

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 26.903, 289.044)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 26.903, 289.044)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 26.660, 288.354)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	757CAA
RGB	117, 124, 170
RGB Percent	46%, 49%, 67%
CMY	0.5418, 0.5143, 0.3339
CMYK	0.31, 0.27, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	232°, 24%, 56%
HSV	232°, 31%, 67%
XYZ	21.7459, 21.0462, 40.8688
YIQ	127.1510, -18.9380, 12.8220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

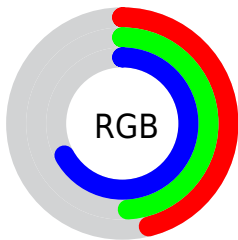
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 123, 170
Decimal	7699626
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, 8.39, -25.30
CIE _{LCh}	53, 26.660, 288.354
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2599, 0.2516
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285889706 (0xFF757CAA)
YUV	127.1510, 21.1246, -8.9024
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 4.3283, -20.7053

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 26.660, 288.354$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $66, 25.310, 100.822$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 26.657, 288.461$, and $33, 27.126, 289.082$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 35.851, 290.169$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 17.801, 286.797$.

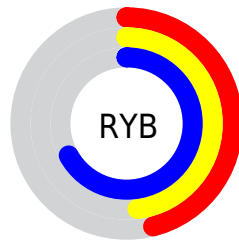
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (49%)

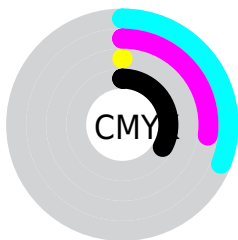
Blue (67%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (67%)

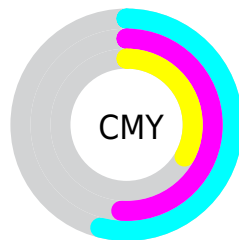


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (54%)


Magenta (51%)


Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 26.660, 288.354 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 26.660, 288.354 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 26.660,
288.354


 53, 26.660,
288.354


 100, 26.660,
288.354


 43, 26.660,
288.354


 73, 26.660,
288.354

 33, 26.660,
288.354

 83, 26.660,
288.354

 23, 26.660,
288.354

 93, 26.660,
288.354

 13, 26.660,
288.354

 3, 26.660, 288.354

 0, 26.660, 288.354

■ 53, 26.660,
288.354

■ 53, 26.660,
288.354

■ 48, 35.851,
290.169

■ 58, 17.801,
286.797

■ 42, 45.396,
292.266

■ 64, 9.250, 285.470

■ 69, 0.983, 284.427

■ 37, 55.286,
294.640

■ 74, 7.022, 103.322

■ 33, 65.418,
297.233

■ 79, 14.781,
102.484

■ 28, 75.480,
299.904


■ 85, 22.309,
101.753

■ 24, 84.790,
302.412

■ 90, 29.619,
101.114

■ 22, 91.570,
304.184

■ 95, 36.722,
100.553

 98, 42.609,
106.924

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 26.660, 288.354



66, 25.310, 100.822

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 26.660, 288.354



53, 26.660, 338.354



53, 26.660, 108.354



53, 26.660, 158.354

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 26.659, 288.354



83, 9.208, 285.226



66, 19.107, 185.888



43, 6.464, 285.395



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 26.659, 288.354



64, 39.750, 289.497



53, 31.594, 306.132



33, 4.625, 285.239



18, 82.060, 303.953



1, 8.495, 285.130

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 22.322, 11.865



67, 33.417, 12.861



67, 29.870, 122.660



33, 3.774, 9.282



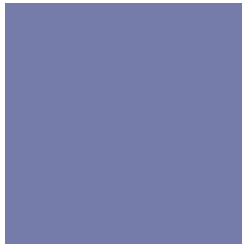
30, 64.119, 33.129



1, 6.676, 10.032

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 26.660, 288.354 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

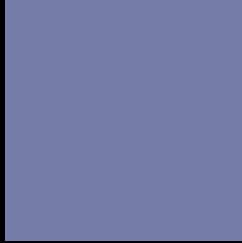
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 26.660, 288.354 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

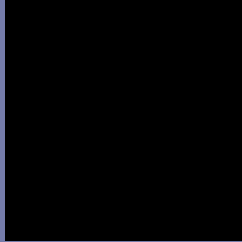
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 26.660, 288.354

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 26.660, 288.354.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 26.660, 288.354.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 26.660, 288.354

Protanopia

53, 26.771, 284.874

Deuteranopia

53, 26.134, 285.991



Tritanopia
53, 9.314, 242.232

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 26.660, 288.354

Protanomaly
53, 26.735, 285.554

Deuteranomaly
53, 26.103, 286.699

Tritanomaly
53, 14.719, 270.633

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 26.660, 288.354

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 9.880, 284.872

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 26.660, 288.354 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 124, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 124, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 124, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 124, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 26.660, 288.354 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 124, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 124, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 124, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 124, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 124, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 124,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 26.660, 288.354 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 124, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
124, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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