 67.623, 41.472

81, 20.676,
210.973

85, 24.224,
211.104

89, 27.576,
211.251

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 12.434, 31.290



58, 10.723, 210.790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 12.434, 31.290



53, 12.434, 81.290



53, 12.434, 211.290



53, 12.434, 261.290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 12.433, 31.298



75, 4.582, 30.782



53, 21.128, 329.045



39, 2.974, 30.800



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 12.433, 31.298



65, 19.197, 31.549



57, 12.718, 84.123



29, 2.991, 30.851



29, 63.392, 41.228



1, 2.528, 30.785

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 10.723, 210.790



73, 15.900, 210.855



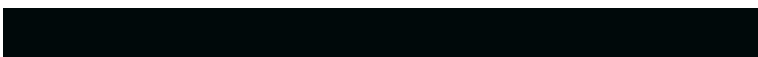
53, 12.484, 270.104



31, 2.823, 210.810



46, 27.887, 217.965



2, 2.528, 210.804

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 12.434, 31.290 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 12.434, 31.290 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

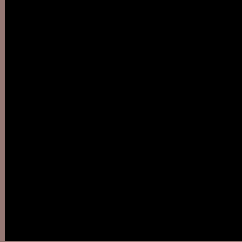
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 12.434, 31.290

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 12.434, 31.290.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 12.434, 31.290.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 12.434, 31.290

Protanopia

53, 4.510, 82.710

Deuteranopia

53, 9.714, 44.637



Tritanopia
53, 13.997, 359.402

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 12.434, 31.290

Protanomaly
53, 6.747, 50.607

Deuteranomaly
53, 10.691, 39.164

Tritanomaly
53, 12.966, 10.723

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 12.434, 31.290

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 4.496, 27.137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 12.434, 31.290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 120, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 120, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 120, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 120, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 12.434, 31.290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 120, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 120, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 120, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 120, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 120, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 120,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 12.434, 31.290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 120, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
120, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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