

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 17.670, 124.094)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 17.670, 124.094)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 17.914, 124.395)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	778365
RGB	119, 131, 101
RGB Percent	47%, 51%, 40%
CMY	0.5338, 0.4868, 0.6044
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.23, 0.49
HSL	84°, 13%, 45%
HSV	84°, 23%, 51%
XYZ	18.0306, 21.0462, 15.3910
YIQ	123.9920, 2.4780, -11.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

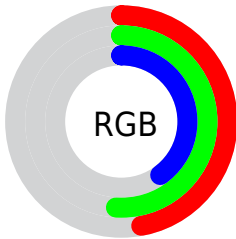
Format	Color
RYB	101, 131, 113
Decimal	7832421
CIELab	53.00, -10.12, 14.78
CIElCh	53, 17.914, 124.395
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3310, 0.3864
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286022501 (0xFF778365)
YUV	123.9920, -11.3351, -4.3780
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -10.1278, 12.2220

Details

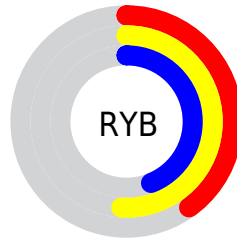
The CIELCh color $53, 17.914, 124.395$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $45, 18.589, 306.700$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 17.992, 124.880$, and $33, 18.213, 125.007$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 25.637, 123.897$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 10.109, 124.896$.

Distribution



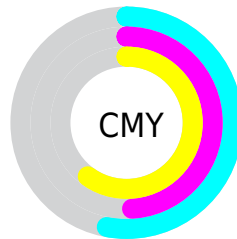
- Red (47%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 17.914, 124.395 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 17.914, 124.395 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 17.914,
124.395


 53, 17.914,
124.395


 100, 17.914,
124.395


 43, 17.914,
124.395


 73, 17.914,
124.395

 33, 17.914,
124.395

 83, 17.914,
124.395

 23, 17.914,
124.395

 93, 17.914,
124.395

 13, 17.914,
124.395

 3, 17.914, 124.395

 0, 17.914, 124.395

■ 53, 17.914,
124.395

■ 53, 17.914,
124.395

■ 52, 25.637,
123.897

■ 54, 10.109,
124.896

■ 52, 33.188,
123.419

■ 54, 2.278, 125.396

■ 51, 40.441,
122.999

■ 55, 5.534, 305.810

■ 51, 47.214,
122.695

■ 56, 13.296,
306.240

■ 50, 53.256,
122.587

■ 57, 20.986,
306.632

■ 50, 58.253,
122.781

■ 58, 28.587,
306.992

■ 50, 61.913,
123.382

■ 59, 36.087,
307.320

■ 49, 64.098,

■ 60, 43.480,
307.618

123.882

■ 61, 50.758,
307.888

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 17.914, 124.395



45, 18.589, 306.700

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 17.914, 124.395



53, 17.914, 174.395



53, 17.914, 304.395



53, 17.914, 354.395

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 17.915, 124.397



69, 6.805, 125.179



49, 10.515, 61.642



36, 4.457, 125.157



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 17.915, 124.397



67, 27.166, 124.110



52, 20.600, 140.465



28, 4.458, 125.082



49, 63.803, 123.872



1, 1.070, 125.504

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 18.589, 306.700



55, 28.473, 307.045



46, 20.702, 322.778



26, 4.528, 305.939



17, 77.054, 310.184



0, 1.070, 305.502

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 17.914, 124.395 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 17.914, 124.395 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

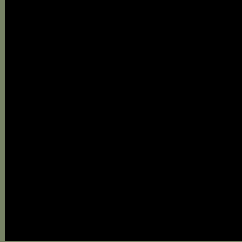
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 17.914, 124.395

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 17.914, 124.395.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 17.914, 124.395.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


53, 17.914, 124.395

Protanopia

53, 16.004, 94.109

Deuteranopia

53, 15.471, 61.970



Tritanopia
53, 5.828, 283.337

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 17.914, 124.395

Protanomaly
53, 16.052, 106.618

Deuteranomaly
53, 14.236, 87.186

Tritanomaly
53, 3.769, 149.172

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 17.914, 124.395

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 6.016, 125.140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 17.914, 124.395 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 131, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 131, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 131, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 131, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 17.914, 124.395 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 131, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 131, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 131, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 131, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 131, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 131,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 17.914, 124.395 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 131, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
131, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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