

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 2.232, 184.874)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 2.232, 184.874) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 2.439, 185.594)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A807F
RGB	122, 128, 127
RGB Percent	48%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.5222, 0.4987, 0.5026
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.01, 0.50
HSL	170°, 2%, 49%
HSV	170°, 5%, 50%
XYZ	19.5180, 21.0462, 23.0534
YIQ	126.0920, -3.2550, -1.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

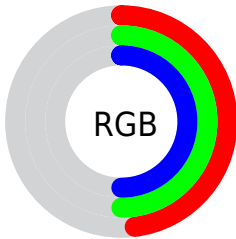
Format	Color
RYB	122, 125, 128
Decimal	8028287
CIELab	53.00, -2.43, -0.24
CIElCh	53, 2.439, 185.594
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3068, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286218367 (0xFF7A807F)
YUV	126.0920, 0.4476, -3.5887
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -4.3405, 2.3192

Details

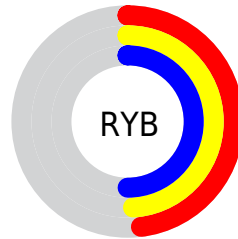
The CIELCh color $53, 2.439, 185.594$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 2.491, 6.051$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 2.650, 187.570$, and $33, 2.647, 185.337$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 7.533, 184.628$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 2.792, 6.094$.

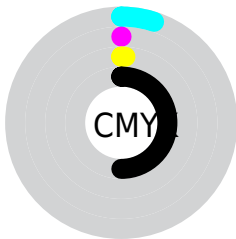
Distribution



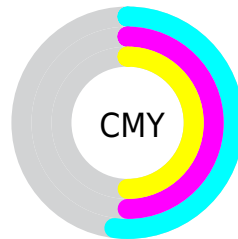
- Red (48%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 2.439, 185.594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 2.439, 185.594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 2.439, 185.594

■ 53, 2.439, 185.594

■ 100, 2.439,
185.594

■ 43, 2.439, 185.594

■ 73, 2.439, 185.594

■ 33, 2.439, 185.594

■ 83, 2.439, 185.594

■ 23, 2.439, 185.594

■ 93, 2.439, 185.594

■ 13, 2.439, 185.594

■ 3, 2.439, 185.594

■ 0, 2.439, 185.594

■ 53, 2.439, 185.594

■ 53, 2.439, 185.594

■ 52, 7.533, 184.628

■ 54, 2.792, 6.094

■ 51, 12.417,

■ 55, 8.105, 6.968

183.735

57, 13.450, 7.751

50, 17.016,
182.811

58, 18.789, 8.502

50, 21.249,
181.840

60, 24.093, 9.230

49, 25.035,
180.804

61, 29.341, 9.936

48, 28.308,
179.686

64, 39.615, 11.289

48, 31.018,
178.467

66, 44.624, 11.935

48, 33.148,
177.127

48, 34.736,
175.658

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 2.439, 185.594



52, 2.491, 6.051

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 2.439, 185.594



53, 2.439, 235.594



53, 2.439, 5.594



53, 2.439, 55.594

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 2.440, 185.570



68, 0.643, 186.420



53, 3.997, 139.142



36, 0.368, 186.480



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 2.440, 185.570



67, 3.851, 185.415



52, 1.937, 234.158



27, 2.043, 185.392



47, 35.443, 174.894



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 2.491, 6.051



65, 3.953, 6.214



52, 1.976, 53.119



25, 2.098, 6.238



26, 55.863, 30.007



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 2.439, 185.594 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 2.439, 185.594 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

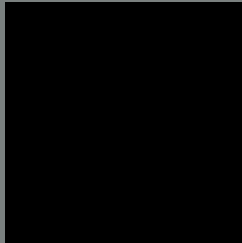
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

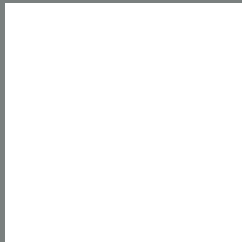
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 2.439, 185.594

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 2.439, 185.594.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 2.439, 185.594.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

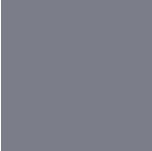
53, 2.439, 185.594

Protanopia

53, 1.199, 19.207

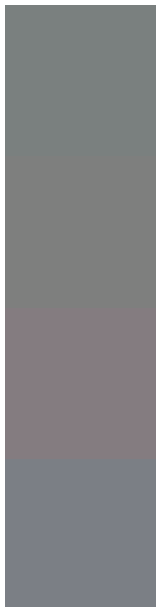
Deuteranopia

53, 7.319, 351.978



Tritanopia
53, 5.883, 279.641

Trichromacy



Original Color

53, 2.439, 185.594

Protanomaly

53, 0.699, 144.664

Deuteranomaly

53, 3.962, 344.056

Tritanomaly

53, 3.776, 266.426

Monochromacy



Original Color

53, 2.439, 185.594

Achromatopsia

53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

53, 1.326, 173.739

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 2.439, 185.594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 128, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 128, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 128, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 128, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 2.439, 185.594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 128, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 128, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 128, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 128, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 128, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 128,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 2.439, 185.594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 128, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
128, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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