

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 18.299, 279.130)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 18.299, 279.130)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 18.299, 279.130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	727E9D
RGB	114, 126, 157
RGB Percent	45%, 49%, 62%
CMY	0.5517, 0.5046, 0.3830
CMYK	0.27, 0.20, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	223°, 18%, 53%
HSV	223°, 27%, 62%
XYZ	20.5954, 21.0462, 35.0221
YIQ	125.9460, -17.1030, 7.0970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

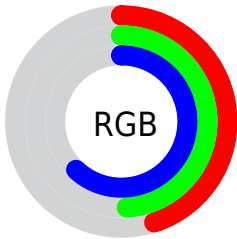
Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 123, 157
Decimal	7503517
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, 2.90, -18.07
CIE _{LCh}	53, 18.299, 279.130
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2686, 0.2745
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285693597 (0xFF727E9D)
YUV	125.9460, 15.3096, -10.4766
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -0.1484, -13.1491

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 18.299, 279.130$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $61, 18.104, 91.911$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 18.264, 279.030$, and $33, 18.614, 280.037$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 25.277, 281.003$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 11.480, 277.522$.

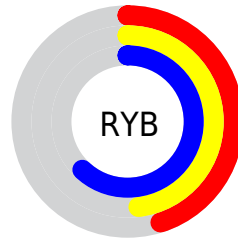
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (49%)

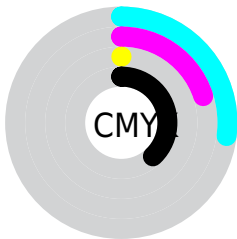
Blue (62%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (62%)

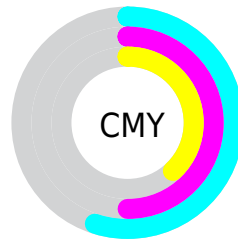


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 18.299, 279.130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 18.299, 279.130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 18.299,
279.130

■ 53, 18.299,
279.130

■ 100, 18.299,
279.130

■ 43, 18.299,
279.130

■ 73, 18.299,
279.130

■ 33, 18.299,
279.130

■ 83, 18.299,
279.130

■ 23, 18.299,
279.130

■ 93, 18.299,
279.130

■ 13, 18.299,
279.130

■ 3, 18.299, 279.130

■ 0, 18.299, 279.130

■ 53, 18.299,
279.130

■ 53, 18.299,
279.130

■ 49, 25.277,
281.003

■ 57, 11.480,
277.522

■ 44, 32.434,
283.184

■ 62, 4.811, 276.158

■ 66, 1.716, 94.828

■ 40, 39.795,
285.695

■ 70, 8.108, 93.871

■ 36, 47.380,
288.540

■ 75, 14.366, 92.977

■ 32, 55.187,
291.669

■ 79, 20.495, 92.188

■ 83, 26.497, 91.491

■ 28, 63.134,
294.963

■ 87, 32.374, 90.870

■ 25, 70.998,
298.185

■ 91, 38.016, 90.847

■ 24, 73.045,

298.947

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 18.299, 279.130



61, 18.104, 91.911

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 18.299, 279.130



53, 18.299, 329.130



53, 18.299, 99.130



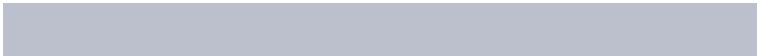
53, 18.299, 149.130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 18.298, 279.128



78, 6.486, 276.259



62, 17.350, 174.535



40, 4.605, 276.441



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 18.298, 279.128



64, 27.486, 280.274



50, 25.462, 300.734



31, 3.728, 276.399



22, 67.473, 298.666



1, 4.913, 276.241

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 18.832, 0.327



64, 28.350, 1.201



63, 24.026, 116.854



31, 3.777, 358.230



29, 57.119, 21.685



1, 4.814, 358.457

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 18.299, 279.130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

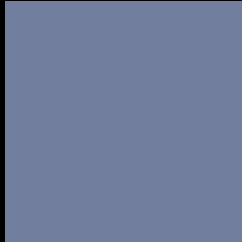
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 18.299, 279.130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

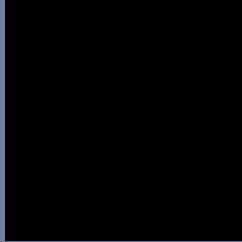
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

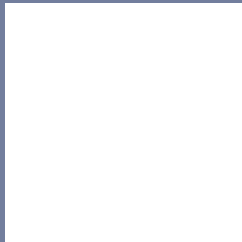
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 18.299, 279.130

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 18.299, 279.130.

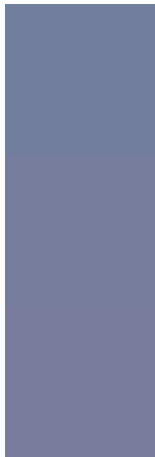


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 18.299, 279.130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 18.299, 279.130

Protanopia

53, 18.022, 285.602

Deuteranopia

53, 19.696, 290.525



Tritanopia
53, 9.061, 243.774

Trichromacy



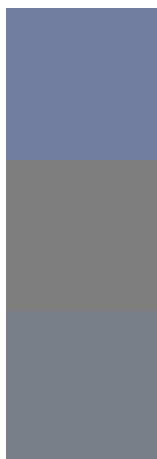
Original Color
53, 18.299, 279.130

Protanomaly
53, 18.100, 283.411

Deuteranomaly
53, 19.166, 286.189

Tritanomaly
53, 11.757, 261.918

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 18.299, 279.130

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 6.521, 277.458

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 18.299, 279.130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 126, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 126, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 126, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 126, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 18.299, 279.130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 126, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 126, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 126, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 126, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 126, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 126,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 18.299, 279.130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 126, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
126, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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