

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 23.926, 160.277)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 23.926, 160.277)
contains.

CIELCh(53, 24.097, 160.264)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(53, 24.097, 160.264)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	578970
RGB	87, 137, 112
RGB Percent	34%, 54%, 44%
CMY	0.6593, 0.4632, 0.5612
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.18, 0.46
HSL	150°, 22%, 44%
HSV	150°, 37%, 54%
XYZ	15.7673, 21.0462, 18.5277
YIQ	119.2000, -21.7750, -18.3750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

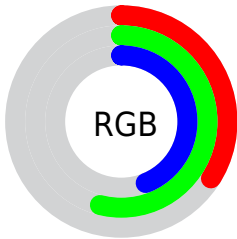
Format	Color
RYB	87, 120, 137
Decimal	5736816
CIELab	53.00, -22.68, 8.14
CIELCh	53, 24.097, 160.264
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2849, 0.3803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283926896 (0xFF578970)
YUV	119.2000, -3.5496, -28.2394
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -18.9340, 8.1682

Details

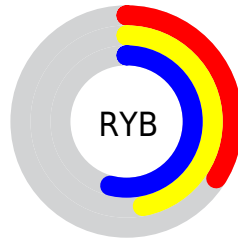
The CIELCh color $53, 24.097, 160.264$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $43, 25.151, 347.058$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 24.106, 160.196$, and $33, 24.287, 159.747$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 30.290, 159.060$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 17.645, 161.335$.

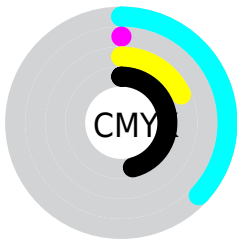
Distribution



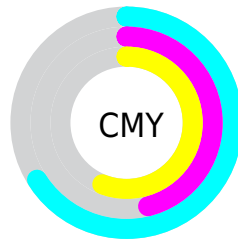
- Red (34%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 24.097, 160.264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 24.097, 160.264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 53, 24.097,
160.264


 53, 24.097,
160.264

 100, 24.097,
160.264

 43, 24.097,
160.264


 73, 24.097,
160.264

 33, 24.097,
160.264

 83, 24.097,
160.264

 23, 24.097,
160.264

 93, 24.097,
160.264

 13, 24.097,
160.264

 3, 24.097, 160.264

 0, 24.097, 160.264

■ 53, 24.097,
160.264

■ 53, 24.097,
160.264

■ 52, 30.290,
159.060

■ 54, 17.645,
161.335

■ 51, 36.116,
157.704

■ 55, 11.034,
162.300

■ 51, 41.473,
156.171

■ 56, 4.354, 163.204

■ 50, 46.280,
154.445

■ 58, 2.320, 343.783

■ 59, 8.929, 344.596

■ 50, 50.491,
152.519

■ 60, 15.430,
345.270

■ 50, 54.147,
150.441

■ 62, 21.791,
345.887

■ 50, 55.375,
149.759

■ 64, 27.993,
346.461

■ 65, 34.023,
346.998

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 24.097, 160.264



43, 25.151, 347.058

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 24.097, 160.264



53, 24.097, 210.264



53, 24.097, 340.264



53, 24.097, 30.264

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 24.098, 160.263



71, 9.125, 162.779



54, 30.168, 127.415



37, 6.108, 162.676



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 24.098, 160.263



67, 35.665, 159.256



54, 17.543, 197.700



29, 3.786, 162.965



48, 54.030, 149.835



1, 1.759, 163.659

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 25.151, 347.058



52, 37.501, 348.095



42, 22.441, 22.608



27, 3.832, 344.341



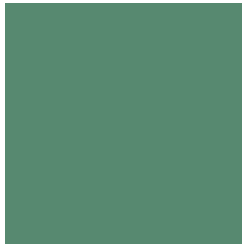
28, 52.277, 0.726



0, 1.760, 343.649

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 24.097, 160.264 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 24.097, 160.264 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

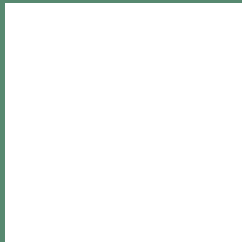
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 24.097, 160.264

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 24.097, 160.264.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 24.097, 160.264.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 24.097, 160.264

Protanopia

53, 11.888, 94.234

Deuteranopia

53, 9.325, 45.697



Tritanopia
53, 14.617, 221.674

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 24.097, 160.264

Protanomaly
53, 13.946, 132.983

Deuteranomaly
52, 7.789, 124.456

Tritanomaly
53, 15.613, 193.567

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 24.097, 160.264

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 9.595, 161.075

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 24.097, 160.264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 137, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 137, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 137, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 137, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 24.097, 160.264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 137, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 137, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 137, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 137, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 137, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 137,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 24.097, 160.264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 137, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 137,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor