

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 3.770, 217.524)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 3.770, 217.524) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 3.656, 217.652)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	778082
RGB	119, 128, 130
RGB Percent	47%, 50%, 51%
CMY	0.5325, 0.4972, 0.4894
CMYK	0.08, 0.02, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	191°, 4%, 49%
HSV	191°, 8%, 51%
XYZ	19.4254, 21.0462, 24.2307
YIQ	125.5370, -6.0060, -1.2860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

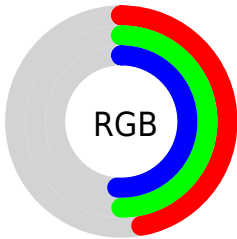
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 124, 130
Decimal	7831682
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, -2.89, -2.23
CIE _{LCh}	53, 3.656, 217.652
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3002, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286021762 (0xFF778082)
YUV	125.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -4.7008, 0.7977

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 3.656, 217.652$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 3.847, 37.179$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 3.797, 215.890$, and $33, 3.548, 219.890$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 7.774, 217.870$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 0.684, 36.762$.

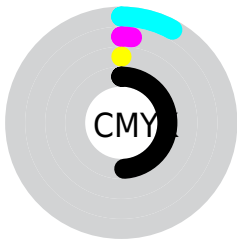
Distribution



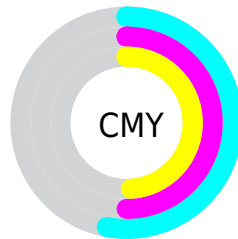
- Red (47%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 3.656, 217.652 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 3.656, 217.652 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 3.656, 217.652

■ 53, 3.656, 217.652

■ 100, 3.656,
217.652

■ 43, 3.656, 217.652

■ 73, 3.656, 217.652

■ 33, 3.656, 217.652

■ 83, 3.656, 217.652

■ 23, 3.656, 217.652

■ 93, 3.656, 217.652

■ 13, 3.656, 217.652

■ 3, 3.656, 217.652

■ 0, 3.656, 217.652

■ 53, 3.656, 217.652

■ 53, 3.656, 217.652

■ 51, 7.774, 217.870

■ 55, 0.684, 36.762

■ 50, 11.613,

■ 57, 5.196, 37.187

218.305

58, 9.838, 37.216

48, 15.110,
218.944

60, 14.572, 37.278

47, 18.202,
219.829

62, 19.369, 37.376

46, 20.831,
221.016

64, 24.206, 37.503

44, 22.954,
222.569

68, 33.928, 37.816

43, 24.549,
224.558

70, 38.786, 37.990

42, 25.633,
227.052

41, 26.359,
229.963

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 3.656, 217.652



52, 3.847, 37.179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 3.656, 217.652



53, 3.656, 267.652



53, 3.656, 37.652



53, 3.656, 87.652

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 3.656, 217.630



68, 1.622, 217.710



53, 6.912, 148.911



35, 1.222, 217.666



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 3.656, 217.630



67, 5.314, 217.655



51, 4.474, 272.214



27, 2.473, 217.638



41, 26.450, 230.404



0, 0.606, 217.383

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 6.858, 330.359



64, 10.022, 330.470



53, 4.472, 90.081



26, 4.648, 330.403



29, 61.121, 336.753



0, 1.106, 329.892

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 3.656, 217.652 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

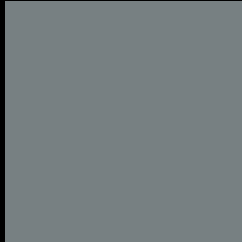
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 3.656, 217.652 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

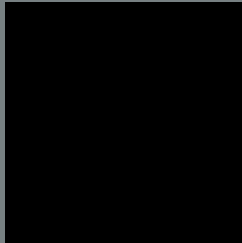
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

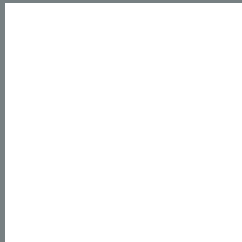
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 3.656, 217.652

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 3.656, 217.652.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 3.656, 217.652.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

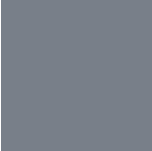
53, 3.656, 217.652

Protanopia

53, 1.922, 314.697

Deuteranopia

53, 6.963, 338.569



Tritanopia
53, 6.315, 266.004

Trichromacy



Original Color

53, 3.656, 217.652

Protanomaly

53, 1.392, 255.975

Deuteranomaly

53, 4.018, 319.958

Tritanomaly

53, 5.299, 260.426

Monochromacy



Original Color

53, 3.656, 217.652

Achromatopsia

53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

53, 1.309, 225.847

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 3.656, 217.652 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 128, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 128, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 128, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 128, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 3.656, 217.652 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 128, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 128, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 128, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 128, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 128, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 128,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 3.656, 217.652 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 128, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
128, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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