

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 19.046, 164.339)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 19.046, 164.339)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 18.997, 164.269)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E8775
RGB	94, 135, 117
RGB Percent	37%, 53%, 46%
CMY	0.6308, 0.4700, 0.5406
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.13, 0.47
HSL	154°, 18%, 45%
HSV	154°, 30%, 53%
XYZ	16.5364, 21.0462, 20.0664
YIQ	120.6890, -18.6580, -14.2900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

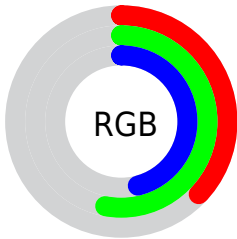
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 120, 135
Decimal	6195061
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, -18.29, 5.15
CIE _{LCh}	53, 18.997, 164.269
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2868, 0.3651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284385141 (0xFF5E8775)
YUV	120.6890, -1.8187, -23.4063
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -15.9416, 6.1796

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 18.997, 164.269$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $45, 19.943, 349.971$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 18.894, 164.823$, and $33, 18.820, 164.428$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 24.949, 163.131$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 12.833, 165.295$.

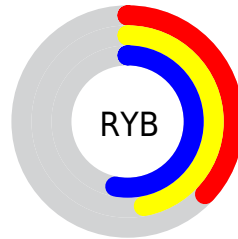
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (53%)

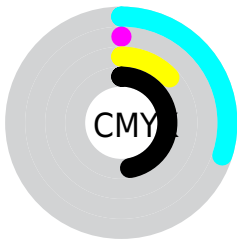
Blue (46%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (53%)

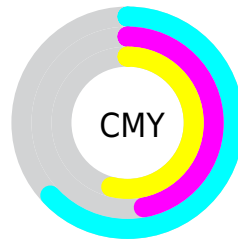


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (63%)


Magenta (47%)


Yellow (54%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 18.997, 164.269 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 18.997, 164.269 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 18.997,
164.269


 53, 18.997,
164.269


 100, 18.997,
164.269


 43, 18.997,
164.269


 73, 18.997,
164.269

 33, 18.997,
164.269

 83, 18.997,
164.269

 23, 18.997,
164.269

 93, 18.997,
164.269

 13, 18.997,
164.269

 3, 18.997, 164.269

 0, 18.997, 164.269

■ 53, 18.997,
164.269

■ 53, 18.997,
164.269

■ 52, 24.949,
163.131

■ 54, 12.833,
165.295

■ 51, 30.588,
161.863

■ 55, 6.544, 166.243

■ 51, 35.815,
160.439

■ 56, 0.211, 168.560

■ 58, 6.104, 347.766

■ 50, 40.544,
158.837

■ 59, 12.349,
348.515

■ 50, 44.714,
157.041

■ 61, 18.489,
349.199

■ 50, 48.304,
155.046

■ 62, 24.499,
349.837

■ 49, 51.399,
153.068

■ 64, 30.362,
350.437

■ 66, 36.068,
351.004

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 18.997, 164.269



45, 19.943, 349.971

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 18.997, 164.269



53, 18.997, 214.269



53, 18.997, 344.269



53, 18.997, 34.269

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 18.998, 164.268



70, 7.066, 166.350



54, 25.196, 129.460



37, 4.948, 166.229



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 18.998, 164.268



67, 27.754, 163.547



53, 14.046, 202.921



29, 3.626, 166.352



48, 50.649, 153.114



1, 1.688, 167.076

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 19.943, 349.971



55, 29.427, 350.756



45, 17.241, 25.628



27, 3.683, 347.793



27, 51.951, 6.397



0, 1.688, 347.065

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 18.997, 164.269 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 18.997, 164.269 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

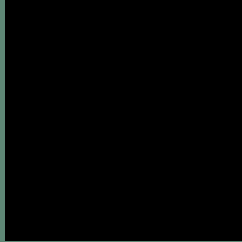
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 18.997, 164.269

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 18.997, 164.269.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 18.997, 164.269.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
53, 18.997, 164.269

Protanopia
53, 8.439, 91.886

Deuteranopia
53, 7.926, 28.531



Tritanopia
53, 12.905, 225.186

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 18.997, 164.269

Protanomaly
53, 9.774, 136.299

Deuteranomaly
53, 4.781, 124.295

Tritanomaly
53, 13.171, 198.102

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 18.997, 164.269

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 6.921, 168.431

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 18.997, 164.269 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 135, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 135, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 135, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 135, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 18.997, 164.269 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 135, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 135, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 135, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 135, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 135, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 135,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 18.997, 164.269 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 135, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 135,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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