

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 20.197, 357.260)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 20.197, 357.260)
contains.

CIELCh(53, 20.127, 356.647)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(53, 20.127, 356.647)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F7281
RGB	159, 114, 129
RGB Percent	62%, 45%, 51%
CMY	0.3758, 0.5523, 0.4935
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.19, 0.38
HSL	340°, 19%, 54%
HSV	340°, 28%, 62%
XYZ	24.3380, 21.0462, 23.6027
YIQ	129.1650, 22.0050, 14.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

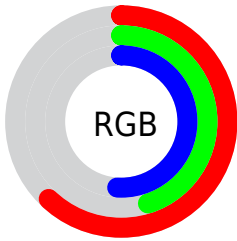
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 114, 129
Decimal	10449537
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, 20.09, -1.18
CIE _{LCh}	53, 20.127, 356.647
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3528, 0.3051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288639617 (0xFF9F7281)
YUV	129.1650, -0.0813, 26.1653
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 14.4140, 1.6093

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 20.127, 356.647$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $62, 18.728, 170.990$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 20.167, 355.980$, and $33, 20.557, 356.325$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 27.504, 358.051$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 12.820, 355.452$.

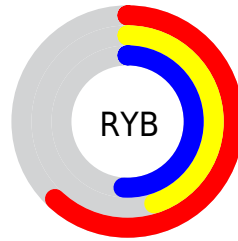
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (45%)

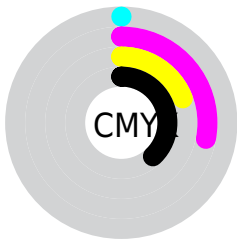
Blue (51%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (51%)

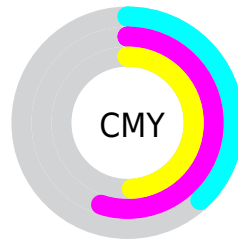


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 20.127, 356.647 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 20.127, 356.647 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 53, 20.127,
356.647

 53, 20.127,
356.647

 100, 20.127,
356.647


 43, 20.127,
356.647


 73, 20.127,
356.647


 33, 20.127,
356.647

 83, 20.127,
356.647

 23, 20.127,
356.647

 93, 20.127,
356.647

 13, 20.127,
356.647

 3, 20.127, 356.647

 0, 20.127, 356.647

53, 20.127,
356.647

53, 20.127,
356.647

49, 27.504,
358.051

57, 12.820,
355.452

45, 34.773,
359.731

62, 5.704, 354.386

66, 1.159, 173.891

42, 41.667, 1.790

71, 7.741, 172.798

39, 47.863, 4.361

76, 14.039,
172.052

36, 53.045, 7.606

34, 57.022, 11.683


80, 20.062,
171.387

33, 60.046, 16.527

85, 25.826,
170.784

33, 60.594, 17.349

90, 31.352,
170.231

 94, 35.409,
170.931

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 20.127, 356.647



62, 18.728, 170.990

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 20.127, 356.647



53, 20.127, 46.647



53, 20.127, 176.647



53, 20.127, 226.647

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 20.125, 356.650



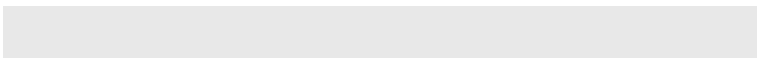
78, 6.815, 354.373



52, 28.408, 315.855



41, 4.895, 354.523



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 20.125, 356.650



65, 30.124, 357.514



54, 16.624, 35.874



31, 3.882, 354.486



29, 55.848, 16.778



1, 4.948, 354.851

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 20.125, 356.650



65, 30.124, 357.514



60, 13.702, 216.417



31, 3.882, 354.486



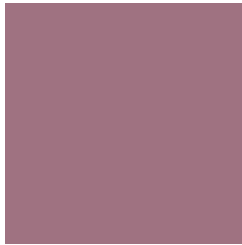
29, 55.848, 16.778



1, 4.948, 354.851

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 20.127, 356.647 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 20.127, 356.647 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 20.127, 356.647

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 20.127, 356.647.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 20.127, 356.647.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 20.127, 356.647

Protanopia

53, 5.790, 290.903

Deuteranopia

53, 7.066, 356.118



Tritanopia
53, 18.812, 5.842

Trichromacy



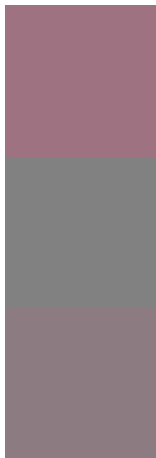
Original Color
53, 20.127, 356.647

Protanomaly
53, 9.421, 333.045

Deuteranomaly
53, 11.487, 357.134

Tritanomaly
53, 19.050, 2.472

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 20.127, 356.647

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 7.055, 356.110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 20.127, 356.647 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 114, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 114, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 114, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 114, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 20.127, 356.647 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 114, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 114, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 114, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 114, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 114, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 114,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 20.127, 356.647 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 114, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
114, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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