

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 4.173, 229.874)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(53, 4.173, 229.874) contains.

<b>CIELCh(53, 4.129, 233.344)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(53, 4.129, 233.344)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	778084
RGB	119, 128, 132
RGB Percent	47%, 50%, 52%
CMY	0.5331, 0.4978, 0.4821
CMYK	0.10, 0.03, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	198°, 5%, 49%
HSV	198°, 10%, 52%
XYZ	19.5105, 21.0462, 24.8837
YIQ	125.7650, -6.6480, -0.6640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

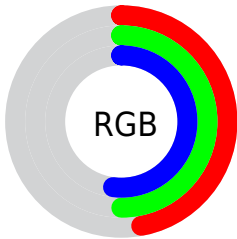
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	119, 124, 132
Decimal	7831684
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.00, -2.47, -3.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 4.129, 233.344
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2981, 0.3216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286021764 (0xFF778084)
YUV	125.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -4.3696, -0.0462

# Details

The CIELCh color  $53, 4.129, 233.344$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $52, 4.340, 51.763$ , and the grayscale version is  $53, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $73, 4.204, 230.406$ , and  $33, 4.112, 236.982$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $51, 8.147, 234.229$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $55, 0.064, 46.685$ .

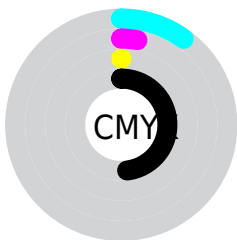
# Distribution



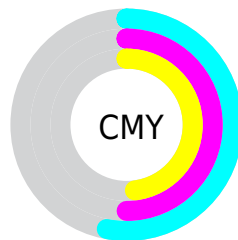
- Red (47%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 4.129, 233.344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 4.129, 233.344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53, 4.129, 233.344

■ 53, 4.129, 233.344

■ 100, 4.129,  
233.344

■ 43, 4.129, 233.344

■ 73, 4.129, 233.344

■ 33, 4.129, 233.344

■ 83, 4.129, 233.344

■ 23, 4.129, 233.344

■ 93, 4.129, 233.344

■ 13, 4.129, 233.344

■ 3, 4.129, 233.344

■ 0, 4.129, 233.344

■ 53, 4.129, 233.344

■ 53, 4.129, 233.344

■ 51, 8.147, 234.229

■ 55, 0.064, 46.685

■ 49, 11.947,

■ 57, 4.392, 51.792

235.406

60, 8.822, 51.354

47, 15.485,  
236.893

62, 13.326, 50.984

45, 18.714,  
238.755

64, 17.882, 50.683

43, 21.601,  
241.072

67, 22.469, 50.441

41, 24.128,  
243.925

72, 31.680, 50.088

39, 26.307,  
247.383

74, 36.283, 49.960

38, 28.192,  
251.478

36, 29.973,  
255.886

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 4.129, 233.344



52, 4.340, 51.763

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 4.129, 233.344



53, 4.129, 283.344



53, 4.129, 53.344



53, 4.129, 103.344

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 4.129, 233.324



69, 1.575, 232.987



54, 7.398, 153.653



36, 1.201, 232.987



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 4.129, 233.324



67, 6.182, 233.518



51, 6.124, 281.555



27, 2.377, 233.271



36, 29.651, 255.869



0, 0.579, 232.506





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 7.396, 335.211



64, 11.147, 335.383



54, 6.054, 99.311



26, 4.249, 335.160



28, 56.059, 344.787



0, 1.010, 334.590



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 4.129, 233.344 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 4.129, 233.344 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

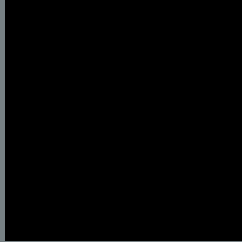
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

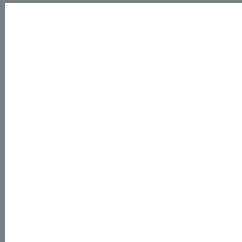
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 53, 4.129, 233.344

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 4.129, 233.344.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 4.129, 233.344.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

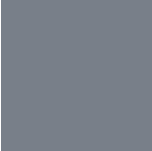
53, 4.129, 233.344

### Protanopia

53, 2.930, 298.242

### Deuteranopia

53, 7.770, 332.186



**Tritanopia**  
53, 6.315, 266.004



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53, 4.129, 233.344

## Protanomaly

53, 2.578, 263.489

## Deuteranomaly

53, 5.055, 313.527

## Tritanomaly

53, 5.299, 260.426

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53, 4.129, 233.344

## Achromatopsia

53, 0.007, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

53, 1.668, 219.803

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 4.129, 233.344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 128, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 128, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 128, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 128, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 4.129, 233.344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 128, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 128, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 128, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 128, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 128, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 128,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 4.129, 233.344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 128, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
128, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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