

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 2.602, 90.869)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 2.602, 90.869) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 2.434, 90.501)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 807E7A |
| RGB | 128, 126, 122 |
| RGB Percent | 50%, 49%, 48% |
| CMY | 0.4966, 0.5044, 0.5202 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.02, 0.05, 0.50 |
| HSL | 40°, 2%, 49% |
| HSV | 40°, 5%, 50% |
| XYZ | 19.9995, 21.0462, 21.5378 |
| YIQ | 126.1420, 2.4760, -0.8200 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

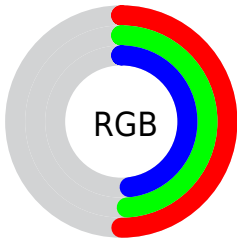
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 125, 128, 122 |
| Decimal | 8420986 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 53.00, -0.02, 2.43 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 53, 2.434, 90.501 |
| Yxy | 21.0462, 0.3196, 0.3363 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286611066 (0xFF807E7A) |
| YUV | 126.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295 |
| Hunter-Lab | 45.8761, -2.4670, 4.2780 |

Details

The CIELCh color **53, 2.434, 90.501** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **52, 2.444, 271.790**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 2.797, 94.221**, and **33, 2.658, 90.231** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 7.734, 89.372**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 2.756, 271.835**.

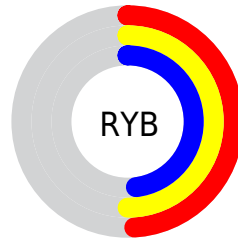
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (49%)

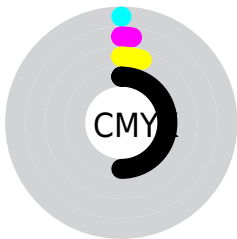
Blue (48%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (48%)

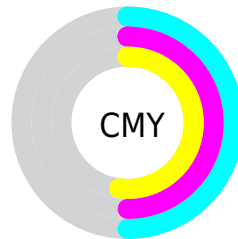


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)


Magenta (50%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 2.434, 90.501 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 2.434, 90.501 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 53, 2.434, 90.501  53, 2.434, 90.501

 100, 2.434, 90.501  43, 2.434, 90.501

 73, 2.434, 90.501  33, 2.434, 90.501

 83, 2.434, 90.501  23, 2.434, 90.501

 93, 2.434, 90.501  13, 2.434, 90.501

 3, 2.434, 90.501

 0, 2.434, 90.501

 53, 2.434, 90.501  53, 2.434, 90.501

 51, 7.734, 89.372  55, 2.756, 271.835

 50, 13.138, 88.130  56, 7.844, 272.915

48, 18.635, 86.846

58, 12.833,
273.980

47, 24.196, 85.523

59, 17.730,
275.000

46, 29.754, 84.160

44, 35.188, 82.742

61, 22.544,
275.972

43, 40.279, 81.231

63, 27.280,
276.895

42, 44.663, 79.554

41, 47.916, 77.603

64, 31.945,
277.771

66, 36.544,
278.601

68, 41.083,
279.386

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 2.434, 90.501



52, 2.444, 271.790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 2.434, 90.501



53, 2.434, 140.501



53, 2.434, 270.501



53, 2.434, 320.501

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 2.435, 90.533



68, 0.633, 90.706



52, 2.686, 353.978



36, 0.362, 90.689



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 2.435, 90.533



67, 3.858, 90.376



53, 3.479, 116.385



26, 2.048, 90.351



40, 49.410, 76.644



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 2.444, 271.790



65, 3.867, 271.958



52, 3.524, 297.034



26, 2.052, 271.985



21, 56.638, 295.439



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 2.434, 90.501 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

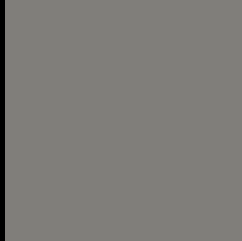
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 2.434, 90.501 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

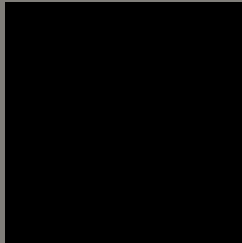
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 2.434, 90.501

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 2.434, 90.501.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 2.434, 90.501.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 2.434, 90.501

Protanopia

53, 2.804, 74.608

Deuteranopia

53, 7.377, 15.714



Tritanopia
53, 5.591, 311.241

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 2.434, 90.501

Protanomaly
53, 2.593, 81.997

Deuteranomaly
53, 4.912, 26.573

Tritanomaly
53, 3.319, 318.928

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 2.434, 90.501

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 1.147, 109.994

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 53, 2.434, 90.501 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 126, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 126, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 126, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 126, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 2.434, 90.501 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 126, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 126, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 126, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 126, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 126, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 126,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 2.434, 90.501 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 126, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
126, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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