

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 22.846, 333.961)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 22.846, 333.961)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 22.529, 334.250)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A7390
RGB	154, 115, 144
RGB Percent	60%, 45%, 56%
CMY	0.3972, 0.5501, 0.4364
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.07, 0.40
HSL	315°, 16%, 53%
HSV	315°, 25%, 60%
XYZ	24.3839, 21.0462, 29.0498
YIQ	129.9670, 13.9350, 17.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

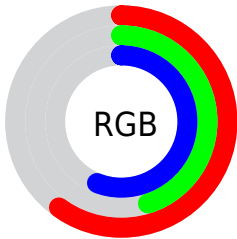
Format	Color
R_{YB}	154, 115, 144
Decimal	10122128
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, 20.29, -9.79
CIE _{LCh}	53, 22.529, 334.250
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3274, 0.2826
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288312208 (0xFF9A7390)
YUV	129.9670, 6.9183, 21.0769
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 14.5924, -5.4305

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 22.529, 334.250$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $60, 22.372, 150.712$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 22.817, 334.130$, and $33, 22.888, 333.511$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 31.332, 334.979$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 13.601, 333.554$.

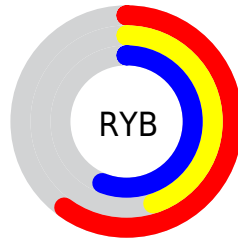
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (45%)

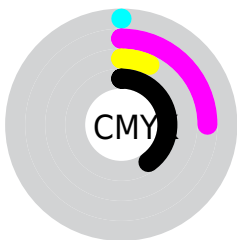
Blue (56%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (56%)

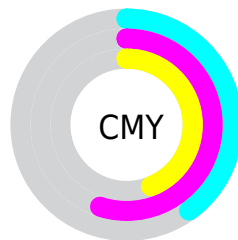


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)


Magenta (55%)


Yellow (44%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 22.529, 334.250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 22.529, 334.250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 22.529,
334.250


 53, 22.529,
334.250


 100, 22.529,
334.250


 43, 22.529,
334.250


 73, 22.529,
334.250

 33, 22.529,
334.250

 83, 22.529,
334.250

 23, 22.529,
334.250

 93, 22.529,
334.250

 13, 22.529,
334.250

 3, 22.529, 334.250

 0, 22.529, 334.250

53, 22.529,
334.250

53, 22.529,
334.250

49, 31.332,
334.979

57, 13.601,
333.554

46, 39.784,
335.748

61, 4.715, 332.863

65, 4.027, 152.364

42, 47.571,
336.569

70, 12.565,
151.729

40, 54.314,
337.459

74, 20.865,
151.161

37, 59.613,
338.449

79, 28.916,
150.629

36, 63.137,
339.580


83, 36.718,
150.127

35, 64.782,
340.903

87, 44.278,
149.655

34, 65.285,

341.546

 92, 51.609,
149.210

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 22.529, 334.250



60, 22.372, 150.712

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 22.529, 334.250



53, 22.529, 24.250



53, 22.529, 154.250



53, 22.529, 204.250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 22.527, 334.251



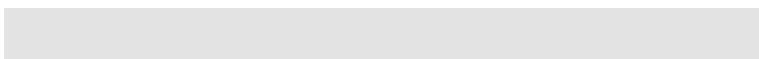
76, 8.699, 333.062



51, 23.155, 301.704



39, 6.172, 333.159



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 22.527, 334.251



65, 32.861, 334.626



52, 16.908, 2.158



30, 4.966, 333.135



31, 61.144, 341.411



1, 5.284, 333.054

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 22.527, 334.251



65, 32.861, 334.626



60, 15.508, 177.171



30, 4.966, 333.135



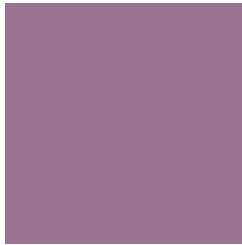
31, 61.144, 341.411



1, 5.284, 333.054

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 22.529, 334.250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

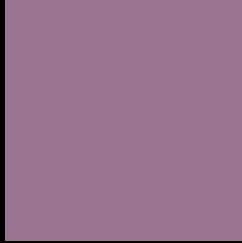
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 22.529, 334.250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

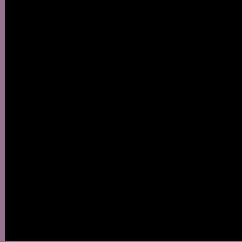
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 22.529, 334.250

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 22.529, 334.250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 22.529, 334.250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 22.529, 334.250

Protanopia

53, 14.501, 286.199

Deuteranopia

53, 11.586, 308.744



Tritanopia
53, 14.770, 0.714

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 22.529, 334.250

Protanomaly
53, 15.795, 308.537

Deuteranomaly
53, 15.445, 321.573

Tritanomaly
53, 17.084, 348.920

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 22.529, 334.250

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 8.712, 333.635

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 22.529, 334.250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 115, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 115, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 115, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 115, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 22.529, 334.250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 115, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 115, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 115, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 115, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 115, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 115,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 22.529, 334.250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 115, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
115, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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