

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 22.180, 108.679)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 22.180, 108.679)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 22.229, 108.496)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80815A
RGB	128, 129, 90
RGB Percent	50%, 51%, 35%
CMY	0.4978, 0.4939, 0.6469
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.30, 0.49
HSL	62°, 18%, 43%
HSV	62°, 30%, 51%
XYZ	18.6143, 21.0462, 12.7648
YIQ	124.2550, 11.9230, -12.3410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

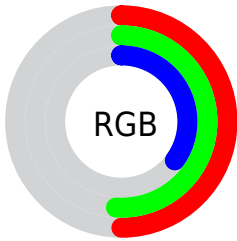
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 129, 91
Decimal	8421722
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, -7.05, 21.08
CIE _{LCh}	53, 22.229, 108.496
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3551, 0.4015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286611802 (0xFF80815A)
YUV	124.2550, -16.8877, 3.2844
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -7.8565, 15.6161

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 22.229, 108.496$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $40, 23.847, 294.572$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 22.558, 108.993$, and $33, 22.092, 108.797$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 29.337, 107.628$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 14.953, 109.391$.

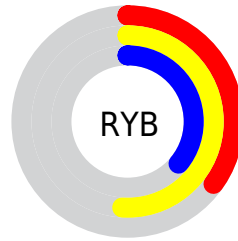
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (51%)

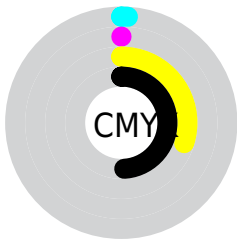
Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (36%)

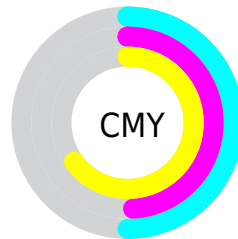


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 22.229, 108.496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 22.229, 108.496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 53, 22.229,
108.496

 53, 22.229,
108.496

 100, 22.229,
108.496

 43, 22.229,
108.496

 73, 22.229,
108.496

 33, 22.229,
108.496

 83, 22.229,
108.496

 23, 22.229,
108.496

 93, 22.229,
108.496

 13, 22.229,
108.496

 3, 22.229, 108.496

 0, 22.229, 108.496

■ 53, 22.229,
108.496

■ 53, 22.229,
108.496

■ 53, 29.337,
107.628

■ 53, 14.953,
109.391

■ 53, 36.160,
106.798

■ 54, 7.579, 110.282

■ 54, 0.159, 110.923

■ 52, 42.527,
106.039

■ 54, 7.274, 292.040

■ 52, 48.197,
105.388

■ 55, 14.699,
292.873

■ 52, 52.859,
104.885

■ 55, 22.098,
293.674

■ 52, 56.195,
104.573

■ 56, 29.461,
294.440

■ 52, 58.512,
104.398

■ 56, 36.776,
295.167

■ 57, 44.037,
295.855

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 22.229, 108.496



40, 23.847, 294.572

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 22.229, 108.496



53, 22.229, 158.496



53, 22.229, 288.496



53, 22.229, 338.496

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 22.230, 108.500



69, 8.290, 110.372



43, 17.030, 23.026



36, 5.733, 110.262



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 22.230, 108.500



68, 32.728, 107.919



51, 23.958, 128.311



27, 4.137, 110.383



51, 58.002, 104.396



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 23.847, 294.572



48, 35.771, 295.544



42, 24.909, 311.030



24, 4.224, 292.050



13, 79.891, 306.405



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 22.229, 108.496 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 22.229, 108.496 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

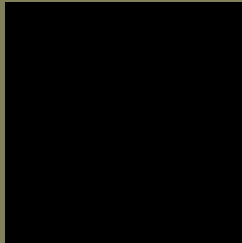
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 22.229, 108.496

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 22.229, 108.496.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 22.229, 108.496.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

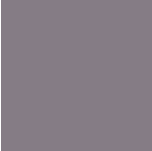
53, 22.229, 108.496

Protanopia

53, 21.659, 95.662

Deuteranopia

53, 21.363, 70.720



Tritanopia
53, 6.333, 324.769

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 22.229, 108.496

Protanomaly
53, 21.882, 100.457

Deuteranomaly
53, 20.661, 84.972

Tritanomaly
53, 5.569, 87.851

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 22.229, 108.496

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 8.088, 112.079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 22.229, 108.496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 129, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 129, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 129, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 129, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 22.229, 108.496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 129, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 129, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 129, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 129, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 129, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 129,  
90) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 22.229, 108.496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 129, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
129, 90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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