

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 28.959, 338.788)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 28.959, 338.788)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 28.867, 338.985)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A46E91
RGB	164, 110, 145
RGB Percent	64%, 43%, 57%
CMY	0.3574, 0.5691, 0.4318
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.12, 0.36
HSL	321°, 23%, 54%
HSV	321°, 33%, 64%
XYZ	25.9486, 21.0462, 29.4336
YIQ	130.1360, 20.9490, 22.3330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

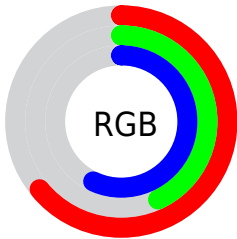
Format	Color
RYB	164, 110, 145
Decimal	10776209
CIELab	53.00, 26.95, -10.35
CIELCh	53, 28.867, 338.985
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3395, 0.2754
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288966289 (0xFFA46E91)
YUV	130.1360, 7.3280, 29.6987
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 20.6804, -5.9265

Details

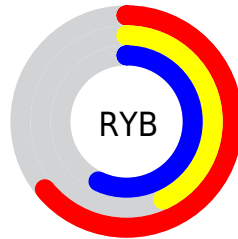
The CIELCh color $53, 28.867, 338.985$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $63, 28.399, 153.698$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 29.164, 338.943$, and $33, 29.075, 338.434$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 37.374, 339.905$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 20.093, 338.143$.

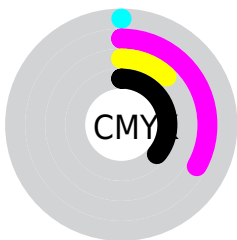
Distribution



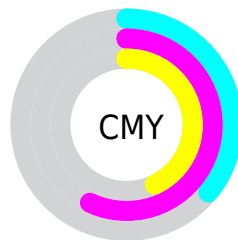
- Red (64%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 28.867, 338.985 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 28.867, 338.985 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 28.867,
338.985


 53, 28.867,
338.985


 100, 28.867,
338.985


 43, 28.867,
338.985


 73, 28.867,
338.985

 33, 28.867,
338.985

 83, 28.867,
338.985

 23, 28.867,
338.985

 93, 28.867,
338.985

 13, 28.867,
338.985

 3, 28.867, 338.985

 0, 28.867, 338.985

■ 53, 28.867,
338.985

■ 53, 28.867,
338.985

■ 49, 37.374,
339.905

■ 57, 20.093,
338.143

■ 46, 45.320,
340.927

■ 62, 11.272,
337.358

■ 42, 52.322,
342.088

■ 66, 2.545, 336.545

■ 40, 57.957,
343.442

■ 71, 6.001, 156.045

■ 38, 61.846,
345.066

■ 75, 14.317,
155.386


■ 36, 63.788,
347.053

■ 80, 22.381,
154.788

■ 36, 64.405,
348.632

■ 84, 30.189,
154.232

■ 89, 37.745,
153.710

 93, 43.700,
153.673

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 28.867, 338.985



63, 28.399, 153.698

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 28.867, 338.985



53, 28.867, 28.985



53, 28.867, 158.985



53, 28.867, 208.985

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 28.865, 338.986



80, 10.805, 337.147



50, 32.422, 305.694



41, 7.366, 337.249



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 28.865, 338.986



64, 43.386, 339.696



52, 23.020, 10.741



32, 4.894, 337.076



31, 59.096, 348.355



1, 7.250, 339.072

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 28.865, 338.986



64, 43.386, 339.696



64, 19.669, 184.324



32, 4.894, 337.076



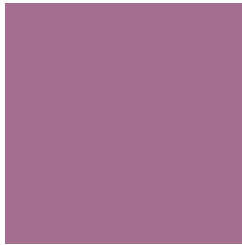
31, 59.096, 348.355



1, 7.250, 339.072

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 28.867, 338.985 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

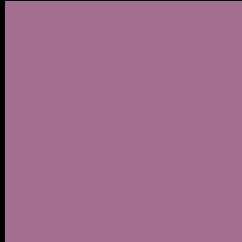
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 28.867, 338.985 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

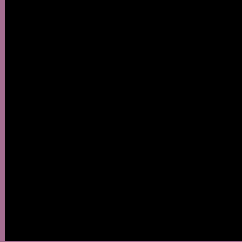
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 28.867, 338.985

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 28.867, 338.985.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 28.867, 338.985.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
53, 28.867, 338.985

Protanopia
53, 16.855, 284.931

Deuteranopia
53, 10.907, 307.692



Tritanopia
53, 20.057, 7.038

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 28.867, 338.985

Protanomaly
53, 19.027, 310.548

Deuteranomaly
53, 16.961, 326.457

Tritanomaly
53, 22.229, 354.609

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 28.867, 338.985

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 10.246, 338.125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 28.867, 338.985 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 110, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 110, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 110, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 110, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 28.867, 338.985 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 110, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 110, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 110, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 110, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 110, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 110,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 28.867, 338.985 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 110, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
110, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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