

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 3.862, 3.392)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 3.862, 3.392) contains.

CIELCh(53, 4.194, 3.824)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(53, 4.194, 3.824)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	867C7E
RGB	134, 124, 126
RGB Percent	53%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.4739, 0.5131, 0.5053
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.06, 0.47
HSL	348°, 4%, 51%
HSV	348°, 7%, 53%
XYZ	20.8601, 21.0462, 22.7545
YIQ	127.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

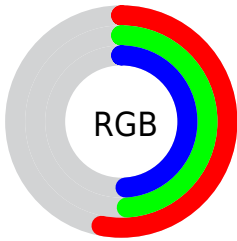
Format	Color
R _Y B	134, 124, 126
Decimal	8813694
CIE Lab	53.00, 4.18, 0.28
CIE LCh	53, 4.194, 3.824
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3226, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287003774 (0xFF867C7E)
YUV	127.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 0.8815, 2.7056

Details

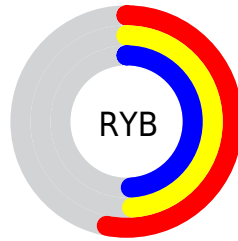
The CIELCh color $53, 4.194, 3.824$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $55, 4.074, 182.722$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 4.461, 358.318$, and $33, 4.160, 2.436$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 10.066, 4.903$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 1.390, 183.332$.

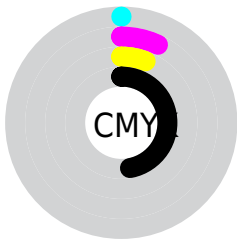
Distribution



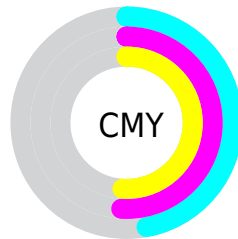
- Red (53%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 4.194, 3.824 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 4.194, 3.824 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 4.194, 3.824

■ 53, 4.194, 3.824

■ 100, 4.194, 3.824

■ 43, 4.194, 3.824

■ 73, 4.194, 3.824

■ 33, 4.194, 3.824

■ 83, 4.194, 3.824

■ 23, 4.194, 3.824

■ 93, 4.194, 3.824

■ 13, 4.194, 3.824

■ 3, 4.194, 3.824

■ 0, 4.194, 3.824

■ 53, 4.194, 3.824

■ 53, 4.194, 3.824

■ 49, 10.066, 4.903

■ 57, 1.390, 183.332

■ 45, 16.203, 6.115

■ 61, 6.680, 182.358

42, 22.540, 7.562

65, 11.687,
181.664

38, 28.961, 9.330

69, 16.432,
181.059

35, 35.292, 11.527

32, 41.311, 14.285

73, 20.937,
180.517

30, 46.786, 17.742

77, 25.224,
180.028

28, 51.564, 21.984

27, 55.790, 26.755

82, 29.316,
179.582

86, 33.233,
179.174

90, 36.993,
178.799

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 4.194, 3.824



55, 4.074, 182.722

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 4.194, 3.824



53, 4.194, 53.824



53, 4.194, 183.824



53, 4.194, 233.824

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 4.193, 3.838



70, 1.370, 3.108



53, 6.619, 319.104



36, 0.775, 3.070



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 4.193, 3.838



66, 6.270, 4.021



54, 3.305, 50.974



26, 3.155, 4.012



26, 55.567, 27.686



0, 0.739, 3.262

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 4.193, 3.838



66, 6.270, 4.021



54, 3.183, 232.199



26, 3.155, 4.012



26, 55.567, 27.686



0, 0.739, 3.262

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 4.194, 3.824 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

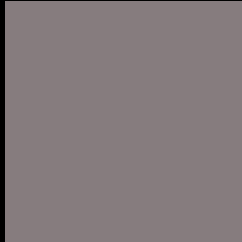
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 4.194, 3.824 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

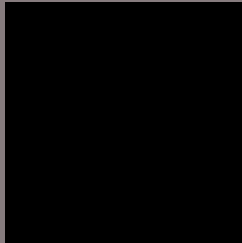
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 4.194, 3.824

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 4.194, 3.824.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 4.194, 3.824.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 4.194, 3.824

Protanopia

53, 1.337, 353.642

Deuteranopia

53, 6.707, 5.200



Tritanopia
53, 7.513, 329.879

Trichromacy



Original Color

53, 4.194, 3.824

Protanomaly

53, 2.674, 353.968

Deuteranomaly

53, 5.919, 3.038

Tritanomaly

53, 6.671, 336.230

Monochromacy



Original Color

53, 4.194, 3.824

Achromatopsia

53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

53, 1.705, 359.578

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 4.194, 3.824 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 124, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 124, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 124, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 124, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 4.194, 3.824 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 124, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 124, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 124, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 124, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 124, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 124,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 4.194, 3.824 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 124, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
124, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor