

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 31.538, 227.961)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 31.538, 227.961)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 31.540, 228.469)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	028AA6
RGB	2, 138, 166
RGB Percent	1%, 54%, 65%
CMY	0.9911, 0.4576, 0.3478
CMYK	0.99, 0.17, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	190°, 97%, 33%
HSV	190°, 99%, 65%
XYZ	16.0740, 21.0462, 39.4468
YIQ	100.5280, -90.0440, -20.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

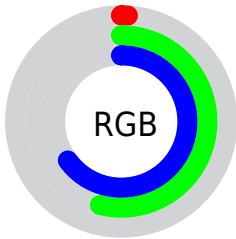
Format	Color
RYB	2, 76, 166
Decimal	166566
CIELab	53.00, -20.91, -23.61
CIELCh	53, 31.540, 228.469
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2099, 0.2749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278356646 (0xFF028AA6)
YUV	100.5280, 32.2777, -86.4091
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -17.7408, -18.8675

Details

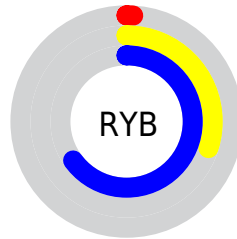
The CIELCh color **53, 31.540, 228.469** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **36, 71.788, 42.589**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 31.473, 227.950**, and **34, 24.533, 239.579** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 31.626, 228.877**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 30.872, 225.513**.

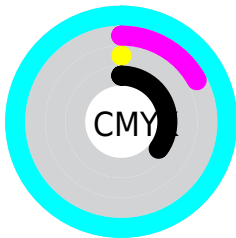
Distribution



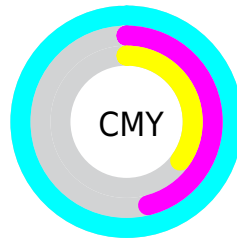
- Red (1%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 31.540, 228.469 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 31.540, 228.469 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 31.540,
228.469


 53, 31.540,
228.469


 100, 31.540,
228.469


 43, 31.540,
228.469


 73, 31.540,
228.469

 33, 31.540,
228.469

 83, 31.540,
228.469

 23, 31.540,
228.469

 93, 31.540,
228.469

 13, 31.540,
228.469

 3, 31.540, 228.469

 0, 31.540, 228.469

■ 53, 31.540,
228.469

■ 53, 31.540,
228.469

■ 53, 31.626,
228.877

■ 54, 30.872,
225.513

■ 55, 29.711,
223.038

■ 56, 27.904,
221.073

■ 58, 25.426,
219.550

■ 59, 22.297,
218.398

■ 61, 18.571,
217.552

■ 63, 14.324,
216.954

■ 65, 9.637, 216.561

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 31.540, 228.469



36, 71.788, 42.589

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 31.540, 228.469



53, 31.540, 278.469



53, 31.540, 48.469



53, 31.540, 98.469

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 31.539, 228.469



79, 18.484, 217.052



59, 82.352, 138.180



41, 12.512, 217.284



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 31.539, 228.469



68, 38.534, 229.559



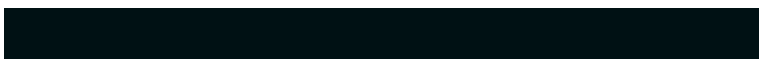
29, 69.408, 295.875



35, 3.033, 216.367



47, 29.010, 228.523



4, 5.500, 222.531

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 73.373, 336.236



49, 89.360, 336.530



51, 59.525, 76.176



33, 5.713, 330.052



33, 67.548, 336.258



2, 9.963, 331.446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 31.540, 228.469 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 31.540, 228.469 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

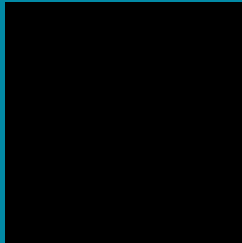
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 31.540, 228.469

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 31.540, 228.469.

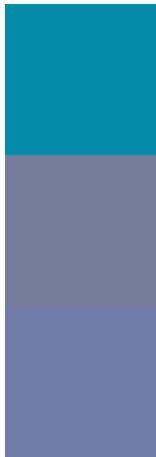


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 31.540, 228.469.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 31.504, 228.511

Protanopia

53, 18.058, 284.501

Deuteranopia

53, 26.739, 286.271



Tritanopia
53, 30.963, 208.673

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 31.504, 228.511



Protanomaly
52, 23.410, 246.886



Deuteranomaly
52, 27.625, 256.465



Tritanomaly
53, 30.742, 216.919

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 31.504, 228.511



Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
45, 17.622, 217.651

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 31.540, 228.469 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 138, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 138, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 138, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 138, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 31.540, 228.469 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 138, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 138, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 138, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 138, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 138, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 138,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 31.540, 228.469 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 138, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 138,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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