

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 39.145, 281.974)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 39.145, 281.974)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 39.265, 282.081)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F7DC0
RGB	95, 125, 192
RGB Percent	37%, 49%, 75%
CMY	0.6258, 0.5083, 0.2454
CMYK	0.50, 0.35, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	221°, 44%, 56%
HSV	221°, 50%, 75%
XYZ	21.7082, 21.0462, 53.0348
YIQ	123.6680, -39.3870, 14.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

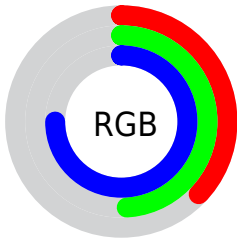
Format	Color
R _Y B	95, 118, 192
Decimal	6258112
CIE Lab	53.00, 8.22, -38.40
CIE LCh	53, 39.265, 282.081
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2266, 0.2197
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284448192 (0xFF5F7DC0)
YUV	123.6680, 33.6877, -25.1418
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 4.1815, -36.4285

Details

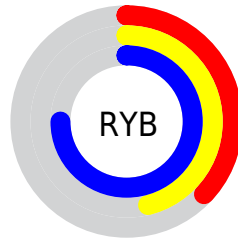
The CIELCh color **53, 39.265, 282.081** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **68, 38.790, 86.474**, and the grayscale version is **52, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 39.586, 282.178**, and **33, 38.940, 281.805** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 47.598, 284.828**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 31.143, 279.695**.

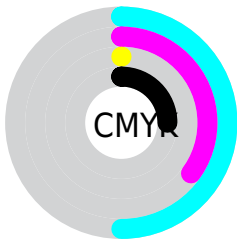
Distribution



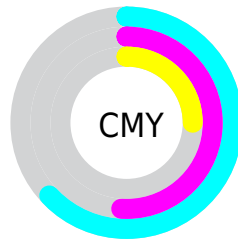
- Red (37%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 39.265, 282.081 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 39.265, 282.081 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 39.265,
282.081

■ 53, 39.265,
282.081

■ 100, 39.265,
282.081

■ 43, 39.265,
282.081

■ 73, 39.265,
282.081

■ 33, 39.265,
282.081

■ 83, 39.265,
282.081

■ 23, 39.265,
282.081

■ 93, 39.265,
282.081

■ 13, 39.265,
282.081

■ 3, 39.265, 282.081

■ 0, 39.265, 282.081

■ 53, 39.265,
282.081

■ 53, 39.265,
282.081

■ 48, 47.598,
284.828

■ 58, 31.143,
279.695

■ 44, 56.173,
287.923

■ 63, 23.205,
277.644

■ 39, 64.989,
291.298

■ 68, 15.428,
275.891

■ 35, 73.945,
294.804

■ 73, 7.799, 274.399

■ 78, 0.310, 273.780

■ 32, 82.438,
298.006

■ 83, 7.040, 91.929

■ 88, 14.254, 90.974

■ 92, 21.333, 90.130

■ 96, 27.013,
100.012

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 39.265, 282.081



68, 38.790, 86.474

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 39.265, 282.081



53, 39.265, 332.081



53, 39.265, 102.081



53, 39.265, 152.081

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 39.264, 282.082



89, 13.956, 275.089



72, 36.649, 169.363



46, 9.538, 275.410



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 39.264, 282.082



62, 58.493, 284.988



46, 57.598, 302.294



38, 4.269, 274.259



26, 71.124, 297.532



3, 15.386, 280.946

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 42.069, 2.051



63, 61.328, 4.485



75, 50.720, 113.920



38, 4.539, 356.169



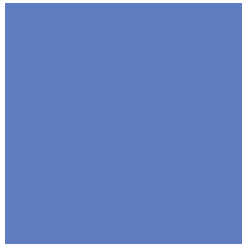
33, 61.614, 19.641



3, 14.649, 3.034

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 39.265, 282.081 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 39.265, 282.081 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

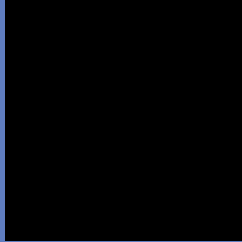
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

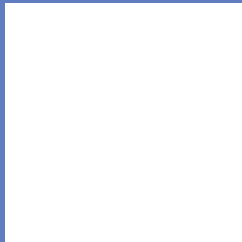
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 39.265, 282.081

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 39.265, 282.081.

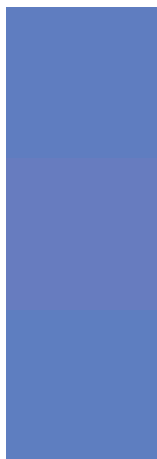


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 39.265, 282.081.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 39.265, 282.081

Protanopia

53, 38.956, 285.584

Deuteranopia

53, 38.763, 280.978



Tritanopia
53, 19.040, 217.471

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 39.265, 282.081

Protanomaly
53, 39.053, 283.961

Deuteranomaly
53, 38.715, 281.347

Tritanomaly
53, 22.489, 251.918

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 39.265, 282.081

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 14.359, 275.923

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 39.265, 282.081 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 125, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 125, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 125, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 125, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 39.265, 282.081 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 125, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 125, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 125, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 125, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 125, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 125,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 39.265, 282.081 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 125, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 125,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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